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NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

 Heading of the Part: Standards for the Management of Specific Hazardous Waste and Specific Types of Hazardous Waste Management Facilities

2) Code Citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726

3)	Section Numbers:	<u>Proposed Actions</u> :
	726.202	Amendment
	726.203	Amendment
	726.212	Amendment
	726.Appendix G	Amendment
	726.Table A	Amendment

4) Statutory Authority: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27

A Complete Description of Subjects and Issues Involved: The amendments to Part 726 are a single segment of the docket R16-7 rulemaking that also affects 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, 720, 721, 722, 724, 725, 727, 728, and 733, each of which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the *Illinois Register*. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the docket R16-7 rulemaking in this issue of the *Illinois Register* only in the answer to question 5 is stated in the Notice of Adopted Amendments for 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of March 3, 2016, proposing amendments in docket R16-7, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

Specifically, the amendments to Part 726 are corrections and clarifying amendments that are not directly derived from the instant federal amendments. This includes corrections submitted by USEPA as a result of review of the rules for the purpose of authorization of the Illinois RCRA Subtitle C program.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of March 3, 2016 in docket R16-7 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the March 3, 2016 opinion and order in docket R16-7.

Section 22.4 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.4] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is

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not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

- 6) Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this rulemaking: None
- 7) Will this rulemaking replace any emergency rule currently in effect? No
- 8) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date? No
- 9) Does this rulemaking contain incorporations by reference? No
- 10) Are there any other rulemakings pending on this Part? No
- 11) <u>Statement of Statewide Policy Objective</u>: These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- Time, Place and Manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed rulemaking: The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference docket R16-7 and be addressed to:

John T. Therriault, Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference docket R16-7:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago IL 60601

312/814-6924

e-mail: michael.mccambridge@illinois.gov

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Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312/814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at http://www.ipcb.state.il.us.

13) Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis:

- A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations affected: This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations that generate, transport, treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- B) Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance: The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, waste analyses and maintenance of operating records. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- C) Types of professional skills necessary for compliance: Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- 14) Regulatory Agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized: December 4, 2015, 39 Ill. Reg. 15637-39.

The full text of the Proposed Amendments begins on the next page:

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TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER c: HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

PART 726

STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SPECIFIC HAZARDOUS WASTE AND SPECIFIC TYPES OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

SUBPART A: GENERAL

Section	
726.102	Electronic Reporting
	SUBPART C: RECYCLABLE MATERIALS USED IN A MANNER CONSTITUTING DISPOSAL
Section	
726.120	Applicability
726.121	Standards Applicable to Generators and Transporters of Materials Used in a Manner that Constitutes Disposal
726.122	Standards Applicable to Storers, Who Are Not the Ultimate Users, of Material that Are To Be Used in a manner that Constitutes Disposal
726.123	Standards Applicable to Users of Materials that Are Used in a Manner that Constitutes Disposal
SU	BPART D: HAZARDOUS WASTE BURNED FOR ENERGY RECOVERY
Section	
726.130	Applicability (Repealed)
726.131	Prohibitions (Repealed)
726.132	Standards applicable to generators of hazardous waste fuel (Repealed)
726.133	Standards applicable to transporters of hazardous waste fuel (Repealed)
726.134	Standards applicable to marketers of hazardous waste fuel (Repealed)
726.135	Standards applicable to burners of hazardous waste fuel (Repealed)
726.136	Conditional exemption for spent materials and by-products exhibiting a

characteristic of hazardous waste (Repealed)

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SUBPART E: USED OIL BURNED FOR ENERGY RECOVERY

Section	
726.140	Applicability (Repealed)
726.141	Prohibitions (Repealed)
726.142	Standards applicable to generators of used oil burned for energy recovery
	(Repealed)
726.143	Standards applicable to marketers of used oil burned for energy recovery (Repealed)
726.144	Standards applicable to burners of used oil burned for energy recovery (Repealed)
	SUBPART F: RECYCLABLE MATERIALS UTILIZED FOR PRECIOUS METAL RECOVERY
Section	
726.170	Applicability and Requirements
	SUBPART G: SPENT LEAD-ACID BATTERIES BEING RECLAIMED
Section	
726.180	Applicability and Requirements
	SUBPART H: HAZARDOUS WASTE BURNED IN BOILERS AND INDUSTRIAL FURNACES
Section	
726.200	Applicability
726.201	Management Prior to Burning
726.202	Permit Standards for Burners
726.203	Interim Status Standards for Burners
726.204	Standards to Control Organic Emissions
726.205	Standards to Control PM
726.206	Standards to Control Metals Emissions
726.207	Standards to Control HCl and Chlorine Gas Emissions
726.208	Small Quantity On-Site Burner Exemption
726.209	Low Risk Waste Exemption
726.210	Waiver of DRE Trial Burn for Boilers
726.211	Standards for Direct Transfer
726 212	Regulation of Residues

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726.219	Extensions	of Time

SUBPART M: MILITARY MUNITIONS

Section	
726.300	Applicability
726.301	Definitions
726.302	Definition of Solid Waste
726.303	Standards Applicable to the Transportation of Solid Waste Military Munitions
726.304	Standards Applicable to Emergency Responses
726.305	Standards Applicable to the Storage of Solid Waste Military Munitions
726.306	Standards Applicable to the Treatment and Disposal of Waste Military Munitions
SUBI	PART N: CONDITIONAL EXEMPTION FOR LOW-LEVEL MIXED WASTE
	STORAGE, TREATMENT, TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL
Section	
726.310	Definitions
726.320	Storage and Treatment Conditional Exemption
726.325	Wastes Eligible for a Storage and Treatment Conditional Exemption for
	Low-Level Mixed Waste
726.330	Conditions to Qualify for and Maintain a Storage and Treatment Conditional
	Exemption
726.335	Treatment Allowed by a Storage and Treatment Conditional Exemption
726.340	Loss of a Storage and Treatment Conditional Exemption and Required Action
726.345	Reclaiming a Lost Storage and Treatment Conditional Exemption
726.350	Recordkeeping for a Storage and Treatment Conditional Exemption
726.355	Waste No Longer Eligible for a Storage and Treatment Conditional Exemption
726.360	Applicability of Closure Requirements to Storage Units
726.405	Transportation and Disposal Conditional Exemption
726.410	Wastes Eligible for a Transportation and Disposal Conditional Exemption
726.415	Conditions to Qualify for and Maintain a Transportation and Disposal Conditional
	Exemption
726.420	Treatment Standards for Eligible Waste
726.425	Applicability of the Manifest and Transportation Condition
726.430	Effectiveness of a Transportation and Disposal Exemption
726.435	Disposal of Exempted Waste
726.440	Containers Used for Disposal of Exempted Waste
726.445	Notification

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726.450	Recordkeeping for a Transportation and Disposal Conditional Exemption		
726.455	Loss of a Transportation and Disposal Conditional Exemption and Required		
	Action		
726.460	Reclaiming a Lost Transportation and Disposal Conditional Exemption		
726.APPEND	IX A	Tier I and Tier II Feed Rate and Emissions Screening Limits for Metals	
726.APPEND	IX B	Tier I Feed Rate Screening Limits for Total Chlorine	
726.APPEND	IX C	Tier II Emission Rate Screening Limits for Free Chlorine and Hydrogen Chloride	
726.APPEND	IX D	Reference Air Concentrations	
726.APPEND	IX E	Risk-Specific Doses	
726.APPEND	IX F	Stack Plume Rise	
726.APPEND	IX G	Health-Based Limits for Exclusion of Waste-Derived Residues	
726.APPEND	IX H	Potential PICs for Determination of Exclusion of Waste-Derived Residues	
726.APPEND	IX I	Methods Manual for Compliance with BIF Regulations	
726.APPEND	ÌX J	Guideline on Air Quality Models (Repealed)	
726.APPEND	IX K	Lead-Bearing Materials that May be Processed in Exempt Lead Smelters	
726.APPEND	IX L	Nickel or Chromium-Bearing Materials that May Be Processed in Exempt Nickel-Chromium Recovery Furnaces	
726.APPEND	IX M	Mercury-Bearing Wastes that May Be Processed in Exempt Mercury Recovery Units	
726.TABLE A	ζ	Exempt Quantities for Small Quantity Burner Exemption	

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 7.2 and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4 and 27].

SOURCE: Adopted in R85-22 at 10 Ill. Reg. 1162, effective January 2, 1986; amended in R86-1 at 10 Ill. Reg. 14156, effective August 12, 1986; amended in R87-26 at 12 Ill. Reg. 2900, effective January 15, 1988; amended in R89-1 at 13 Ill. Reg. 18606, effective November 13, 1989; amended in R90-2 at 14 Ill. Reg. 14533, effective August 22, 1990; amended in R90-11 at 15 Ill. Reg. 9727, effective June 17, 1991; amended in R91-13 at 16 Ill. Reg. 9858, effective June 9, 1992; amended in R92-10 at 17 Ill. Reg. 5865, effective March 26, 1993; amended in R93-4 at 17 Ill. Reg. 20904, effective November 22, 1993; amended in R94-7 at 18 Ill. Reg. 12500, effective July 29, 1994; amended in R95-4/R95-6 at 19 Ill. Reg. 10006, effective June 27, 1995; amended in R95-20 at 20 Ill. Reg. 11263, effective August 1, 1996; amended in

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R96-10/R97-3/R97-5 at 22 III. Reg. 754, effective December 16, 1997; amended in R97-21/R98-3/R98-5 at 22 III. Reg. 18042, effective September 28, 1998; amended in R99-15 at 23 III. Reg. 9482, effective July 26, 1999; amended in R00-13 at 24 III. Reg. 9853, effective June 20, 2000; amended in R02-1/R02-12/R02-17 at 26 III. Reg. 6667, effective April 22, 2002; amended in R03-7 at 27 III. Reg. 4200, effective February 14, 2003; amended in R03-18 at 27 III. Reg. 12916, effective July 17, 2003; amended in R06-5/R06-6/R06-7 at 30 III. Reg. 3700, effective February 23, 2006; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 III. Reg. 1096, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R07-5/R07-14 at 32 III. Reg. 12741, effective July 14, 2008; amended in R11-2/R11-16 at 35 III. Reg. 18117, effective October 14, 2011; amended in R13-5 at 37 III. Reg. 3249, effective March 4, 2013; amended in R13-15 at 37 III. Reg. 17888, effective October 24, 2013; amended in R16-7 at 40 III. Reg. __________, effective

SUBPART H: HAZARDOUS WASTE BURNED IN BOILERS AND INDUSTRIAL FURNACES

Section 726.202 Permit Standards for Burners

- a) Applicability.
 - of this Section and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208 and 703.232, unless exempt pursuant to the small quantity burner exemption of Section 726.208.
 - 2) Applicability of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 standards. An owner or operator of a BIF that burns hazardous waste is subject to the following provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, except as provided otherwise by this Subpart H:
 - A) In Subpart A (General), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.104;
 - B) In Subpart B (General facility standards), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.111 through 724.118;
 - In Subpart C (Preparedness and prevention), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.131 through 724.137;

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R96-10/R97-3/R97-5 at 22 III. Reg. 754, effective December 16, 1997; amended in R97-21/R98-3/R98-5 at 22 III. Reg. 18042, effective September 28, 1998; amended in R99-15 at 23 III. Reg. 9482, effective July 26, 1999; amended in R00-13 at 24 III. Reg. 9853, effective June 20, 2000; amended in R02-1/R02-12/R02-17 at 26 III. Reg. 6667, effective April 22, 2002; amended in R03-7 at 27 III. Reg. 4200, effective February 14, 2003; amended in R03-18 at 27 III. Reg. 12916, effective July 17, 2003; amended in R06-5/R06-6/R06-7 at 30 III. Reg. 3700, effective February 23, 2006; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 III. Reg. 1096, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R07-5/R07-14 at 32 III. Reg. 12741, effective July 14, 2008; amended in R11-2/R11-16 at 35 III. Reg. 18117, effective October 14, 2011; amended in R13-5 at 37 III. Reg. 3249, effective March 4, 2013; amended in R13-15 at 37 III. Reg. 17888, effective October 24, 2013; amended in R16-7 at 40 III. Reg. _________, effective

SUBPART H: HAZARDOUS WASTE BURNED IN BOILERS AND INDUSTRIAL FURNACES

Section 726.202 Permit Standards for Burners

- a) Applicability.
 - 1) General. An owner or operator of a BIF that burns hazardous waste and which does not operate under interim status must comply with the requirements of this Section and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208 and 703.232, unless exempt pursuant to the small quantity burner exemption of Section 726.208.
 - 2) Applicability of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 standards. An owner or operator of a BIF that burns hazardous waste is subject to the following provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, except as provided otherwise by this Subpart H:
 - A) In Subpart A (General), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.104;
 - B) In Subpart B (General facility standards), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.111 through 724.118;
 - In Subpart C (Preparedness and prevention), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.131 through 724.137;

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- In Subpart D (Contingency plan and emergency procedures), 35 Ill.
 Adm. Code 724.151 through 724.156;
- E) In Subpart E (Manifest system, recordkeeping and reporting), the applicable provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.171 through 724.177;
- F) In Subpart F (Releases from Solid Waste Management Units), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.190 and 724.201;
- G) In Subpart G (Closure and post-closure), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.211 through 724.215;
- H) In Subpart H (Financial requirements), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.241, 724.242, 724.243, and 724.247 through 724.251, except that the State of Illinois and the federal government are exempt from the requirements of Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724; and
- Subpart BB (Air emission standards for equipment leaks), except 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.950(a).
- Hazardous waste analysis.
 - The owner or operator must provide an analysis of the hazardous waste 1) that quantifies the concentration of any constituent identified in Appendix H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that is reasonably expected to be in the waste. Such constituents must be identified and quantified if present, at levels detectable by using appropriate analytical methods. The constituents listed in Appendix H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that are excluded from this analysis must be identified and the basis for their exclusion explained. This analysis must provide all information required by this Subpart H and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208 and 703.232 and must enable the Agency to prescribe such permit conditions as are necessary to adequately protect human health and the environment. Such analysis must be included as a portion of the Part B permit application, or, for facilities operating under the interim status standards of this Subpart H, as a portion of the trial burn plan that may be submitted before the Part B application pursuant to provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232(g), as well as any other analysis

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required by the Agency. The owner or operator of a BIF not operating under the interim status standards must provide the information required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208 and 703.232 in the Part B application to the greatest extent possible.

- 2) Throughout normal operation, the owner or operator must conduct sampling and analysis as necessary to ensure that the hazardous waste, other fuels, and industrial furnace feedstocks fired into the BIF are within the physical and chemical composition limits specified in the permit.
- c) Emissions standards. An owner or operator must comply with emissions standards provided by Sections 726.204 through 726.207.
- d) Permits.
 - 1) The owner or operator must burn only hazardous wastes specified in the facility permit and only under the operating conditions specified pursuant to subsection (e) of this Section, except in approved trial burns under the conditions specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232.
 - 2) Hazardous wastes not specified in the permit must not be burned until operating conditions have been specified under a new permit or permit modification, as applicable. Operating requirements for new wastes must be based on either trial burn results or alternative data included with Part B of a permit application pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208.
 - BIFs operating under the interim status standards of Section 726.203 are permitted pursuant to procedures provided by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232(g).
 - 4) A permit for a new BIF (those BIFs not operating under the interim status standards) must establish appropriate conditions for each of the applicable requirements of this Section, including but not limited to allowable hazardous waste firing rates and operating conditions necessary to meet the requirements of subsection (e) of this Section, in order to comply with the following standards:
 - A) For the period beginning with initial introduction of hazardous

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waste and ending with initiation of the trial burn, and only for the minimum time required to bring the device to a point of operational readiness to conduct a trial burn, not to exceed a duration of 720 hours operating time when burning hazardous waste, the operating requirements must be those most likely to ensure compliance with the emission standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207, based on the Agency²¹s engineering judgment. If the applicant is seeking a waiver from a trial burn to demonstrate conformance with a particular emission standard, the operating requirements during this initial period of operation must include those specified by the applicable provisions of Section 726.204, Section 726.205, Section 726.206, or Section 726.207. The Agency must extend the duration of this period for up to 720 additional hours when good cause for the extension is demonstrated by the applicant.

- B) For the duration of the trial burn, the operating requirements must be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the emissions standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207 and must be in accordance with the approved trial burn plan;
- C) For the period immediately following completion of the trial burn, and only for the minimum period sufficient to allow sample analysis, data computation, submission of the trial burn results by the applicant, review of the trial burn results, and modification of the facility permit by the Agency to reflect the trial burn results, the operating requirements must be those most likely to ensure compliance with the emission standards Sections 726.204 through 726.207 based on the Agency²'s engineering judgment.
- D) For the remaining duration of the permit, the operating requirements must be those demonstrated in a trial burn or by alternative data specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208, as sufficient to ensure compliance with the emissions standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207.
- e) Operating requirements.

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- General. A BIF burning hazardous waste must be operated in accordance with the operating requirements specified in the permit at all times when there is hazardous waste in the unit.
- 2) Requirements to ensure compliance with the organic emissions standards.
 - A) DRE (destruction or removal efficiency) standard. Operating conditions must be specified in either of the following ways: on a case-by-case basis for each hazardous waste burned, which conditions must be demonstrated (in a trial burn or by alternative data, as specified in 35 III. Adm. Code 703.208) to be sufficient to comply with the DRE performance standard of Section 726.204(a), or as special operating requirements provided by Section 726.204(a)(4) for the waiver of the DRE trial burn. When the DRE trial burn is not waived pursuant to Section 726.204(a)(4), each set of operating requirements must specify the composition of the hazardous waste (including acceptable variations in the physical and chemical properties of the hazardous waste that will not affect compliance with the DRE performance standard) to which the operating requirements apply. For each such hazardous waste, the permit must specify acceptable operating limits including, but not limited to, the following conditions, as appropriate:
 - Feed rate of hazardous waste and other fuels measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
 - ii) Minimum and maximum device production rate when producing normal product expressed in appropriate units, measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section:
 - iii) Appropriate controls of the hazardous waste firing system;
 - iv) Allowable variation in BIF system design or operating procedures;
 - Minimum combustion gas temperature measured at a location indicative of combustion chamber temperature,

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- measured, and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- vi) An appropriate indicator of combustion gas velocity, measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section, unless documentation is provided pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232 demonstrating adequate combustion gas residence time; and
- vii) Such other operating requirements as are necessary to ensure that the DRE performance standard of Section 726.204(a) is met.
- B) CO and hydrocarbon (HC) standards. The permit must incorporate a CO limit and, as appropriate, a HC limit as provided by Section 726.204(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f). The permit limits must be specified as follows:
 - When complying with the CO standard of Section 726.204(b)(1), the permit limit is 100 ppmv;
 - ii) When complying with the alternative CO standard pursuant to Section 726.204(c), the permit limit for CO is based on the trial burn and is established as the average over all valid runs of the highest hourly rolling average CO level of each run; and, the permit limit for HC is 20 ppmv (as defined in Section 726.204(c)(1)), except as provided in Section 726.204(f); or
 - iii) When complying with the alternative HC limit for industrial furnaces pursuant to Section 726.204(f), the permit limit for HC and CO is the baseline level when hazardous waste is not burned as specified by that subsection.
- C) Start-up and shut-down. During start-up and shut-down of the BIF, hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and

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chloride/chlorine, and except low risk waste exempt from the trial burn requirements pursuant to Sections 726.204(a)(5), 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207) must not be fed into the device, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the permit.

- Requirements to ensure conformance with the particulate matter (PM) standard.
 - A) Except as provided in subsections (e)(3)(B) and (e)(3)(C) of this Section, the permit must specify the following operating requirements to ensure conformance with the PM standard specified in Section 726.205:
 - Total ash feed rate to the device from hazardous waste, other fuels, and industrial furnace feedstocks, measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
 - Maximum device production rate when producing normal product expressed in appropriate units, and measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
 - Appropriate controls on operation and maintenance of the hazardous waste firing system and any air pollution control system (APCS);
 - iv) Allowable variation in BIF system design including any APCS or operating procedures; and
 - Such other operating requirements as are necessary to ensure that the PM standard in Section 726.205(a) is met.
 - B) Permit conditions to ensure conformance with the PM standard must not be provided for facilities exempt from the PM standard pursuant to Section 726.205(b);
 - C) For cement kilns and light-weight aggregate kilns, permit conditions to ensure compliance with the PM standard must not

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limit the ash content of hazardous waste or other feed materials.

- 4) Requirements to ensure conformance with the metals emissions standard.
 - A) For conformance with the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) metals feed rate screening limits of Section 726.206(b) or (e), the permit must specify the following operating requirements:
 - Total feed rate of each metal in hazardous waste, other fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks measured and specified pursuant to provisions of subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
 - ii) Total feed rate of hazardous waste measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section; and
 - iii) A sampling and metals analysis program for the hazardous waste, other fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks;
 - B) For conformance with the Tier II metals emission rate screening limits pursuant to Section 726.206(c) and the Tier III metals controls pursuant to Section 726.206(d), the permit must specify the following operating requirements:
 - Maximum emission rate for each metal specified as the average emission rate during the trial burn;
 - Feed rate of total hazardous waste and pumpable hazardous waste, each measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)(A) of this Section;
 - iii) Feed rate of each metal in the following feedstreams, measured and specified as prescribed in subsections (e)(6) of this Section: total feed streams; total hazardous waste feed; and total pumpable hazardous waste feed;

BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR 266.102(e)(4)(ii)(C)($\cancel{4}$) and (e)(4)(ii)(C)(2) into this

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- subsection (e)(4)(B)(iii) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.
- Total feed rate of chlorine and chloride in total feed streams measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- Maximum combustion gas temperature measured at a location indicative of combustion chamber temperature, and measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- vi) Maximum flue gas temperature at the inlet to the PM APCS measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- vii) Maximum device production rate when producing normal product expressed in appropriate units and measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- viii) Appropriate controls on operation and maintenance of the hazardous waste firing system and any APCS;
- ix) Allowable variation in BIF system design including any APCS or operating procedures; and
- x) Such other operating requirements as are necessary to ensure that the metals standards pursuant to Section 726.206(c) or (d) are met.
- C) For conformance with an alternative implementation approach approved by the Agency pursuant to Section 726.206(f), the permit must specify the following operating requirements:
 - Maximum emission rate for each metal specified as the average emission rate during the trial burn;
 - ii) Feed rate of total hazardous waste and pumpable hazardous

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- waste, each measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)(A) of this Section;
- Feed rate of each metal in the following feedstreams, measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section: total hazardous waste feed; and total pumpable hazardous waste feed;
 - BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR 266.102(e)(4)(iii)(C)(1) and (e)(4)(iii)(C)(2) into this subsection (e)(4)(C)(iii) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.
- iv) Total feed rate of chlorine and chloride in total feed streams measured and specified prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- Maximum combustion gas temperature measured at a location indicative of combustion chamber temperature, and measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- vi) Maximum flue gas temperature at the inlet to the PM APCS measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- vii) Maximum device production rate when producing normal product expressed in appropriate units and measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
- viii) Appropriate controls on operation and maintenance of the hazardous waste firing system and any APCS;
- Allowable variation in BIF system design including any APCS or operating procedures; and
- x) Such other operating requirements as are necessary to ensure that the metals standards pursuant to Section

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726.206(c) or (d) are met.

- 5) Requirements to ensure conformance with the HCl and chlorine gas standards.
 - A) For conformance with the Tier I total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits of Section 726.207(b)(1), the permit must specify the following operating requirements:
 - Feed rate of total chlorine and chloride in hazardous waste, other fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
 - ii) Feed rate of total hazardous waste measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section; and
 - iii) A sampling and analysis program for total chlorine and chloride for the hazardous waste, other fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks:
 - B) For conformance with the Tier II HCl and chlorine gas emission rate screening limits pursuant to Section 726.207(b)(2) and the Tier III HCl and chlorine gas controls pursuant to Section 726.207(c), the permit must specify the following operating requirements:
 - Maximum emission rate for HCl and for chlorine gas specified as the average emission rate during the trial burn;
 - ii) Feed rate of total hazardous waste measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
 - iii) Total feed rate of chlorine and chloride in total feed streams, measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
 - iv) Maximum device production rate when producing normal product expressed in appropriate units, measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;

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- Appropriate controls on operation and maintenance of the hazardous waste firing system and any APCS;
- vi) Allowable variation in BIF system design including any APCS or operating procedures; and
- vii) Such other operating requirements as are necessary to ensure that the HCl and chlorine gas standards pursuant to Section 726.207(b)(2) or (c) are met.
- 6) Measuring parameters and establishing limits based on trial burn data.
 - A) General requirements. As specified in subsections (e)(2) through (e)(5) of this Section, each operating parameter must be measured, and permit limits on the parameter must be established, according to either of the following procedures:
 - Instantaneous limits. A parameter is measured and recorded on an instantaneous basis (i.e., the value that occurs at any time) and the permit limit specified as the time-weighted average during all valid runs of the trial burn; or
 - ii) Hourly rolling average. The limit for a parameter must be established and continuously monitored on an hourly rolling average basis, as defined in Section 726.200(i). The permit limit for the parameter must be established based on trial burn data as the average over all valid test runs of the highest hourly rolling average value for each run.

BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR $\frac{266.100}{266.102}$ (e)(6)(i)(B)(*I*)- $\frac{266.102}{266.102}$ (e)(6)(i)(B)(*I*) and (e)(6)(i)(B)(*2*) into this subsection (e)(6)(A)(ii) and moved the text of 40 CFR $\frac{266.100}{266.102}$ (e)(6)(i)(B)(*I*)(*i*) $\frac{266.102}{266.100}$ (e)(6)(i)(B)(*I*)(*i*) and (e)(6)(i)(B)(*I*)(*ii*) to appear as definitions of "continuous monitor" and "hourly rolling"

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average, "respectively, in Section 726.200(i) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.

- B) Rolling average limits for carcinogenic metals and lead. Feed rate limits for the carcinogenic metals (as defined in Section 726.200(i)) and lead must be established either on an hourly rolling average basis, as prescribed by subsection (e)(6)(A) of this Section, or on (up to) a 24 hour rolling average basis. If the owner or operator elects to use an average period from 2 to 24 hours, the following requirements apply:
 - The feed rate of each metal must be limited at any time to ten times the feed rate that would be allowed on an hourly rolling average basis;
 - ii) The continuous monitor must meet the specifications of "continuous monitor," "rolling average for the selected averaging period," and "one hour block average" as defined in Section 726.200(i); and
 - BOARD NOTE: The Board has moved the text of 40 CFR 266.100266.102(e)(6)(ii)(B)(1)-266.100266.100(e)(6)(ii)(B)(1) and (e)(6)(ii)(B)(2) to appear as definitions in Section 726.200(i) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.
 - iii) The permit limit for the feed rate of each metal must be established based on trial burn data as the average over all valid test runs of the highest hourly rolling average feed rate for each run.
- C) Feed rate limits for metals, total chlorine and chloride, and ash. Feed rate limits for metals, total chlorine and chloride, and ash are established and monitored by knowing the concentration of the substance (i.e., metals, chloride/chlorine and ash) in each feedstream and the flow rate of the feedstream. To monitor the feed rate of these substances, the flow rate of each feedstream must

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be monitored pursuant to the continuous monitoring requirements of subsections (e)(6)(A) and (e)(6)(B) of this Section.

- D) Conduct of trial burn testing.
 - i) If compliance with all applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207 is not demonstrated simultaneously during a set of test runs, the operating conditions of additional test runs required to demonstrate compliance with remaining emissions standards must be as close as possible to the original operating conditions.
 - ii) Prior to obtaining test data for purposes of demonstrating compliance with the emissions standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207 or establishing limits on operating parameters pursuant to this Section, the unit must operate under trial burn conditions for a sufficient period to reach steady-state operations. However, industrial furnaces that recycle collected PM back into the furnace and that comply with an alternative implementation approach for metals pursuant to Section 726.206(f) need not reach steady state conditions with respect to the flow of metals in the system prior to beginning compliance testing for metals emissions.
 - iii) Trial burn data on the level of an operating parameter for which a limit must be established in the permit must be obtained during emissions sampling for the pollutants (i.e., metals, PM, HCl/chlorine gas, organic compounds) for which the parameter must be established as specified by this subsection (e).

7) General requirements.

- A) Fugitive emissions. Fugitive emissions must be controlled in one of the following ways:
 - By keeping the combustion zone totally sealed against fugitive emissions;

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- ii) By maintaining the combustion zone pressure lower than atmospheric pressure; or
- iii) By an alternative means of control demonstrated (with Part B of the permit application) to provide fugitive emissions control equivalent to maintenance of combustion zone pressure lower than atmospheric pressure.
- B) Automatic waste feed cutoff. A BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when operating conditions deviate from those established pursuant to this Section. In addition, the following requirements apply:
 - The permit limit for (the indicator of) minimum combustion chamber temperature must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber;
 - Exhaust gases must be ducted to the APCS operated in accordance with the permit requirements while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber; and
 - operating parameters for which permit limits are established must continue to be monitored during the cutoff, and the hazardous waste feed must not be restarted until the levels of those parameters comply with the permit limits. For parameters that are monitored on an instantaneous basis, the Agency must establish a minimum period of time after a waste feed cutoff during which the parameter must not exceed the permit limit before the hazardous waste feed is restarted.
- C) Changes. A BIF must cease burning hazardous waste when combustion properties or feed rates of the hazardous waste, other fuels or industrial furnace feedstocks, or the BIF design or

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operating conditions deviate from the limits as specified in the permit.

- 8) Monitoring and Inspections.
 - A) The owner or operator must monitor and record the following, at a minimum, while burning hazardous waste:
 - If specified by the permit, feed rates and composition of hazardous waste, other fuels, and industrial furnace feedstocks and feed rates of ash, metals, and total chlorine and chloride;
 - ii) If specified by the permit, CO, HCs, and oxygen on a continuous basis at a common point in the BIF downstream of the combustion zone and prior to release of stack gases to the atmosphere in accordance with operating requirements specified in subsection (e)(2)(B) of this Section. CO, HC, and oxygen monitors must be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with methods specified in Appendix I of this Part; and
 - iii) Upon the request of the Agency, sampling and analysis of the hazardous waste (and other fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks as appropriate), residues, and exhaust emissions must be conducted to verify that the operating requirements established in the permit achieve the applicable standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207.
 - B) All monitors must record data in units corresponding to the permit limit unless otherwise specified in the permit.
 - C) The BIF and associated equipment (pumps, valves, pipes, fuel storage tanks, etc.) must be subjected to thorough visual inspection when it contains hazardous waste, at least daily for leaks, spills, fugitive emissions, and signs of tampering.
 - D) The automatic hazardous waste feed cutoff system and associated

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alarms must be tested at least once every seven days when hazardous waste is burned to verify operability, unless the applicant demonstrates to the Agency that weekly inspections will unduly restrict or upset operations and that less frequent inspections will be adequate. At a minimum, operational testing must be conducted at least once every 30 days.

- E) These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating record required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.173.
- 9) Direct transfer to the burner. If hazardous waste is directly transferred from a transport vehicle to a BIF without the use of a storage unit, the owner and operator must comply with Section 726.211.
- 10) Recordkeeping. The owner or operator must maintain in the operating record of the facility all information and data required by this Section for five years.
- Closure. At closure, the owner or operator must remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, scrubber waters, and scrubber sludges) from the BIF.

(Source:	Amended at 40 Ill.	Reg. —	, effective	_
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Section 726.203 Interim Status Standards for Burners

- a) Purpose, scope, and applicability.
 - 1) General.
 - A) The purpose of this Section is to establish minimum national standards for owners and operators of "existing" BIFs that burn hazardous waste where such standards define the acceptable management of hazardous waste during the period of interim status. The standards of this Section apply to owners and operators of existing facilities until either a permit is issued under Section 726.202(d) or until closure responsibilities identified in this

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Section are fulfilled.

- B) "Existing" or "in existence" means a BIF for which the owner or operator filed a certification of precompliance with USEPA pursuant to federal 40 CFR 266.103(b); provided, however, that USEPA has not determined that the certification is invalid.
- C) If a BIF is located at a facility that already has a RCRA permit or interim status, then the owner or operator must comply with the applicable regulations dealing with permit modifications in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.280 or changes in interim status in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.155.
- 2) Exemptions. The requirements of this Section do not apply to hazardous waste and facilities exempt under Section 726.200(b) or 726.208.
- Prohibition on burning dioxin-listed wastes. The following hazardous waste listed for dioxin and hazardous waste derived from any of these wastes must not be burned in a BIF operating under interim status: USEPA hazardous waste numbers F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027.
- 4) Applicability of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 standards. An owner or operator of a BIF that burns hazardous waste and which is operating under interim status is subject to the following provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725, except as provided otherwise by this Section:
 - A) In Subpart A of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (General), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.104;
 - B) In Subpart B of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (General facility standards), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.111 through 725.117;
 - In Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Preparedness and prevention), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.131 through 725.137;
 - D) In Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Contingency plan and emergency procedures), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.151 through

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725.156;

- E) In Subpart E of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Manifest system, recordkeeping and reporting), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.171 through 725.177, except that 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.171, 725.172 and 725.176 do not apply to owners and operators of on-site facilities that do not receive any hazardous waste from off-site sources;
- F) In Subpart G of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Closure and post-closure), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.211 through 725.215;
- G) In Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Financial requirements), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.241, 725.242, 725.243, and 725.247 through 725.250, except that the State of Illinois and the federal government are exempt from the requirements of Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725; and
- H) In Subpart BB of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Air emission standards for equipment leaks), except 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.950(a).
- 5) Special requirements for furnaces. The following controls apply during interim status to industrial furnaces (e.g., kilns, cupolas) that feed hazardous waste for a purpose other than solely as an ingredient (see subsection (a)(5)(B) of this Section) at any location other than the hot end where products are normally discharged or where fuels are normally fired:

A) Controls.

- The hazardous waste must be fed at a location where combustion gas temperature is at least 1800° F;
- ii) The owner or operator must determine that adequate oxygen is present in combustion gases to combust organic constituents in the waste and retain documentation of such determination in the facility record;
- iii) For cement kiln systems, the hazardous waste must be fed into the kiln; and

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- iv) The HC controls of Section 726.204(f) or subsection (c)(5) of this Section apply upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, irrespective of the CO level achieved during the compliance test.
- B) Burning hazardous waste solely as an ingredient. A hazardous waste is burned for a purpose other than "solely as an ingredient" if it meets either of the following criteria:
 - i) The hazardous waste has a total concentration of nonmetal compounds listed in Appendix H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721, exceeding 500 ppm by weight, as fired and so is considered to be burned for destruction. The concentration of nonmetal compounds in a waste as-generated may be reduced to the 500 ppm limit by bona fide treatment that removes or destroys nonmetal constituents. Blending for dilution to meet the 500 ppm limit is prohibited and documentation that the waste has not been impermissibly diluted must be retained in the facility record; or
 - ii) The hazardous waste has a heating value of 5,000 Btu/lb or more, as fired, and so is considered to be burned as fuel. The heating value of a waste as-generated may be reduced to below the 5,000 Btu/lb limit by bona fide treatment that removes or destroys organic constituents. The heating value of a waste as-generated may be reduced to below the 5,000 Btu/lb limit by bona fide treatment that removes or destroys organic constituents. Blending to augment the heating value to meet the 5,000 Btu/lb limit is prohibited and documentation that the waste has not been impermissibly blended must be retained in the facility record.
- Restrictions on burning hazardous waste that is not a fuel. Prior to certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, an owner or operator must not feed hazardous waste that has a heating value less than 5000 Btu/lb, as generated, (except that the heating value of a waste

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as-generated may be increased to above the 5,000 Btu/lb limit by bona fide treatment; however blending to augment the heating value to meet the 5,000 Btu/lb limit is prohibited and records must be kept to document that impermissible blending has not occurred) in a BIF, except that the following may occur:

- A) Hazardous waste may be burned solely as an ingredient;
- B) Hazardous waste may be burned for purposes of compliance testing (or testing prior to compliance testing) for a total period of time not to exceed 720 hours;
- C) Such waste may be burned if the Agency has documentation to show that the following was true prior to August 21, 1991:
 - The BIF was operating under the interim status standards for incinerators or thermal treatment units, Subparts O or P of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725;
 - ii) The BIF met the interim status eligibility requirements under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.153 for Subparts O or P of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725; and
 - iii) Hazardous waste with a heating value less than 5,000 Btu/lb was burned prior to that date; or
- D) Such waste may be burned in a halogen acid furnace if the waste was burned as an excluded ingredient under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.102(e) prior to February 21, 1991, and documentation is kept on file supporting this claim.
- 7) Direct transfer to the burner. If hazardous waste is directly transferred from a transport vehicle to a BIF without the use of a storage unit, the owner or operator must comply with Section 726.211.
- b) Certification of precompliance. This subsection (b) corresponds with 40 CFR 266.103(b), under which USEPA required certain owners and operators to file a certification of precompliance by August 21, 1991. No similar filing with the

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Agency was required, so the Board did not incorporate the federal filing requirement into the Illinois regulations. This statement maintains structural parity with the federal regulations.

- c) Certification of compliance. The owner or operator must conduct emissions testing to document compliance with the emissions standards of Sections 726.204(b) through (e), 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 and subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv) of this Section under the procedures prescribed by this subsection (c), except under extensions of time provided by subsection (c)(7) of this Section. Based on the compliance test, the owner or operator must submit to the Agency, on or before August 21, 1992, a complete and accurate "certification of compliance" (under subsection (c)(4) of this Section) with those emission standards establishing limits on the operating parameters specified in subsection (c)(1) of this Section.
 - Limits on operating conditions. The owner or operator must establish limits on the following parameters based on operations during the compliance test (under procedures prescribed in subsection (c)(4)(D) of this Section) or as otherwise specified and include these limits with the certification of compliance. The BIF must be operated in accordance with these operating limits and the applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204(b) through (e), 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 and subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv) of this Section at all times when there is hazardous waste in the unit.
 - A) Feed rate of total hazardous waste and (unless complying the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e)), pumpable hazardous waste;
 - B) Feed rate of each metal in the following feedstreams:
 - i) Total feedstreams, except that industrial furnaces which must comply with the alternative metals implementation approach under subsection (c)(3)(B) of this Section must specify limits on the concentration of each metal in collected PM in lieu of feed rate limits for total feedstreams; and facilities that comply with Tier I or Adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits may set

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their operating limits at the metal feed rate screening limits determined under subsection SectionSectionsubsection 726.206(b) or (e) of this Section;

BOARD NOTE: Federal subsections 266.103(c)(1)(ii)(A)(I) and (c)(1)(ii)(A)(2) are condensed into subsection (c)(1)(B)(i).

- ii) Total hazardous waste feed (unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e)); and
- iii) Total pumpable hazardous waste feed (unless complying with Tier I or Adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e));
- C) Total feed rate of total chlorine and chloride in total feed streams, except that facilities that comply with Tier I or Adjusted Tier I feed rate screening limits may set their operating limits at the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits determined under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e);
- Total feed rate of ash in total feed streams, except that the ash feed rate for cement kilns and light-weight aggregate kilns is not limited;
- E) CO concentration, and where required, HC concentration in stack gas. When complying with the CO controls of Section 726.204(b), the CO limit is 100 ppmv, and when complying with the HC controls of Section 726.204(c), the HC limit is 20 ppmv. When complying with the CO controls of Section 726.204(c), the CO limit is established based on the compliance test;
- F) Maximum production rate of the device in appropriate units when producing normal product unless complying with Tier I or Adjusted Tier I feed rate screening limits for chlorine under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e) and for all metals under Section 726.207(b)-726.206(b)726.207(b) or (e), and the uncontrolled

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- particulate emissions do not exceed the standard under Section 726.205;
- G) Maximum combustion chamber temperature where the temperature measurement is as close to the combustion zone as possible and is upstream of any quench water injection, (unless complying with the Tier I adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e));
- H) Maximum flue gas temperature entering a PM control device (unless complying with Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section 726.207(b) or (e));
- I) For systems using wet scrubbers, including wet ionizing scrubbers (unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e)):
 - i) Minimum liquid to flue gas ratio;
 - Minimum scrubber blowdown from the system or maximum suspended solids content of scrubber water; and
 - iii) Minimum pH level of the scrubber water;
- J) For systems using venturi scrubbers, the minimum differential gas pressure across the venturi (unless complying the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e));
- K) For systems using dry scrubbers (unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e)):

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- i) Minimum caustic feed rate; and
- ii) Maximum flue gas flow rate;
- L) For systems using wet ionizing scrubbers or electrostatic precipitators (unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e)):
 - Minimum electrical power in kVA to the precipitator plates; and
 - ii) Maximum flue gas flow rate;
- M) For systems using fabric filters (baghouses), the minimum pressure drop (unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e)).
- 2) Prior notice of compliance testing. At least 30 days prior to the compliance testing required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section, the owner or operator must notify the Agency and submit the following information:
 - A) General facility information including:
 - USEPA facility ID number;
 - Facility name, contact person, telephone number, and address;
 - iii) Person responsible for conducting compliance test, including company name, address, and telephone number, and a statement of qualifications;
 - iv) Planned date of the compliance test;

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- B) Specific information on each device to be tested, including the following:
 - i) A Description of BIF;
 - A scaled plot plan showing the entire facility and location of the BIF;
 - iii) A description of the APCS;
 - iv) Identification of the continuous emission monitors that are installed, including the following: CO monitor; Oxygen monitor; HC monitor, specifying the minimum temperature of the system, and, if the temperature is less than 150° C, an explanation of why a heated system is not used (see subsection (c)(5) of this Section) and a brief description of the sample gas conditioning system;

BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(2)(ii)(D)(I) through (c)(2)(ii)(D)(J) into this subsection (c)(2)(B)(iv) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.

- Indication of whether the stack is shared with another device that will be in operation during the compliance test; and
- vi) Other information useful to an understanding of the system design or operation; and
- C) Information on the testing planned, including a complete copy of the test protocol and QA/QC plan, and a summary description for each test providing the following information at a minimum:
 - Purpose of the test (e.g., demonstrate compliance with emissions of PM); and

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ii) Planned operating conditions, including levels for each pertinent parameter specified in subsection (c)(1) of this Section.

Compliance testing.

- General. Compliance testing must be conducted under conditions A) for which the owner or operator has submitted a certification of precompliance under subsection (b) of this Section and under conditions established in the notification of compliance testing required by subsection (c)(2) of this Section. The owner or operator may seek approval on a case-by-case basis to use compliance test data from one unit in lieu of testing a similar on-site unit. To support the request, the owner or operator must provide a comparison of the hazardous waste burned and other feedstreams, and the design, operation, and maintenance of both the tested unit and the similar unit. The Agency must provide a written approval to use compliance test data in lieu of testing a similar unit if the Agency finds that the hazardous wastes, devices and the operating conditions are sufficiently similar, and the data from the other compliance test is adequate to meet the requirements of this subsection (c).
- B) Special requirements for industrial furnaces that recycle collected PM. Owners and operators of industrial furnaces that recycle back into the furnace PM from the APCS must comply with one of the following procedures for testing to determine compliance with the metals standards of Section 726.206(c) or (d):
 - i) The special testing requirements prescribed in "Alternative Method for Implementing Metals Controls" in Appendix I to this Part;
 - ii) Stack emissions testing for a minimum of six hours each day while hazardous waste is burned during interim status. The testing must be conducted when burning normal hazardous waste for that day at normal feed rates for that day and when the APCS is operated under normal

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conditions. During interim status, hazardous waste analysis for metals content must be sufficient for the owner or operator to determine if changes in metals content affect the ability of the unit to meet the metals emissions standards established under Section 726.206(c) or (d). Under this option, operating limits (under subsection (c)(1) of this Section) must be established during compliance testing under this subsection (c)(3) only on the following parameters: feed rate of total hazardous waste; total feed rate of total chlorine and chloride in total feed streams; total feed rate of ash in total feed streams, except that the ash feed rate for cement kilns and light-weight aggregate kilns is not limited; CO concentration, and where required, HC concentration in stack gas; and maximum production rate of the device in appropriate units when producing normal product; or

BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(3)(ii)(B)(1) through (c)(3)(ii)(B)(5) into this subsection (c)(3)(B)(ii) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.

- iii) Conduct compliance testing to determine compliance with the metals standards to establish limits on the operating parameters of subsection (c)(1) of this Section only after the kiln system has been conditioned to enable it to reach equilibrium with respect to metals fed into the system and metals emissions. During conditioning, hazardous waste and raw materials having the same metals content as will be fed during the compliance test must be fed at the feed rates that will be fed during the compliance test.
- C) Conduct of compliance testing.
 - If compliance with all applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207 is not demonstrated simultaneously during a set of test runs, the operating conditions of additional test runs required to demonstrate

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- compliance with remaining emissions standards must be as close as possible to the original operating conditions.
- ii) Prior to obtaining test data for purposes of demonstrating compliance with the applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207 or establishing limits on operating parameters under this Section, the facility must operate under compliance test conditions for a sufficient period to reach steady-state operations. Industrial furnaces that recycle collected PM back into the furnace and that comply with subsection (c)(3)(B)(i) or (c)(3)(B)(ii) of this Section, however, need not reach steady state conditions with respect to the flow of metals in the system prior to beginning compliance testing for metals.
- iii) Compliance test data on the level of an operating parameter for which a limit must be established in the certification of compliance must be obtained during emissions sampling for the pollutants (i.e., metals, PM, HCl/chlorine gas, organic compounds) for which the parameter must be established as specified by subsection (c)(1) of this Section.
- 4) Certification of compliance. Within 90 days of completing compliance testing, the owner or operator must certify to the Agency compliance with the emissions standards of Sections 726.204(b), (c) and (e); 726.205; 726.206; 726.207; and subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv) of this Section. The certification of compliance must include the following information:
 - A) General facility and testing information, including the following:
 - USEPA facility ID number;
 - Facility name, contact person, telephone number, and address;
 - Person responsible for conducting compliance testing, including company name, address, and telephone number, and a statement of qualifications;

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- iv) Dates of each compliance test;
- v) Description of BIF tested;
- vi) Person responsible for QA/QC, title and telephone number, and statement that procedures prescribed in the QA/QC plan submitted under Section 726.203(c)(2)(C) have been followed, or a description of any changes and an explanation of why changes were necessary;
- vii) Description of any changes in the unit configuration prior to or during testing that would alter any of the information submitted in the prior notice of compliance testing under subsection (c)(2) of this Section and an explanation of why the changes were necessary;
- viii) Description of any changes in the planned test conditions prior to or during the testing that alter any of the information submitted in the prior notice of compliance testing under subsection (c)(2) of this Section and an explanation of why the changes were necessary; and
- ix) The complete report on results of emissions testing.
- B) Specific information on each test, including the following:
 - Purposes of test (e.g., demonstrate conformance with the emissions limits for PM, metals, HCl, chlorine gas, and CO);
 - ii) Summary of test results for each run and for each test including the following information: date of run; duration of run; time-weighted average and highest hourly rolling average CO level for each run and for the test; highest hourly rolling average HC level, if HC monitoring is required for each run and for the test; if dioxin and furan testing is required under Section 726.204(e), time-weighted

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average emissions for each run and for the test of chlorinated dioxin and furan emissions, and the predicted maximum annual average ground level concentration of the toxicity equivalency factor (defined in Section 726.200(i)); time-weighted average PM emissions for each run and for the test; time-weighted average HCl and chlorine gas emissions for each run and for the test; time-weighted average emissions for the metals subject to regulation under Section 726.206 for each run and for the test; and QA/QC results.

BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(4)(ii)(B)(I) through (c)(4)(ii)(B)(g) into this subsection (c)(4)(B)(ii) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.

- C) Comparison of the actual emissions during each test with the emissions limits prescribed by Sections 726.204(b), (c), and (e); 726.205; 726.206; and 726.207 and established for the facility in the certification of precompliance under subsection (b) of this Section.
- D) Determination of operating limits based on all valid runs of the compliance test for each applicable parameter listed in subsection (c)(1) of this Section using one of the following procedures:
 - Instantaneous limits. A parameter must be measured and recorded on an instantaneous basis (i.e., the value that occurs at any time) and the operating limit specified as the time-weighted average during all runs of the compliance test.
 - ii) Hourly rolling average basis. The limit for a parameter must be established and continuously monitored on an hourly rolling average basis, as defined in Section 726.200(i). The operating limit for the parameter must be established based on compliance test data as the average over all test runs of the highest hourly rolling average value

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for each run.

BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(4)(iv)(B)(I) and (c)(4)(iv)(B)(2) into this subsection (c)(4)(D)(ii) and moved the text of 40 CFR $\frac{266.103}{226.103}$ (c)(4)(iv)(B)(I)(i) and (c)(4)(iv)(B)(I)(i) to appear as definitions in Section 726.200(i) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.

Rolling average limits for carcinogenic metals (as defined iii) in Section 726.200(i)) and lead. Feed rate limits for the carcinogenic metals and lead must be established either on an hourly rolling average basis as prescribed by subsection (c)(4)(D)(ii) of this Section or on (up to) a 24 hour rolling average basis. If the owner or operator elects to use an averaging period from two to 24 hours the following must occur: the feed rate of each metal must be limited at any time to ten times the feed rate that would be allowed on a hourly rolling average basis; the operating limit for the feed rate of each metal must be established based on compliance test data as the average over all test runs of the highest hourly rolling average feed rate for each run; and the continuous monitor and the rolling average for the selected averaging period are as defined in Section 726.200(i).

BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CCFRC.F.R. 266.103(c)(4)(iv)(C)(1) and throughthroughand (c)(4)(iv)(C)(3) are condensed into subsection (e)(b)(C)(iii) (c)(4)(D)(iii) and moved the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(4)(iv)(C)(2)(i) and (c)(4)(iv)(C)(2)(ii) to appear as definitions in Section 726.200(i)(c)(b)(C)(iii) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.

iv) Feed rate limits for metals, total chlorine and chloride, and ash. Feed rate limits for metals, total chlorine and chloride, and ash are established and monitored by knowing the concentration of the substance (i.e., metals,

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chloride/chlorine, and ash) in each feedstream and the flow rate of the feedstream. To monitor the feed rate of these substances, the flow rate of each feedstream must be monitored under the continuous monitoring requirements of subsections (c)(4)(D)(i) through (c)(4)(D)(iii) of this Section.

E) Certification of compliance statement. The following statement must accompany the certification of compliance:

"I certify under penalty of law that this information was prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information and supporting documentation. Copies of all emissions tests, dispersion modeling results, and other information used to determine conformance with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.203(c) are available at the facility and can be obtained from the facility contact person listed above. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the facility, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

I also acknowledge that the operating limits established pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.203(c)(4)(D) are enforceable limits at which the facility can legally operate during interim status until a revised certification of compliance is submitted.

5) Special requirements for HC monitoring systems. When an owner or operator is required to comply with the HC controls provided by Section 726.204(c) or subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv) of this Section, a conditioned gas monitoring system may be used in conformance with specifications provided in Appendix I to this Part provided that the owner or operator

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submits a certification of compliance without using extensions of time provided by subsection (c)(7) of this Section.

- 6) Special operating requirements for industrial furnaces that recycle collected PM. Owners and operators of industrial furnaces that recycle back into the furnace PM from the APCS must do the following:
 - A) When complying with the requirements of subsection (c)(3)(B)(i) of this Section, comply with the operating requirements prescribed in "Alternative Method to Implement the Metals Controls" in Appendix I to this Part; and
 - B) When complying with the requirements of subsection (c)(3)(B)(ii) of this Section, comply with the operating requirements prescribed by that subsection.
- 7) Extensions of time.
 - A) If the owner or operator does not submit a complete certification of compliance for all of the applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 by August 21, 1992, the owner or operator must do the following:
 - Stop burning hazardous waste and begin closure activities under subsection (l) of this Section for the hazardous waste portion of the facility;
 - ii) Limit hazardous waste burning only for purposes of compliance testing (and pretesting to prepare for compliance testing) a total period of 720 hours for the period of time beginning August 21, 1992, submit a notification to the Agency by August 21, 1992 stating that the facility is operating under restricted interim status and intends to resume burning hazardous waste, and submit a complete certification of compliance by August 23, 1993; or
 - iii) Obtain a case-by-case extension of time under subsection

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(c)(7)(B) of this Section.

B) Case-by-case extensions of time. See Section 726.219.

BOARD NOTE: The Board moved the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(7)(ii) to appear as Section 726.219 to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.

- 8) Revised certification of compliance. The owner or operator may submit at any time a revised certification of compliance (recertification of compliance) under the following procedures:
 - A) Prior to submittal of a revised certification of compliance, hazardous waste must not be burned for more than a total of 720 hours under operating conditions that exceed those established under a current certification of compliance, and such burning must be conducted only for purposes of determining whether the facility can operate under revised conditions and continue to meet the applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207;
 - B) At least 30 days prior to first burning hazardous waste under operating conditions that exceed those established under a current certification of compliance, the owner or operator must notify the Agency and submit the following information:
 - USEPA facility ID number, and facility name, contact person, telephone number, and address;
 - Operating conditions that the owner or operator is seeking to revise and description of the changes in facility design or operation that prompted the need to seek to revise the operating conditions;
 - iii) A determination that, when operating under the revised operating conditions, the applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 are not likely to be exceeded. To document this determination, the

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- owner or operator must submit the applicable information required under subsection (b)(2) of this Section; and
- iv) Complete emissions testing protocol for any pretesting and for a new compliance test to determine compliance with the applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 when operating under revised operating conditions. The protocol must include a schedule of pre-testing and compliance testing. If the owner or operator revises the scheduled date for the compliance test, the owner or operator must notify the Agency in writing at least 30 days prior to the revised date of the compliance test;
- C) Conduct a compliance test under the revised operating conditions and the protocol submitted to the Agency to determine compliance with the applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207; and
- D) Submit a revised certification of compliance under subsection (c)(4) of this Section.
- d) Periodic Recertifications. The owner or operator must conduct compliance testing and submit to the Agency a recertification of compliance under provisions of subsection (c) of this Section within five years from submitting the previous certification or recertification. If the owner or operator seeks to recertify compliance under new operating conditions, the owner or operator must comply with the requirements of subsection (c)(8) of this Section.
- e) Noncompliance with certification schedule. If the owner or operator does not comply with the interim status compliance schedule provided by subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this Section, hazardous waste burning must terminate on the date that the deadline is missed, closure activities must begin under subsection (l) of this Section, and hazardous waste burning must not resume except under an operating permit issued under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (l) of this Section and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed.

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- f) Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance.
- g) Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur:
 - To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following:
 - A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or
 - B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the time-weighted average temperature during all runs of the test; and
 - Operating parameters limited by the certification of compliance must continue to be monitored during the cutoff, and the hazardous waste feed must not be restarted until the levels of those parameters comply with the limits established in the certification of compliance.
- h) Fugitive emissions. Fugitive emissions must be controlled as follows:

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- By keeping the combustion zone totally sealed against fugitive emissions; or
- By maintaining the combustion zone pressure lower than atmospheric pressure; or
- By an alternative means of control that the owner or operator demonstrates provides fugitive emissions control equivalent to maintenance of combustion zone pressure lower than atmospheric pressure. Support for such demonstration must be included in the operating record.
- i) Changes. A BIF must cease burning hazardous waste when combustion properties, or feed rates of the hazardous waste, other fuels or industrial furnace feedstocks, or the BIF design or operating conditions deviate from the limits specified in the certification of compliance.
 - j) Monitoring and Inspections.
 - The owner or operator must monitor and record the following, at a minimum, while burning hazardous waste:
 - A) Feed rates and composition of hazardous waste, other fuels, and industrial furnace feed stocks and feed rates of ash, metals, and total chlorine and chloride as necessary to ensure conformance with the certification of precompliance or certification of compliance;
 - B) CO, oxygen, and, if applicable, HC on a continuous basis at a common point in the BIF downstream of the combustion zone and prior to release of stack gases to the atmosphere in accordance with the operating limits specified in the certification of compliance. CO, HC, and oxygen monitors must be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with methods specified in Appendix I to this Part; and
 - Upon the request of the Agency, sampling and analysis of the hazardous waste (and other fuels and industrial furnace feed stocks

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as appropriate) and the stack gas emissions must be conducted to verify that the operating conditions established in the certification of precompliance or certification of compliance achieve the applicable standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207.

- The BIF and associated equipment (pumps, valves, pipes, fuel storage tanks, etc.) must be subjected to thorough visual inspection when they contain hazardous waste, at least daily for leaks, spills, fugitive emissions, and signs of tampering.
- The automatic hazardous waste feed cutoff system and associated alarms must be tested at least once every seven days when hazardous waste is burned to verify operability, unless the owner or operator can demonstrate that weekly inspections will unduly restrict or upset operations and that less frequent inspections will be adequate. Support for such demonstration must be included in the operating record. At a minimum, operational testing must be conducted at least once every 30 days.
- 4) These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log.
- k) Recordkeeping. The owner or operator must keep in the operating record of the facility all information and data required by this Section for five years.
- Closure. At closure, the owner or operator must remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, scrubber waters and scrubber sludges) from the BIF and must comply with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.211 through 725.215.

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Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues

A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements:

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- a) The device meets the following criteria:
 - Boilers. Boilers must burn at least 50 percent coal on a total heat input or mass basis, whichever results in the greater mass feed rate of coal;
 - Ore or mineral furnaces. Industrial furnaces subject to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(7) must process at least 50 percent by weight of normal, nonhazardous raw materials;
 - Cement kilns. Cement kilns must process at least 50 percent by weight of normal cement-production raw materials;
- b) The owner or operator demonstrates that the hazardous waste does not significantly affect the residue by demonstrating conformance with either of the following criteria:
 - Comparison of waste-derived residue with normal residue. The waste-derived residue must not contain constituents listed in Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 (toxic constituents) that could reasonably be attributable to the hazardous waste at concentrations significantly higher than in residue generated without burning or processing of hazardous waste, using the following procedure. Toxic compounds that could reasonably be attributable to burning or processing the hazardous waste (constituents of concern) include toxic constituents in the hazardous waste, and the organic compounds listed in Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that may be PICs. For polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzo-furans, analyses must be performed to determine specific congeners and homologues, and the results converted to 2,3,7,8-TCDD equivalent values using the procedure specified in section 4.0 of the documents referenced in Appendix I of this Part.
 - A) Normal residue. Concentrations of toxic constituents of concern in normal residue must be determined based on analyses of a minimum of 10 samples representing a minimum of 10 days of operation. Composite samples may be used to develop a sample for analysis provided that the compositing period does not exceed 24 hours. The upper tolerance limit (at 95 percent confidence with a 95 percent proportion of the sample distribution) of the

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concentration in the normal residue must be considered the statistically-derived concentration in the normal residue. If changes in raw materials or fuels reduce the statistically-derived concentrations of the toxic constituents of concern in the normal residue, the statistically-derived concentrations must be revised or statistically-derived concentrations of toxic constituents in normal residue must be established for a new mode of operation with the new raw material or fuel. To determine the upper tolerance limit in the normal residue, the owner or operator must use statistical procedures prescribed in section 7.0 (Statistical Methodology for Bevill Residue Determinations) in federal appendix IX to 40 CFR 266 (Methods Manual for Compliance with the BIF Regulations), USEPA publication number EPA- 454/R-92-019, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(b) (see Appendix I of this Part).

- B) Waste-derived residue. Waste derived residue must be sampled and analyzed as often as necessary to determine whether the residue generated during each 24-hour period has concentrations of toxic constituents that are higher than the concentrations established for the normal residue under subsection (b)(1)(A) of this Section. If so, hazardous waste burning has significantly affected the residue and the residue is not excluded from the definition of "hazardous waste." Concentrations of toxic constituents in waste-derived residue must be determined based on analysis of one or more samples obtained over a 24-hour period. Multiple samples may be analyzed, and multiple samples may be taken to form a composite sample for analysis provided that the sampling period does not exceed 24 hours. If more than one sample is analyzed to characterize waste-derived residues generated over a 24-hour period, the concentration of each toxic constituent must be the arithmetic mean of the concentrations in the samples. No results can be disregarded; or
- Comparison of waste-derived residue concentrations with health-based limits.
 - A) Nonmetal constituents. The concentration of each nonmetal toxic

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constituent of concern (specified in subsection (b)(1) of this Section) in the waste-derived residue must not exceed the health-based level specified in Appendix G of this Part, or the level of detection, whichever is higher. If a health-based limit for a constituent of concern is not listed in Appendix G of this Part, then a limit of 0.002 µg/kg or the level of detection (using appropriate analytical methods), whichever is higher, must be used. The levels specified in Appendix G of this Part (and the default level of 0.002 μg/kg or the level of detection for constituents, as identified in Note 1 of Appendix G of this Part) are administratively stayed under the condition, for those constituents specified in subsection (b)(1) of this Section, that the owner or operator complies with alternative levels defined as the land disposal restriction limits specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.143 and Table B to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728 for F039 nonwastewaters. In complying with those alternative levels, if an owner or operator is unable to detect a constituent despite documenting use of the best good-faith efforts, as defined by applicable USEPA guidance and standards, the owner or operator is deemed to be in compliance for that constituent. Until USEPA develops new guidance or standards, the owner or operator may demonstrate such good-faith efforts by achieving a detection limit for the constituent that does not exceed an order of magnitude above (ten times) the level provided by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.143 and Table B to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728 for F039 nonwastewater levels for polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzo-furans (D/F), analyses must be performed for total hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins, total hexachlorodibenzofurans, total pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins, total pentachlorodibenzofurans, total tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins, and total tetrachlorodibenzofurans;

BOARD NOTE:

In a note to corresponding 40 CFR 266.112(b)(2)(i), USEPA stated as follows:

The administrative stay, under the condition that the owner or operator complies with alternative levels defined as the land disposal restriction limits

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specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.143 for F039 nonwastewaters, remains in effect until further administrative action is taken and notice is published in the Federal Register and the Code of Federal Regulations.

Under Section 3006(b) and (g) of RCRA, 42 USC 6926(b) and (g), federal amendments do not go into effect in Illinois until the State of Illinois incorporates them into the State program. This applies unless the authority under which USEPA adopted the amendments is the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 (HSWA), in which case the federal amendments become effective in Illinois on their federal effective date.

The federal regulations do not themselves define the phrase "appropriate analytical methods," but USEPA did include a definition in its preamble discussion accompanying the rule. The Board directs attention to the following segment (at 70 Fed. Reg. 34538, 34541 (June 14, 2005)) for the purposes of subsections (b)(1)(C) and (b)(1)(D) of this Section:

Two[T]wo primary considerations in selecting an appropriate method, which together serve as our general definition of an appropriate method [are the following]...:

- 1. Appropriate methods are reliable and accepted as such in the scientific community.
- 2. Appropriate methods generate effective data.

USEPA went on to further elaborate these two concepts and to specify other documents that might provide guidance.

B) Metal constituents. The concentration of metals in an extract obtained using the TCLP test must not exceed the levels specified

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in Appendix G of this Part;

- C) Sampling and analysis. Wastewater-derived residue must be sampled and analyzed as often as necessary to determine whether the residue generated during each 24-hour period has concentrations of toxic constituents that are higher than the health-based levels. Concentrations of concern in the wastewater-derived residue must be determined based on analysis of one or more samples obtained over a 24-hour period. Multiple samples may be analyzed, and multiple samples may be taken to form a composite for analysis provided that the sampling period does not exceed 24 hours. If more than one sample is analyzed to characterize waste-derived residues generated over a 24-hour period, the concentration of each toxic constituent is the arithmetic mean of the concentrations of the samples. No results can be disregarded; and
- c) Records sufficient to document compliance with the provisions of this Section must be retained until closure of the BIF unit. At a minimum, the following must be recorded:
 - 1) Levels of constituents in Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that are present in waste-derived residues;
 - 2) If the waste-derived residue is compared with normal residue under subsection (b)(1) of this Section:
 - A) The levels of constituents in Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that are present in normal residues; and
 - B) Data and information, including analyses of samples as necessary, obtained to determine if changes in raw materials or fuels would reduce the concentration of toxic constituents of concern in the normal residue.

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Section 726.APPENDIX G Health-Based Limits for Exclusion of Waste-Derived Residues

NOTE 1: Under Section 726.212(b)(2)(A), the health-based concentration limits for Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 constituents for which a health-based concentration is not provided below is 2×10^{-6} mg/kg (0.000002 mg/kg or 0.002 $\mu g \mu g \mu g/kg$).

NOTE 2: The levels specified in this Section and the default level of 0.002 µgµg/kg (0.000002 mg/kg) or the level of detection for constituents, as identified in Note 1, are administratively stayed under the condition, for those constituents specified in Section 726.212(b)(1), that the owner or operator complies with alternative levels defined as the land disposal restriction limits specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.143 and Table B to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728 for F039 nonwastewaters. See Section 726.212(b)(2)(A).

Metals-TCLP Extract Concentration Limits

Constituent	CAS No.	Concentration limits for residues (mg/Lkg)
Antimony	7440-36-0	1.
Arsenic	7440-38-2	5.
Barium	7440-39-3	100.
Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.007
Cadmium	7440-43-9	1.
Chromium	7440-47-3	5.
Lead	7439-92-1	5.
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.2
Nickel	7440-02-0	70.
Selenium	7782-49-2	1.
Silver	7440-22-4	5.
Thallium	7440-28-0	7.

Nonmetals-Residue Concentration Limits

Constituent	CAS No.	Concentration limits for residues (mg/kg)
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	0.2
Acetophenone	98-86-2	4.

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Acrolein	107-02-8	0.5
Acrylamide	79-06-1	0.0002
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.0007
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.00002
Allyl alcohol	107-18-6	0.2
Aluminum phosphide	20859-73-8	0.01
Aniline	62-53-3	0.06
Barium cyanide	542-62-1	1.
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.0001
Benzene	71-43-2	0.005
Benzidine	92-87-5	0.000001
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	0.0003
Bis(chloromethyl) ether	542-88-1	0.000002
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	30.
Bromoform	75-25-2	0.7
Calcium cyanide	592-01-8	0.000001
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	4.
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.005
Chlordane	57-74-9	0.0003
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	1.
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.06
Copper cyanide	544-92-3	0.2
Cresols (Cresylic acid)	1319-77-3	2.
Cyanogen	460-19-5	1.
DDT	50-29-3	0.001
Dibenz(a, h)-anthracene	53-70-3	0.00007
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	0.00002
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.07.5
		0.075 0.0750.07.5
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	7.
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.005
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.1
1,3-Dichloropropene	542-75-6	0.001
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.00002
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	30.
Diethylstilbestrol	56-53-1	0.000001
		<u>0.000007</u> 0.00000070.0000001
Dimethoate	60-51-5	0.03

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2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.0005
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	0.9
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	0.0005
Endosulfan	115-29-7	0.002
Endrin	72-20-8	0.0002
Epichlorohydrin	106-89-8	0.04
Ethylene dibromide	106-93-4	0.000001
CL*MACHENINE.		0.0000040,00000040,0000001
Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.0003
Fluorine	7782-41-4	4.
Formic acid	64-18-6	70.
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.00008
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.00004
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.0002
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.005
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.2
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	19408-74-3	0.000001
and the state of t		0.0000006 0.00000060.0000001
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.03
Hydrazine	302-01-1	0.0001
Hydrogen cyanide	74-90-8	0.00007
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	0.000001
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	10.
Methomyl	16752-77-5	1.
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.1
3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	0.00004
4,4'-Methylenebis	101-14-4	0.002
(2-chloroaniline)		
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.05
Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	78-93-3	2.
Methyl hydrazine	60-34-4	0.0003
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	0.02
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10.
Nickel cyanide	557-19-7	0.7
Nitric oxide	10102-43-9	4.
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.02
N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	924-16-3	0.00006
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.000002

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N-Nitroso-N-methylurea	684-93-5	0.0000001
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	0.0002
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.03
Pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB)	82-68-8	0.1
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	1.
Phenol	108-95-2	1.
Phenylmercury acetate	62-38-4	0.003
Phosphine	7803-51-2	0.01
Polychlorinated biphenyls, N.O.S	1336-36-3	0.00005
Potassium cyanide	151-50-8	2.
Potassium silver cyanide	506-61-6	7.
Pronamide	23950-58-5	3.
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.04
Reserpine	50-55-5	0.00003
Selenourea	630-10-4	0.2
Silver cyanide	506-64-9	4.
Sodium cyanide	143-33-9	1.
Strychnine	57-24-9	0.01
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.01
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	0.002
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.7
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.01
Tetraethyl lead	78-00-2	0.000004
Thiourea	62-56-6	0.0002
Toluene	108-88-3	10.
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.005
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.006
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.005
Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	10.
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	4.
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	4.
Vanadium pentoxide	1314-62-1	0.7
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.002

(Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Style change		0
Format changed		0
Total changes		143



1		TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
2		SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL
3		CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
4	SU	JBCHAPTER c: HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING REQUIREMENTS
5		PART 726
7	STAND	ARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SPECIFIC HAZARDOUS WASTE AND
8		ECIFIC TYPES OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES
9	DI I	Bellie I II Es et in Elikabees wiste in a medinen i incleit les
10		SUBPART A: GENERAL
11		DODITING THE OBJECTION
12	Section	
13	726.102	Electronic Reporting
14		Zierniam tarpotano
15		SUBPART C: RECYCLABLE MATERIALS USED IN A
16		MANNER CONSTITUTING DISPOSAL
17		
18	Section	
19	726.120	Applicability
20	726.121	Standards Applicable to Generators and Transporters of Materials Used in a
21		Manner that Constitutes Disposal
22	726.122	Standards Applicable to Storers, Who Are Not the Ultimate Users, of Materials
23		that Are To Be Used in a manner that Constitutes Disposal
24	726.123	Standards Applicable to Users of Materials that Are Used in a Manner that
25		Constitutes Disposal
26		
27	SU	BPART D: HAZARDOUS WASTE BURNED FOR ENERGY RECOVERY
28		
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30	726.130	Applicability (Repealed)
31	726.131	Prohibitions (Repealed)
32	726.132	Standards applicable to generators of hazardous waste fuel (Repealed)
33	726.133	Standards applicable to transporters of hazardous waste fuel (Repealed)
34	726.134	Standards applicable to marketers of hazardous waste fuel (Repealed)
35	726.135	Standards applicable to burners of hazardous waste fuel (Repealed)
36	726.136	Conditional exemption for spent materials and by-products exhibiting a
37		characteristic of hazardous waste (Repealed)
38		
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42	726.140	Applicability (Repealed)
43	726.141	Prohibitions (Repealed)

44 45	726.142	Standards applicable to generators of used oil burned for energy recovery (Repealed)
46	726.143	Standards applicable to marketers of used oil burned for energy recovery
47	720.143	(Repealed)
48	726.144	Standards applicable to burners of used oil burned for energy recovery (Repealed)
49	120.144	Standards appreciate to burners of used on burned for energy recovery (repeated)
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58	726.180	Applicability and Requirements
59	720.100	rippireasinty and resignations
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61		AND INDUSTRIAL FURNACES
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97	726.330	Condition	s to Qualify for and Maintain a Storage and Treatment Conditional							
98		Exemptio	n							
99	726.335	Treatmen	t Allowed by a Storage and Treatment Conditional Exemption							
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107	726.415	Condition	s to Qualify for and Maintain a Transportation and Disposal Conditional							
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109	726.420	Treatmen	Treatment Standards for Eligible Waste							
110	726.425	Applicabi	Applicability of the Manifest and Transportation Condition							
111	726.430	Effective	Effectiveness of a Transportation and Disposal Exemption							
112	726.435	Disposal	Disposal of Exempted Waste							
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119										
120	726.APPEN	NDIX A	Tier I and Tier II Feed Rate and Emissions Screening Limits for							
121			Metals							
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126	726.APPEN	NDIX E	Risk-Specific Doses							
127	726.APPEN		Stack Plume Rise							
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130		Residues
131	726.APPENDIX I	Methods Manual for Compliance with BIF Regulations
132	726.APPENDIX J	Guideline on Air Quality Models (Repealed)
133	726.APPENDIX K	Lead-Bearing Materials that May be Processed in Exempt Lead
134		Smelters
135	726.APPENDIX L	Nickel or Chromium-Bearing Materials that May Be Processed in
136		Exempt Nickel-Chromium Recovery Furnaces
137	726.APPENDIX M	Mercury-Bearing Wastes that May Be Processed in Exempt
138		Mercury Recovery Units
139	726.TABLE A	Exempt Quantities for Small Quantity Burner Exemption
140		
141		enting Sections 7.2 and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the
142	Environmental Protectio	n Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4 and 27].
143		
144		R85-22 at 10 III. Reg. 1162, effective January 2, 1986; amended in R86-1
145		Fective August 12, 1986; amended in R87-26 at 12 III. Reg. 2900,
146		88; amended in R89-1 at 13 Ill. Reg. 18606, effective November 13,
147		2 at 14 Ill. Reg. 14533, effective August 22, 1990; amended in R90-11 at
148		ve June 17, 1991; amended in R91-13 at 16 Ill. Reg. 9858, effective
149		n R92-10 at 17 Ill. Reg. 5865, effective March 26, 1993; amended in
150		904, effective November 22, 1993; amended in R94-7 at 18 Ill. Reg.
151		, 1994; amended in R95-4/R95-6 at 19 Ill. Reg. 10006, effective June 27
152		20 at 20 Ill. Reg. 11263, effective August 1, 1996; amended in R96-
153		l. Reg. 754, effective December 16, 1997; amended in R97-21/R98-
154		8042, effective September 28, 1998; amended in R99-15 at 23 Ill. Reg.
155		1999; amended in R00-13 at 24 Ill. Reg. 9853, effective June 20, 2000;
156		12/R02-17 at 26 Ill. Reg. 6667, effective April 22, 2002; amended in
157		00, effective February 14, 2003; amended in R03-18 at 27 Ill. Reg.
158		, 2003; amended in R06-5/R06-6/R06-7 at 30 Ill. Reg. 3700, effective
159		nded in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 III. Reg. 1096, effective December
160		07-5/R07-14 at 32 Ill. Reg. 12741, effective July 14, 2008; amended in
161		Reg. 18117, effective October 14, 2011; amended in R13-5 at 37 Ill.
162		rch 4, 2013; amended in R13-15 at 37 Ill. Reg. 17888, effective October
163	24, 2013; amended in R	16-7 at 40 Ill. Reg, effective
164		
165	SUBPA	RT H: HAZARDOUS WASTE BURNED IN BOILERS
166		AND INDUSTRIAL FURNACES
167		
168	Section 726.202 Permi	t Standards for Burners
169		
170	a) Applicab	ility.
171		
172	1) G	eneral. An owner or operator of a BIF that burns hazardous waste and

173			whic	h does not operate under interim status must comply with the					
174			requi	rements of this Section and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208 and 703.232,					
175			unles	unless exempt pursuant to the small quantity burner exemption of Section					
176			726.2	208.					
177									
178		2)	Appl	icability of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 standards. An owner or operator					
179			of a l	BIF that burns hazardous waste is subject to the following provisions					
180				Ill. Adm. Code 724, except as provided otherwise by this Subpart H:					
181									
182			A)	In Subpart A (General), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.104;					
183			,						
184			B)	In Subpart B (General facility standards), 35 Ill. Adm. Code					
185				724.111 through 724.118;					
186				V 200 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
187			C)	In Subpart C (Preparedness and prevention), 35 Ill. Adm. Code					
188			-)	724.131 through 724.137;					
189				7211121 111101151111111111111111111111111					
190			D)	In Subpart D (Contingency plan and emergency procedures), 35					
191			2)	Ill. Adm. Code 724.151 through 724.156;					
192				III. I talli. Code 12 iii 51 tillough 12 iii 50,					
193			E)	In Subpart E (Manifest system, recordkeeping and reporting), the					
194			ъ,	applicable provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.171 through					
195				724.177;					
196				724.177,					
197			F)	In Subpart F (Releases from Solid Waste Management Units), 35					
198			1)	Ill. Adm. Code 724.190 and 724.201;					
199				III. Adili. Code 724.190 and 724.201,					
200			G)	In Subpart G (Closure and post-closure), 35 Ill. Adm. Code					
200			U)	724.211 through 724.215;					
202				724.211 tillough 724.213,					
202			H)	In Subpart H (Financial requirements), 35 III. Adm. Code 724.241.					
203			11)	724.242, 724.243, and 724.247 through 724.251, except that the					
204				State of Illinois and the federal government are exempt from the					
206				requirements of Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724; and					
200				requirements of Suppart H of 55 In. Adm. Code 724, and					
			T	Subpart BB (Air emission standards for equipment leaks), except					
208			1)	그 게 그렇게 그렇게 되는 것이 없는데 이번 이번 가는 것이 없는데 그렇게 되었다. 그런					
209				35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.950(a).					
210	1.5	TT							
211	b)	Haza	irdous V	vaste analysis.					
212		1)	The	arrange on an analysis married married on an allegic of the beautiful and					
213		1)		owner or operator must provide an analysis of the hazardous waste					
214				quantifies the concentration of any constituent identified in Appendix					
215			H OI	35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that is reasonably expected to be in the waste.					

 Such constituents must be identified and quantified if present, at levels detectable by using appropriate analytical methods. The constituents listed in Appendix H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that are excluded from this analysis must be identified and the basis for their exclusion explained. This analysis must provide all information required by this Subpart H and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208 and 703.232 and must enable the Agency to prescribe such permit conditions as are necessary to adequately protect human health and the environment. Such analysis must be included as a portion of the Part B permit application, or, for facilities operating under the interim status standards of this Subpart H, as a portion of the trial burn plan that may be submitted before the Part B application pursuant to provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232(g), as well as any other analysis required by the Agency. The owner or operator of a BIF not operating under the interim status standards must provide the information required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208 and 703.232 in the Part B application to the greatest extent possible.

- 2) Throughout normal operation, the owner or operator must conduct sampling and analysis as necessary to ensure that the hazardous waste, other fuels, and industrial furnace feedstocks fired into the BIF are within the physical and chemical composition limits specified in the permit.
- c) Emissions standards. An owner or operator must comply with emissions standards provided by Sections 726.204 through 726.207.
- d) Permits.
 - The owner or operator must burn only hazardous wastes specified in the facility permit and only under the operating conditions specified pursuant to subsection (e) of this Section, except in approved trial burns under the conditions specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232.
 - 2) Hazardous wastes not specified in the permit must not be burned until operating conditions have been specified under a new permit or permit modification, as applicable. Operating requirements for new wastes must be based on either trial burn results or alternative data included with Part B of a permit application pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208.
 - 3) BIFs operating under the interim status standards of Section 726.203 are permitted pursuant to procedures provided by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232(g).
 - 4) A permit for a new BIF (those BIFs not operating under the interim status

standards) must establish appropriate conditions for each of the applicable requirements of this Section, including but not limited to allowable hazardous waste firing rates and operating conditions necessary to meet the requirements of subsection (e) of this Section, in order to comply with the following standards:

- A) For the period beginning with initial introduction of hazardous waste and ending with initiation of the trial burn, and only for the minimum time required to bring the device to a point of operational readiness to conduct a trial burn, not to exceed a duration of 720 hours operating time when burning hazardous waste, the operating requirements must be those most likely to ensure compliance with the emission standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207, based on the Agency's engineering judgment. If the applicant is seeking a waiver from a trial burn to demonstrate conformance with a particular emission standard, the operating requirements during this initial period of operation must include those specified by the applicable provisions of Section 726.204, Section 726.205, Section 726.206, or Section 726.207. The Agency must extend the duration of this period for up to 720 additional hours when good cause for the extension is demonstrated by the applicant.
- B) For the duration of the trial burn, the operating requirements must be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the emissions standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207 and must be in accordance with the approved trial burn plan;
- C) For the period immediately following completion of the trial burn, and only for the minimum period sufficient to allow sample analysis, data computation, submission of the trial burn results by the applicant, review of the trial burn results, and modification of the facility permit by the Agency to reflect the trial burn results, the operating requirements must be those most likely to ensure compliance with the emission standards Sections 726.204 through 726.207 based on the Agency's engineering judgment.
- D) For the remaining duration of the permit, the operating requirements must be those demonstrated in a trial burn or by alternative data specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208, as sufficient to ensure compliance with the emissions standards of Sections 726.204 through 726.207.

302	e)	Ope	rating requireme	ents.
303		- 22		
304		1)		BIF burning hazardous waste must be operated in accordance
305				rating requirements specified in the permit at all times when
306			there is hazar	rdous waste in the unit.
307				
808		2)	Requirement	s to ensure compliance with the organic emissions standards.
309				
310			A) DRE	(destruction or removal efficiency) standard. Operating
311			condi	tions must be specified in either of the following ways: on a
312			case-	by-case basis for each hazardous waste burned, which
313			condi	tions must be demonstrated (in a trial burn or by alternative
314			data,	as specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.208) to be sufficient to
315			comp	ly with the DRE performance standard of Section 726.204(a),
316			or as	special operating requirements provided by Section
317			726.2	204(a)(4) for the waiver of the DRE trial burn. When the DRE
318			trial l	ourn is not waived pursuant to Section 726.204(a)(4), each set
319				erating requirements must specify the composition of the
320				dous waste (including acceptable variations in the physical
321				hemical properties of the hazardous waste that will not affect
322				bliance with the DRE performance standard) to which the
323				ating requirements apply. For each such hazardous waste, the
324				it must specify acceptable operating limits including, but not
325				ed to, the following conditions, as appropriate:
326				,
327			i)	Feed rate of hazardous waste and other fuels measured and
328			1.7	specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
329				
330			ii)	Minimum and maximum device production rate when
331			/	producing normal product expressed in appropriate units,
332				measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)-of
333				this Section;
334				
335			iii)	Appropriate controls of the hazardous waste firing system;
336)	rippropriate controls of the naturations whose image system,
337			iv)	Allowable variation in BIF system design or operating
338			11,)	procedures;
339				procedures,
340			v)	Minimum combustion gas temperature measured at a
341			*)	location indicative of combustion chamber temperature,
342				measured, and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)
343				of this Section;
344				or uns section,
777				

345			vi)	An appropriate indicator of combustion gas velocity,
346				measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)-of
347				this Section, unless documentation is provided pursuant to
348				35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232 demonstrating adequate
349				combustion gas residence time; and
350				
351			vii)	Such other operating requirements as are necessary to
352				ensure that the DRE performance standard of Section
353				726.204(a) is met.
354				
355		B)	CO a	nd hydrocarbon (HC) standards. The permit must incorporate
356			a CO	limit and, as appropriate, a HC limit as provided by Section
357				204(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f). The permit limits must be
358			speci	fied as follows:
359				
360			i)	When complying with the CO standard of Section
361				726.204(b)(1), the permit limit is 100 ppmy;
362				V2V25V46V402V4
363			ii)	When complying with the alternative CO standard pursuant
364				to Section 726.204(c), the permit limit for CO is based on
365				the trial burn and is established as the average over all valid
366				runs of the highest hourly rolling average CO level of each
367				run; and, the permit limit for HC is 20 ppmv (as defined in
368				Section 726.204(c)(1)), except as provided in Section
369				726.204(f); or
370				(-),
371			iii)	When complying with the alternative HC limit for
372			/	industrial furnaces pursuant to Section 726.204(f), the
373				permit limit for HC and CO is the baseline level when
374				hazardous waste is not burned as specified by that
375				subsection.
376				
377		C)	Start	-up and shut-down. During start-up and shut-down of the
378		0)		hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient
379				r the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for
380				ls and chloride/chlorine, and except low risk waste exempt
381				the trial burn requirements pursuant to Sections
382				204(a)(5), 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207) must not be fed
383				the device, unless the device is operating within the conditions
384				peration specified in the permit.
385			or of	Aradon specifica in the permit.
386	3)	Regu	iremen	ts to ensure conformance with the particulate matter (PM)
387	2)	stand		is to ensure comormance with the particulate matter (FM)
307		Stant	alu.	

388					
389		A)	Except as provided in subsections (e)(3)(B) and (e)(3)(C)-of this		
390		+ +/	Section, the permit must specify the following operating		
391			requirements to ensure conformance with the PM standard		
392			specified in Section 726.205:		
393			specified in Section /20.200.		
394			i) Total ash feed rate to the device from hazardous waste,		
395			other fuels, and industrial furnace feedstocks, measured and		
396			specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;		
397			specified as presented in subsection (e)(o) of this section,		
398			ii) Maximum device production rate when producing normal		
399			product expressed in appropriate units, and measured and		
400			specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;		
401			specified as presented in subsection (e)(o) of this section,		
402			iii) Appropriate controls on operation and maintenance of the		
403			hazardous waste firing system and any air pollution control		
404			system (APCS);		
405			system (rif es);		
406			iv) Allowable variation in BIF system design including any		
407			APCS or operating procedures; and		
408			and the of opening procedures, and		
409			v) Such other operating requirements as are necessary to		
410			ensure that the PM standard in Section 726.205(a) is met.		
411			ensure that the 1111 standard in Section 720.205(a) is incu		
412		B)	Permit conditions to ensure conformance with the PM standard		
413		2)	must not be provided for facilities exempt from the PM standard		
414			pursuant to Section 726.205(b);		
415			p		
416		C)	For cement kilns and light-weight aggregate kilns, permit		
417		-)	conditions to ensure compliance with the PM standard must not		
418			limit the ash content of hazardous waste or other feed materials.		
419			man and and content of included the fraction of other root interface.		
420	4)	Rear	uirements to ensure conformance with the metals emissions standard.		
421	- /	110-1			
422		A)	For conformance with the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) metals feed		
423		1.1)	rate screening limits of Section 726.206(b) or (e), the permit must		
424			specify the following operating requirements:		
425			specify the rotto wing operating requirements.		
426			i) Total feed rate of each metal in hazardous waste, other		
427			fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks measured and		
428			specified pursuant to provisions of subsection (e)(6)-of this		
429			Section;		
430			Sections		
17.7					

			1,22,22,1,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,21,
431 432		ii)	Total feed rate of hazardous waste measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section; and
433			
434		iii)	A sampling and metals analysis program for the hazardous
435			waste, other fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks;
436			
437	B)		onformance with the Tier II metals emission rate screening
438		limits	s pursuant to Section 726.206(c) and the Tier III metals
439			ols pursuant to Section 726.206(d), the permit must specify
440		the fo	ollowing operating requirements:
441			
442		i)	Maximum emission rate for each metal specified as the
443			average emission rate during the trial burn;
444			
445		ii)	Feed rate of total hazardous waste and pumpable hazardous
446			waste, each measured and specified as prescribed in
447			subsection (e)(6)(A)-of this Section;
448			
449		iii)	Feed rate of each metal in the following feedstreams,
450			measured and specified as prescribed in subsections (e)(6)
451			of this Section: total feed streams; total hazardous waste
452			feed; and total pumpable hazardous waste feed;
453			
454			BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40
455			CFR 266.102(e)(4)(ii)(C)(l) and (e)(4)(ii)(C)(2) into this
456			subsection (e)(4)(B)(iii) to comport with Illinois
457			Administrative Code codification requirements.
458			
459		iv)	Total feed rate of chlorine and chloride in total feed stream
460			measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)-o
461			this Section;
462			
463		v)	Maximum combustion gas temperature measured at a
464			location indicative of combustion chamber temperature,
465			and measured and specified as prescribed in subsection
466			(e)(6) of this Section;
467			
468		vi)	Maximum flue gas temperature at the inlet to the PM APCS
469			measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)-o
470			this Section;
471			Manthamata and a landau salah
472		vii)	Maximum device production rate when producing normal
473			product expressed in appropriate units and measured and

174			specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;	
175				
176		viii)	Appropriate controls on operation and maintenance of the	
177			hazardous waste firing system and any APCS;	
178				
179		ix)	Allowable variation in BIF system design including any	
180			APCS or operating procedures; and	
181		4.5		
182		x)	Such other operating requirements as are necessary to	
183			ensure that the metals standards pursuant to Section	
184			726.206(c) or (d) are met.	
485	00		And the latest and the same of	
486 487	C)		onformance with an alternative implementation approach	
487			ved by the Agency pursuant to Section 726.206(f), the permit	
488		must	specify the following operating requirements:	
489 400		-25	Manimum and advantage of the section and Co. I and the	
490 401		i)	Maximum emission rate for each metal specified as the	
491			average emission rate during the trial burn;	
492 403		225	Pard and a first 11 and 1 and 2 and	
493		ii)	Feed rate of total hazardous waste and pumpable hazardous	
494 405			waste, each measured and specified as prescribed in	
495 406			subsection (e)(6)(A) of this Section;	
496 407		:::x	Food rate of each motal in the following foodstrooms	
497		iii)	Feed rate of each metal in the following feedstreams,	
498 499			measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)-of this Section: total hazardous waste feed; and total	
500			(2014년 12일	
501			pumpable hazardous waste feed;	
502			BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40	
503			CFR 266.102(e)(4)(iii)(C)(I) and (e)(4)(iii)(C)(I) into this	
504			subsection (e)(4)(C)(iii) to comport with Illinois	
505			Administrative Code codification requirements.	
506			Administrative code codification requirements.	
507		iv)	Total feed rate of chlorine and chloride in total feed streams	
508		14)	measured and specified prescribed in subsection (e)(6)-of	
509			this Section;	
510			uns section,	
511		v)	Maximum combustion gas temperature measured at a	
512		1)	location indicative of combustion chamber temperature,	
512			and measured and specified as prescribed in subsection	
514			(e)(6) of this Section;	
515			(c)(o) of this section,	
516		vi)	Maximum flue gas temperature at the inlet to the PM APCS	
		,1)	The same true gas temperature at the finet to the 1 M M Co	

517				measured and specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)-or
518				this Section;
519				
520			vii)	Maximum device production rate when producing normal
521				product expressed in appropriate units and measured and
522				specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
523				
524			viii)	Appropriate controls on operation and maintenance of the
525				hazardous waste firing system and any APCS;
526				
527			ix)	Allowable variation in BIF system design including any
528				APCS or operating procedures; and
529				
530			x)	Such other operating requirements as are necessary to
531				ensure that the metals standards pursuant to Section
532				726.206(c) or (d) are met.
533				
534	5)	Requ	irement	s to ensure conformance with the HCl and chlorine gas
535		stand	ards.	
536				
537		A)	For c	onformance with the Tier I total chlorine and chloride feed
538			rate s	creening limits of Section 726.207(b)(1), the permit must
539				fy the following operating requirements:
540				. (
541			i)	Feed rate of total chlorine and chloride in hazardous waste,
542				other fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks measured and
543				specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
544				1
545			ii)	Feed rate of total hazardous waste measured and specified
546			,	as prescribed in subsection (e)(6)-of this Section; and
547				
548			iii)	A sampling and analysis program for total chlorine and
549			,	chloride for the hazardous waste, other fuels and industrial
550				furnace feedstocks;
551				Turnace recustocks,
552		B)	Forc	onformance with the Tier II HCl and chlorine gas emission
553		D)		creening limits pursuant to Section 726.207(b)(2) and the Tie
554				Cl and chlorine gas controls pursuant to Section 726.207(c),
555				ermit must specify the following operating requirements:
556			the pe	crime must specify the following operating requirements.
557			1)	Maximum emission rate for UCI and for obliging age
			i)	Maximum emission rate for HCl and for chlorine gas
558 550				specified as the average emission rate during the trial burn;

560		ii)	Feed rate of total hazardous waste measured and specified
561			as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
562			
563		iii)	Total feed rate of chlorine and chloride in total feed
564			streams, measured and specified as prescribed in subsection
565			(e)(6)-of this Section;
566		2.0	
567		iv)	Maximum device production rate when producing normal
568			product expressed in appropriate units, measured and
569			specified as prescribed in subsection (e)(6) of this Section;
570			
571		v)	Appropriate controls on operation and maintenance of the
572			hazardous waste firing system and any APCS;
573			that was the first factor and Michigan see
574		vi)	Allowable variation in BIF system design including any
575			APCS or operating procedures; and
576		25.0	
577		vii)	Such other operating requirements as are necessary to
578			ensure that the HCl and chlorine gas standards pursuant to
579			Section 726.207(b)(2) or (c) are met.
580			
581	6) Meas	suring p	arameters and establishing limits based on trial burn data.
582			
583	A)		eral requirements. As specified in subsections (e)(2) through
584		(e)(5)) of this Section, each operating parameter must be measured,
585		and p	permit limits on the parameter must be established, according
586		to eit	ther of the following procedures:
587			
588		i)	Instantaneous limits. A parameter is measured and
589			recorded on an instantaneous basis (i.e., the value that
590			occurs at any time) and the permit limit specified as the
591			time-weighted average during all valid runs of the trial
592			burn; or
593			
594		ii)	Hourly rolling average. The limit for a parameter must be
595			established and continuously monitored on an hourly
596			rolling average basis, as defined in Section 726.200(i). The
597			permit limit for the parameter must be established based on
598			trial burn data as the average over all valid test runs of the
599			highest hourly rolling average value for each run.
600			2
601			BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40
602			CFR $\underline{266.102(e)(6)(i)(B)(1)266.100(e)(6)(i)(B)(1)}$ and
J. 10			

503			6)(i)(B)(2) into this subsection (e)(6)(A)(ii) and moved
504			ext of 40 CFR <u>266.102(e)(6)(i)(B)(1)(i)</u>
505			100(e)(6)(i)(B)(1)(i) and $(e)(6)(i)(B)(1)(ii)$ to appear as
506			nitions of "continuous monitor" and "hourly rolling
507			age," respectively, in Section 726.200(i) to comport
508			Illinois Administrative Code codification
509		requ	irements.
510			
511	B)	Rolling ave	rage limits for carcinogenic metals and lead. Feed rate
512		limits for th	e carcinogenic metals (as defined in Section
513		726.200(i))	and lead must be established either on an hourly rolling
514		average bas	is, as prescribed by subsection (e)(6)(A) of this
515		Section, or	on (up to) a 24 hour rolling average basis. If the owner
516		or operator	elects to use an average period from 2 to 24 hours, the
517		following re	equirements apply:
518			
519		i) The	feed rate of each metal must be limited at any time to
520			times the feed rate that would be allowed on an hourly
521			ng average basis;
522			-8
523		ii) The	continuous monitor must meet the specifications of
524			ntinuous monitor," "rolling average for the selected
525			raging period," and "one hour block average" as defined
526			ection 726.200(i); and
527			7201200(1), 11111
528		BO	ARD NOTE: The Board has moved the text of 40 CFR
529			102(e)(6)(ii)(B)(1)266.100(e)(6)(ii)(B)(1) and
630			(6)(ii)(B)(2) to appear as definitions in Section
631		0.07	200(i) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code
632			fication requirements.
633		coun	neation requirements.
534		iii) The	permit limit for the feed rate of each metal must be
635			blished based on trial burn data as the average over all
636			d test runs of the highest hourly rolling average feed
537			for each run.
638		Tate	for each run.
539	C)	Feed rate li	mits for metals, total chlorine and chloride, and ash.
540	C)		mits for metals, total chlorine and chloride, and ash are
540 541			에서는 그는 그는 일이 없는 것이다. 그리고 선생님은 그렇게 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 없는 것이 하지 않는데 사이에 가능하게 되는 것은 것이다. 그렇게 되는 것이다.
			and monitored by knowing the concentration of the
542			i.e., metals, chloride/chlorine and ash) in each
543			and the flow rate of the feedstream. To monitor the
544			these substances, the flow rate of each feedstream mus
545		be monitore	ed pursuant to the continuous monitoring requirements

646			of sul	osections (e)(6)(A) and (e)(6)(B) of this Section.
647				
648		D)	Cond	uct of trial burn testing.
649				
650			i)	If compliance with all applicable emissions standards of
651				Sections 726.204 through 726.207 is not demonstrated
652				simultaneously during a set of test runs, the operating
653				conditions of additional test runs required to demonstrate
654				compliance with remaining emissions standards must be as
655				close as possible to the original operating conditions.
656				
657			ii)	Prior to obtaining test data for purposes of demonstrating
658				compliance with the emissions standards of Sections
659				726.204 through 726.207 or establishing limits on
660				operating parameters pursuant to this Section, the unit must
661				operate under trial burn conditions for a sufficient period to
662				reach steady-state operations. However, industrial furnaces
663				that recycle collected PM back into the furnace and that
664				comply with an alternative implementation approach for
665				metals pursuant to Section 726.206(f) need not reach steady
666				state conditions with respect to the flow of metals in the
667				system prior to beginning compliance testing for metals
668				emissions.
669				
670			iii)	Trial burn data on the level of an operating parameter for
671				which a limit must be established in the permit must be
672				obtained during emissions sampling for the pollutants (i.e.,
673				metals, PM, HCl/chlorine gas, organic compounds) for
674				which the parameter must be established as specified by
675				this subsection (e).
676				
677	7)	Gene	ral requ	irements.
678	.,	2.20	1	
679		A)	Fugit	ive emissions. Fugitive emissions must be controlled in one
680		/	_	e following ways:
681			2.0	
682			i)	By keeping the combustion zone totally sealed against
683			-/	fugitive emissions;
684				ragin v omissions,
685			ii)	By maintaining the combustion zone pressure lower than
686)	atmospheric pressure; or
687				annosphorio prosocio, or
688			iii)	By an alternative means of control demonstrated (with Part
0.50			111)	2) an atomative means of control demonstrated (with I dit

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B of the permit application) to provide fugitive emissions control equivalent to maintenance of combustion zone pressure lower than atmospheric pressure.

- B) Automatic waste feed cutoff. A BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when operating conditions deviate from those established pursuant to this Section. In addition, the following requirements apply:
 - The permit limit for (the indicator of) minimum combustion chamber temperature must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber;
 - Exhaust gases must be ducted to the APCS operated in accordance with the permit requirements while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber; and
 - iii) Operating parameters for which permit limits are established must continue to be monitored during the cutoff, and the hazardous waste feed must not be restarted until the levels of those parameters comply with the permit limits. For parameters that are monitored on an instantaneous basis, the Agency must establish a minimum period of time after a waste feed cutoff during which the parameter must not exceed the permit limit before the hazardous waste feed is restarted.
- C) Changes. A BIF must cease burning hazardous waste when combustion properties or feed rates of the hazardous waste, other fuels or industrial furnace feedstocks, or the BIF design or operating conditions deviate from the limits as specified in the permit.
- 8) Monitoring and Inspections.
 - A) The owner or operator must monitor and record the following, at a minimum, while burning hazardous waste:
 - If specified by the permit, feed rates and composition of hazardous waste, other fuels, and industrial furnace

feedstocks and feed rates of ash, metals, and total chlorine and chloride;

- ii) If specified by the permit, CO, HCs, and oxygen on a continuous basis at a common point in the BIF downstream of the combustion zone and prior to release of stack gases to the atmosphere in accordance with operating requirements specified in subsection (e)(2)(B)-of this Section. CO, HC, and oxygen monitors must be installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with methods specified in Appendix I of this Part; and
- iii) Upon the request of the Agency, sampling and analysis of the hazardous waste (and other fuels and industrial furnace feedstocks as appropriate), residues, and exhaust emissions must be conducted to verify that the operating requirements established in the permit achieve the applicable standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207.
- B) All monitors must record data in units corresponding to the permit limit unless otherwise specified in the permit.
- C) The BIF and associated equipment (pumps, valves, pipes, fuel storage tanks, etc.) must be subjected to thorough visual inspection when it contains hazardous waste, at least daily for leaks, spills, fugitive emissions, and signs of tampering.
- D) The automatic hazardous waste feed cutoff system and associated alarms must be tested at least once every seven days when hazardous waste is burned to verify operability, unless the applicant demonstrates to the Agency that weekly inspections will unduly restrict or upset operations and that less frequent inspections will be adequate. At a minimum, operational testing must be conducted at least once every 30 days.
- E) These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating record required by 35 III. Adm. Code 724.173.
- 9) Direct transfer to the burner. If hazardous waste is directly transferred from a transport vehicle to a BIF without the use of a storage unit, the owner and operator must comply with Section 726.211.

775 776 777		10)		rdkeeping. The owner or operator must maintain in the operating d of the facility all information and data required by this Section for rears.
778 779 780 781		11)	waste	are. At closure, the owner or operator must remove all hazardous and hazardous waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, ber waters, and scrubber sludges) from the BIF.
782 783	(Source	ce: An	nended a	at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)
	Section 726.2	203 In	terim S	tatus Standards for Burners
786 787	a)	Purpo	se, sco	pe, and applicability.
788 789		1)	Gene	ral.
790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799			A) B)	The purpose of this Section is to establish minimum national standards for owners and operators of "existing" BIFs that burn hazardous waste where such standards define the acceptable management of hazardous waste during the period of interim status. The standards of this Section apply to owners and operators of existing facilities until either a permit is issued under Section 726.202(d) or until closure responsibilities identified in this Section are fulfilled. "Existing" or "in existence" means a BIF for which the owner or
801 802 803 804			D)	operator filed a certification of precompliance with USEPA pursuant to federal 40 CFR 266.103(b); provided, however, that USEPA has not determined that the certification is invalid.
805 806 807 808 809 810			C)	If a BIF is located at a facility that already has a RCRA permit or interim status, then the owner or operator must comply with the applicable regulations dealing with permit modifications in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.280 or changes in interim status in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.155.
811 812 813		2)		aptions. The requirements of this Section do not apply to hazardous and facilities exempt under Section 726.200(b) or 726.208.
814 815 816 817		3)	waste	bition on burning dioxin-listed wastes. The following hazardous e listed for dioxin and hazardous waste derived from any of these es must not be burned in a BIF operating under interim status: PA hazardous waste numbers F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and

818		F027	
819			
820	4)	Appl	icability of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 standards. An owner or operator
821		of a l	BIF that burns hazardous waste and which is operating under interim
822		statu	s is subject to the following provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725,
823		exce	pt as provided otherwise by this Section:
824		1	
825		A)	In Subpart A of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (General), 35 Ill. Adm.
826			Code 725.104;
827			
828		B)	In Subpart B of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (General facility standards),
829			35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.111 through 725.117;
830			
831		C)	In Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Preparedness and
832			prevention), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.131 through 725.137;
833			
834		D)	In Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Contingency plan and
835			emergency procedures), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.151 through
836			725.156;
837			
838		E)	In Subpart E of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Manifest system,
839			recordkeeping and reporting), 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.171 through
840			725.177, except that 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.171, 725.172 and
841			725.176 do not apply to owners and operators of on-site facilities
842			that do not receive any hazardous waste from off-site sources;
843			
844		F)	In Subpart G of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Closure and post-closure),
845			35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.211 through 725.215;
846			
847		G)	In Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Financial requirements),
848			35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.241, 725.242, 725.243, and 725.247
849			through 725.250, except that the State of Illinois and the federal
850			government are exempt from the requirements of Subpart H of 35
851			III. Adm. Code 725; and
852			
853		H)	In Subpart BB of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 (Air emission standards
854			for equipment leaks), except 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.950(a).
855			
856	5)	Spec	cial requirements for furnaces. The following controls apply during
857			im status to industrial furnaces (e.g., kilns, cupolas) that feed
858			rdous waste for a purpose other than solely as an ingredient (see
859			ection (a)(5)(B) of this Section) at any location other than the hot end
860			re products are normally discharged or where fuels are normally fired:

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A) Controls.

- The hazardous waste must be fed at a location where combustion gas temperature is at least 1800°F;
- The owner or operator must determine that adequate oxygen is present in combustion gases to combust organic constituents in the waste and retain documentation of such determination in the facility record;
- iii) For cement kiln systems, the hazardous waste must be fed into the kiln; and
- iv) The HC controls of Section 726.204(f) or subsection (c)(5) of this Section apply upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, irrespective of the CO level achieved during the compliance test.
- B) Burning hazardous waste solely as an ingredient. A hazardous waste is burned for a purpose other than "solely as an ingredient" if it meets either of the following criteria:
 - i) The hazardous waste has a total concentration of nonmetal compounds listed in Appendix H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721, exceeding 500 ppm by weight, as fired and so is considered to be burned for destruction. The concentration of nonmetal compounds in a waste as-generated may be reduced to the 500 ppm limit by bona fide treatment that removes or destroys nonmetal constituents. Blending for dilution to meet the 500 ppm limit is prohibited and documentation that the waste has not been impermissibly diluted must be retained in the facility record; or
 - ii) The hazardous waste has a heating value of 5,000 Btu/lb or more, as fired, and so is considered to be burned as fuel. The heating value of a waste as-generated may be reduced to below the 5,000 Btu/lb limit by bona fide treatment that removes or destroys organic constituents. The heating value of a waste as-generated may be reduced to below the 5,000 Btu/lb limit by bona fide treatment that removes or destroys organic constituents. Blending to augment the heating value to meet the 5,000 Btu/lb limit is prohibited

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and documentation that the waste has not been impermissibly blended must be retained in the facility record.

- 6) Restrictions on burning hazardous waste that is not a fuel. Prior to certification of compliance under subsection (c)-of this Section, an owner or operator must not feed hazardous waste that has a heating value less than 5000 Btu/lb, as generated, (except that the heating value of a waste as-generated may be increased to above the 5,000 Btu/lb limit by bona fide treatment; however blending to augment the heating value to meet the 5,000 Btu/lb limit is prohibited and records must be kept to document that impermissible blending has not occurred) in a BIF, except that the following may occur:
 - A) Hazardous waste may be burned solely as an ingredient;
 - B) Hazardous waste may be burned for purposes of compliance testing (or testing prior to compliance testing) for a total period of time not to exceed 720 hours;
 - C) Such waste may be burned if the Agency has documentation to show that the following was true prior to August 21, 1991:
 - The BIF was operating under the interim status standards for incinerators or thermal treatment units, Subparts O or P of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725;
 - ii) The BIF met the interim status eligibility requirements under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.153 for Subparts O or P of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725; and
 - iii) Hazardous waste with a heating value less than 5,000 Btu/lb was burned prior to that date; or
 - D) Such waste may be burned in a halogen acid furnace if the waste was burned as an excluded ingredient under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.102(e) prior to February 21, 1991, and documentation is kept on file supporting this claim.
- 7) Direct transfer to the burner. If hazardous waste is directly transferred from a transport vehicle to a BIF without the use of a storage unit, the owner or operator must comply with Section 726.211.

- b) Certification of precompliance. This subsection (b) corresponds with 40 CFR 266.103(b), under which USEPA required certain owners and operators to file a certification of precompliance by August 21, 1991. No similar filing with the Agency was required, so the Board did not incorporate the federal filing requirement into the Illinois regulations. This statement maintains structural parity with the federal regulations.
- c) Certification of compliance. The owner or operator must conduct emissions testing to document compliance with the emissions standards of Sections 726.204(b) through (e), 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 and subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv) of this Section under the procedures prescribed by this subsection (c), except under extensions of time provided by subsection (c)(7) of this Section. Based on the compliance test, the owner or operator must submit to the Agency, on or before August 21, 1992, a complete and accurate "certification of compliance" (under subsection (c)(4) of this Section) with those emission standards establishing limits on the operating parameters specified in subsection (c)(1) of this Section.
 - Limits on operating conditions. The owner or operator must establish limits on the following parameters based on operations during the compliance test (under procedures prescribed in subsection (c)(4)(D)-of this Section) or as otherwise specified and include these limits with the certification of compliance. The BIF must be operated in accordance with these operating limits and the applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204(b) through (e), 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 and subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv)-of this Section at all times when there is hazardous waste in the unit.
 - Feed rate of total hazardous waste and (unless complying the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e)), pumpable hazardous waste;
 - B) Feed rate of each metal in the following feedstreams:
 - i) Total feedstreams, except that industrial furnaces which must comply with the alternative metals implementation approach under subsection (c)(3)(B) of this Section must specify limits on the concentration of each metal in collected PM in lieu of feed rate limits for total feedstreams; and facilities that comply with Tier I or Adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits may set their operating limits at the metal feed rate screening limits determined under Sectionsubsection 726.206(b) or (e) of

990		this Section;
991		
992		BOARD NOTE: Federal subsections
993		266.103(c)(1)(ii)(A)(1) and $(c)(1)(ii)(A)(2)$ are condensed
994		into subsection (c)(1)(B)(i).
995		
996		ii) Total hazardous waste feed (unless complying with the Tier
997		I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under
998		Section 726.206(b) or (e)); and
999		
1000		iii) Total pumpable hazardous waste feed (unless complying
1001		with Tier I or Adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening
1002		limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e));
1003		
1004	C)	Total feed rate of total chlorine and chloride in total feed streams,
1005	-/	except that facilities that comply with Tier I or Adjusted Tier I feed
1006		rate screening limits may set their operating limits at the total
1007		chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits determined under
1008		Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e);
1009		2011011 / 20120 / (0)(1) 01 (0);
1010	D)	Total feed rate of ash in total feed streams, except that the ash feed
1011	2)	rate for cement kilns and light-weight aggregate kilns is not
1012		limited;
1013		minted,
1014	E)	CO concentration, and where required, HC concentration in stack
1015	2)	gas. When complying with the CO controls of Section 726.204(b),
1016		the CO limit is 100 ppmv, and when complying with the HC
1017		controls of Section 726.204(c), the HC limit is 20 ppmv. When
1018		complying with the CO controls of Section 726.204(c), the CO
1019		limit is established based on the compliance test;
1020		mint is established based on the compilative test,
1021	F)	Maximum production rate of the device in appropriate units when
1022	1)	producing normal product unless complying with Tier I or
1023		Adjusted Tier I feed rate screening limits for chlorine under
1024		Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e) and for all metals under Section
1025		$\frac{726.206(b)}{726.207(b)}$ or (e), and the uncontrolled particulate
1026		emissions do not exceed the standard under Section 726.205;
1027		emissions do not exceed the standard under Section 720.203,
1027	G)	Maximum combustion chamber temperature where the temperature
1029	0)	measurement is as close to the combustion zone as possible and is
1030		upstream of any quench water injection, (unless complying with
1031 1032		the Tier I adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e));
		Section 770 700(D) or (e)):

1033				
1034	H)	Maximum flue gas temperature entering a PM control device		
1035		(unless complying with Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate		
1036		screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the total		
1037		chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section		
1038		726.207(b) or (e));		
1039				
1040	I)	For systems using wet scrubbers, including wet ionizing scrubbers		
1041	7	(unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed		
1042		rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the total		
1043		chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section		
1044		726.207(b)(1) or (e)):		
1045		, = 1.25 / (e)(-) 12 (e)).		
1046		 Minimum liquid to flue gas ratio; 		
1047		s)		
1048		ii) Minimum scrubber blowdown from the system or		
1049		maximum suspended solids content of scrubber water; and		
1050		mammam suspended solids content of services which, and		
1051		iii) Minimum pH level of the scrubber water;		
1052		m) Transition pri level of the before white,		
1053	J)	For systems using venturi scrubbers, the minimum differential gas		
1054	- /	pressure across the venturi (unless complying the Tier I or adjusted		
1055		Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or		
1056		(e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits		
1057		under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e));		
1058		ander Section (20.20) (C)(1) or (C));		
1059	K)	For systems using dry scrubbers (unless complying with the Tier I		
1060	11)	or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under Section		
1061		726.206(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate		
1062		screening limits under Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e)):		
1063		serecting mines under section 720.207(b)(1) of (c)).		
1064		i) Minimum caustic feed rate; and		
1065		i) Himmain caustic food fate, and		
1066		ii) Maximum flue gas flow rate;		
1067		ii) Maximum nue gus now rute,		
1068	L)	For systems using wet ionizing scrubbers or electrostatic		
1069	1)	precipitators (unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I		
1070		metals feed rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e)		
1071		and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under		
1072		Section 726.207(b)(1) or (e)):		
1073		55511011 / 20.20 / (5)(1) 01 (6)).		
1074		i) Minimum electrical power in kVA to the precipitator		
1074		plates; and		
10/5		Piates, and		

1076				
1077			ii)	Maximum flue gas flow rate;
1078				
1079		M)	For s	ystems using fabric filters (baghouses), the minimum pressure
1080				(unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals
1081				rate screening limits under Section 726.206(b) or (e) and the
1082				chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under Section
1083				207(b)(1) or (e)).
1084				(-)(-)(-)
1085	2)	Prior	notice	of compliance testing. At least 30 days prior to the
1086	-/			testing required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section, the owner
1087				nust notify the Agency and submit the following information:
1088		огор	orator i	must notify the rigority and submit the following information.
1089		A)	Gene	eral facility information including:
1090)	o cine	an admity mornance moraling.
1091			i)	USEPA facility ID number;
1092			-)	COLITITIONIC ID NUMBER,
1093			ii)	Facility name, contact person, telephone number, and
1094)	address;
1095				
1096			iii)	Person responsible for conducting compliance test,
1097				including company name, address, and telephone number,
1098				and a statement of qualifications;
1099				and a suitement of quantonions,
1100			iv)	Planned date of the compliance test;
1101				1 mane and of the compliance tool,
1102		B)	Spec	ific information on each device to be tested, including the
1103		-/		wing:
1104			10110	
1105			i)	A Description of BIF;
1106			-)	ii z tompion vi zni ,
1107			ii)	A scaled plot plan showing the entire facility and location
1108				of the BIF;
1109				52 111 212,
1110			iii)	A description of the APCS;
1111			111)	Tradesirphon of the fire ob,
1112			iv)	Identification of the continuous emission monitors that are
1113			,	installed, including the following: CO monitor; Oxygen
1114				monitor; HC monitor, specifying the minimum temperature
1115				of the system, and, if the temperature is less than 150° C, ar
1116				explanation of why a heated system is not used (see
1117				subsection (c)(5) of this Section) and a brief description of
1118				the sample gas conditioning system;

1119				
1120			BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the	e text of 40
1121			CFR 266.103(c)(2)(ii)(D)(1) through (c)(2)(ii)	
1122			this subsection (c)(2)(B)(iv) to comport with I	
1123			Administrative Code codification requirement	
1124				_
1125			v) Indication of whether the stack is shared with	another
1126			device that will be in operation during the com	
1127			and	1
1128				
1129			vi) Other information useful to an understanding of	of the system
1130			design or operation; and	
1131				
1132		C)	Information on the testing planned, including a compl	ete copy of
1133			the test protocol and QA/QC plan, and a summary des	
1134			each test providing the following information at a mir	
1135				
1136			i) Purpose of the test (e.g., demonstrate complian	nce with
1137			emissions of PM); and	
1138			,	
1139			ii) Planned operating conditions, including levels	for each
1140			pertinent parameter specified in subsection (c)	
1141			Section.	(-2
1142				
1143	3)	Com	liance testing.	
1144	= 7.	. 2. 7.13		
1145		A)	General. Compliance testing must be conducted under	er conditions
1146		/	for which the owner or operator has submitted a certif	
1147			precompliance under subsection (b) of this Section an	
1148			conditions established in the notification of compliance	
1149			required by subsection (c)(2)-of this Section. The ow	
1150			operator may seek approval on a case-by-case basis to	
1151			compliance test data from one unit in lieu of testing a	
1152			site unit. To support the request, the owner or operate	
1153			provide a comparison of the hazardous waste burned	
1154			feedstreams, and the design, operation, and maintenar	
1155			the tested unit and the similar unit. The Agency must	
1156			written approval to use compliance test data in lieu of	and the second s
1157			similar unit if the Agency finds that the hazardous wa	
1158			and the operating conditions are sufficiently similar, a	
1159			from the other compliance test is adequate to meet the	
1160			requirements of this subsection (c).	
1161			requirements of this subsection (e).	
1101				

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			JCAR:
1162 1163 1164 1165 1166	В)	PM. into	ial requirements for industrial furnational countries and operators of industrial the furnace PM from the APCS must wing procedures for testing to determ the standards of Section 726.206(c) of
1167 1168 1169 1170		i)	The special testing requirements Method for Implementing Metal to this Part;
1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177 1178 1179 1180 1181 1182 1183 1184 1185 1186		ii)	Stack emissions testing for a minday while hazardous waste is but The testing must be conducted whazardous waste for that day at reday and when the APCS is operationally conditions. During interimental status for metals content must be sufficient operator to determine if changes the ability of the unit to meet the standards established under Sect Under this option, operating limit of this Section) must be established testing under this subsection (c)(parameters: feed rate of total harate of total chlorine and chlorid
1187 1188 1189 1190 1191			feed rate of ash in total feed street feed rate for cement kilns and light is not limited; CO concentration concentration in stack gas; and most the device in appropriate units

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1193 1194

1195 1196

1197 1198 1199

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- aces that recycle collected furnaces that recycle back st comply with one of the mine compliance with the or (d):
 - prescribed in "Alternative s Controls" in Appendix I
 - nimum of six hours each rned during interim status. then burning normal normal feed rates for that ated under normal s, hazardous waste analysis cient for the owner or in metals content affect metals emissions ion 726.206(c) or (d). its (under subsection (c)(1) hed during compliance 3) only on the following zardous waste; total feed e in total feed streams; total ams, except that the ash ght-weight aggregate kilns , and where required, HC naximum production rate s when producing normal product; or

BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(3)(ii)(B)(1) through (c)(3)(ii)(B)(5) into this subsection (c)(3)(B)(ii) to comport with Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.

Conduct compliance testing to determine compliance with iii) the metals standards to establish limits on the operating parameters of subsection (c)(1) of this Section only after the kiln system has been conditioned to enable it to reach equilibrium with respect to metals fed into the system and metals emissions. During conditioning, hazardous waste

1205 1206	and raw materials having the same metal fed during the compliance test must be for	
1207	that will be fed during the compliance te	st.
1208		
1209	 C) Conduct of compliance testing. 	
1210		
1211	 i) If compliance with all applicable emission 	ons standards of
1212	Sections 726.204 through 726.207 is not	demonstrated
1213	simultaneously during a set of test runs,	the operating
1214	conditions of additional test runs require	d to demonstrate
1215	compliance with remaining emissions st	andards must be as
1216	close as possible to the original operating	g conditions.
1217		A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1218	ii) Prior to obtaining test data for purposes	of demonstrating
1219	compliance with the applicable emission	and the same of th
1220	Sections 726.204 through 726.207 or est	
1221	operating parameters under this Section,	
1222	operate under compliance test conditions	the state of the s
1223	period to reach steady-state operations.	
1224	that recycle collected PM back into the f	
1225	comply with subsection (c)(3)(B)(i) or (c)	
1226	Section, however, need not reach steady	
1227	with respect to the flow of metals in the	
1228	beginning compliance testing for metals	
1229		
1230	iii) Compliance test data on the level of an o	perating parameter
1231	for which a limit must be established in	
1232	compliance must be obtained during em	
1233	for the pollutants (i.e., metals, PM, HCl/	
1234	organic compounds) for which the parar	the second of the second secon
1235	established as specified by subsection (c	
1236	Commence to the control of the control of	/(-/
1237	4) Certification of compliance. Within 90 days of comple	eting compliance
1238	testing, the owner or operator must certify to the Agence	
1239	the emissions standards of Sections 726.204(b), (c) and	
1240	726.206; 726.207; and subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv) of this :	
1241	certification of compliance must include the following	
1242	5 Table 1 Tabl	
1243	 A) General facility and testing information, includi 	ng the following:
1244	1.7 Contract themis, and testing missing missi	ang and acare mag.
1245	 USEPA facility ID number; 	
1246	-,	
1247	ii) Facility name, contact person, telephone	number, and

			JCAR530720-1004515101
1248			address;
1249			
1250		iii)	Person responsible for conducting compliance testing,
1251			including company name, address, and telephone number,
1252			and a statement of qualifications;
1253			
1254		iv)	Dates of each compliance test;
1255			
1256		v)	Description of BIF tested;
1257			
1258		vi)	Person responsible for QA/QC, title and telephone number,
1259			and statement that procedures prescribed in the QA/QC
1260			plan submitted under Section 726.203(c)(2)(C) have been
1261			followed, or a description of any changes and an
1262			explanation of why changes were necessary;
1263			
1264		vii)	Description of any changes in the unit configuration prior
1265			to or during testing that would alter any of the information
1266			submitted in the prior notice of compliance testing under
1267			subsection (c)(2) of this Section and an explanation of why
1268			the changes were necessary;
1269			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
1270		viii)	Description of any changes in the planned test conditions
1271			prior to or during the testing that alter any of the
1272			information submitted in the prior notice of compliance
1273			testing under subsection (c)(2) of this Section and an
1274			explanation of why the changes were necessary; and
1275			
1276		ix)	The complete report on results of emissions testing.
1277			
1278	B)	Speci	fic information on each test, including the following:
1279			
1280		i)	Purposes of test (e.g., demonstrate conformance with the
1281		,	emissions limits for PM, metals, HCl, chlorine gas, and
1282			CO);
1283			<i>n</i>
1284		ii)	Summary of test results for each run and for each test
1285			including the following information: date of run; duration
1286			of run; time-weighted average and highest hourly rolling
1287			average CO level for each run and for the test; highest
1288			hourly rolling average HC level, if HC monitoring is
1289			required for each run and for the test; if dioxin and furan
1290			testing is required under Section 726.204(e), time-weighted
D-2 (X)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

1291 average emissions for each run and for the test of 1292 chlorinated dioxin and furan emissions, and the predicted 1293 maximum annual average ground level concentration of the 1294 toxicity equivalency factor (defined in Section 726.200(i)); 1295 time-weighted average PM emissions for each run and for 1296 the test; time-weighted average HCl and chlorine gas 1297 emissions for each run and for the test; time-weighted 1298 average emissions for the metals subject to regulation under 1299 Section 726.206 for each run and for the test; and QA/QC 1300 results. 1301 1302 BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(4)(ii)(B)(1) through (c)(4)(ii)(B)(9) into 1303 this subsection (c)(4)(B)(ii) to comport with Illinois 1304 Administrative Code codification requirements. 1305 1306 C) 1307 Comparison of the actual emissions during each test with the emissions limits prescribed by Sections 726.204(b), (c), and (e); 1308 1309 726.205; 726.206; and 726.207 and established for the facility in 1310 the certification of precompliance under subsection (b) of this 1311 Section. 1312 1313 D) Determination of operating limits based on all valid runs of the compliance test for each applicable parameter listed in subsection 1314 1315 (c)(1) of this Section using one of the following procedures: 1316 1317 i) Instantaneous limits. A parameter must be measured and 1318 recorded on an instantaneous basis (i.e., the value that 1319 occurs at any time) and the operating limit specified as the 1320 time-weighted average during all runs of the compliance 1321 test. 1322 1323 ii) Hourly rolling average basis. The limit for a parameter 1324 must be established and continuously monitored on an 1325 hourly rolling average basis, as defined in Section 726.200(i). The operating limit for the parameter must be 1326 1327 established based on compliance test data as the average 1328 over all test runs of the highest hourly rolling average value for each run. 1329 1330 BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40 1331 CFR 266.103(c)(4)(iv)(B)(1) and (c)(4)(iv)(B)(2) into this 1332 subsection (c)(4)(D)(ii) and moved the text of 40 CFR 1333

1334			226.103(c)(4)(iv)(B)(1)(i) and $(c)(4)(iv)(B)(1)(ii)$ to appear
1335			as definitions in Section 726.200(i) to comport with Illinois
1336			Administrative Code codification requirements.
1337			
1338		iii)	Rolling average limits for carcinogenic metals (as defined
1339			in Section 726.200(i)) and lead. Feed rate limits for the
1340			carcinogenic metals and lead must be established either on
1341			an hourly rolling average basis as prescribed by subsection
1342			(c)(4)(D)(ii) of this Section or on (up to) a 24 hour rolling
1343			average basis. If the owner or operator elects to use an
1344			averaging period from two to 24 hours the following must
1345			occur: the feed rate of each metal must be limited at any
1346			time to ten times the feed rate that would be allowed on a
1347			hourly rolling average basis; the operating limit for the feed
1348			rate of each metal must be established based on compliance
1349			test data as the average over all test runs of the highest
1350			hourly rolling average feed rate for each run; and the
1351			continuous monitor and the rolling average for the selected
1352			averaging period are as defined in Section 726.200(i).
1353			
1354			BOARD NOTE: The Board has combined the text of 40
1355			CFRC.F.R. 266.103(c)(4)(iv)(C)(1) throughand
1356			(c)(4)(iv)(C)(3) are condensed into subsection (c)(4)(D)(iii)
1357			and moved the text of 40 CFR 266.103(c)(4)(iv)(C)(2)(i)
1358			and $(c)(4)(iv)(C)(2)(ii)$ to appear as definitions in Section
1359			726.200(i)(c)(b)(C)(iii) to comport with Illinois
1360			Administrative Code codification requirements.
1361			
1362		iv)	Feed rate limits for metals, total chlorine and chloride, and
1363			ash. Feed rate limits for metals, total chlorine and chloride,
1364			and ash are established and monitored by knowing the
1365			concentration of the substance (i.e., metals,
1366			chloride/chlorine, and ash) in each feedstream and the flow
1367			rate of the feedstream. To monitor the feed rate of these
1368			substances, the flow rate of each feedstream must be
1369			monitored under the continuous monitoring requirements of
1370			subsections (c)(4)(D)(i) through (c)(4)(D)(iii) of this
1371			Section.
1372			
1373	E)	Certi	fication of compliance statement. The following statement
1374	-/		accompany the certification of compliance:
1375			harman kan Kama mananan sananan kananan.
1376			"I certify under penalty of law that this information was
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T			the state of the s

prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information and supporting documentation. Copies of all emissions tests, dispersion modeling results, and other information used to determine conformance with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.203(c) are available at the facility and can be obtained from the facility contact person listed above. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the facility, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

I also acknowledge that the operating limits established pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.203(c)(4)(D) are enforceable limits at which the facility can legally operate during interim status until a revised certification of compliance is submitted."

- Special requirements for HC monitoring systems. When an owner or operator is required to comply with the HC controls provided by Section 726.204(c) or subsection (a)(5)(A)(iv) of this Section, a conditioned gas monitoring system may be used in conformance with specifications provided in Appendix I to this Part provided that the owner or operator submits a certification of compliance without using extensions of time provided by subsection (c)(7) of this Section.
- 6) Special operating requirements for industrial furnaces that recycle collected PM. Owners and operators of industrial furnaces that recycle back into the furnace PM from the APCS must do the following:
 - A) When complying with the requirements of subsection (c)(3)(B)(i) of this Section, comply with the operating requirements prescribed in "Alternative Method to Implement the Metals Controls" in Appendix I to this Part; and
 - B) When complying with the requirements of subsection (c)(3)(B)(ii) of this Section, comply with the operating requirements prescribed by that subsection.

1420	7)	Extensions of time.	
1421			
1422		A) If the owner or operator does not submit a complete certification	on of
1423		compliance for all of the applicable emissions standards of	
1424		Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 by August 2	11,
1425		1992, the owner or operator must do the following:	
1426			
1427		 Stop burning hazardous waste and begin closure activit 	ties
1428		under subsection (1) of this Section for the hazardous w	vaste
1429		portion of the facility;	
1430		**************************	
1431		ii) Limit hazardous waste burning only for purposes of	
1432		compliance testing (and pretesting to prepare for	
1433		compliance testing) a total period of 720 hours for the	
1434		period of time beginning August 21, 1992, submit a	
1435		notification to the Agency by August 21, 1992 stating t	that
1436		the facility is operating under restricted interim status a	
1437		intends to resume burning hazardous waste, and submi	
1438		complete certification of compliance by August 23, 19	
1439		or	,,,
1440		OI.	
1441		iii) Obtain a case-by-case extension of time under subsecti	ion
1442		(c)(7)(B) of this Section.	ion
1443		(c)(r)(b) of this section.	
1444		B) Case-by-case extensions of time. See Section 726.219.	
1445		b) Case-by-case extensions of time. See Section 720.217.	
1446		BOARD NOTE: The Board moved the text of 40 CFR	
1447		266.103(c)(7)(ii) to appear as Section 726.219 to comport with	h
1448		Illinois Administrative Code codification requirements.	11
1449		innois Administrative Code codification requirements.	
1450	9)	Pavised sortification of compliance. The express or energian may sub-	mit o
	8)	Revised certification of compliance. The owner or operator may subrece time a revised certification of compliance (recertification of	illit a
1451		any time a revised certification of compliance (recertification of	
1452		compliance) under the following procedures:	
1453		A) Diant - 1 - 14-1 - C	
1454		A) Prior to submittal of a revised certification of compliance,	700
1455		hazardous waste must not be burned for more than a total of 7	
1456		hours under operating conditions that exceed those established	
1457		under a current certification of compliance, and such burning	
1458		be conducted only for purposes of determining whether the fac	
1459		can operate under revised conditions and continue to meet the	
1460		applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205,	
		726 206 and 726 207.	
1461 1462		726.206, and 726.207;	

1463 1464		B)	operati	st 30 days prior to first burning hazardous waste under ing conditions that exceed those established under a current
1465				cation of compliance, the owner or operator must notify the
1466			Agenc	y and submit the following information:
1467 1468				LICEDA facility ID number and facility name contact
1469			i)	USEPA facility ID number, and facility name, contact
1470				person, telephone number, and address;
1470			:::	Operating conditions that the owner or operator is seeking
1471			ii)	Operating conditions that the owner or operator is seeking to revise and description of the changes in facility design or
1472				operation that prompted the need to seek to revise the
1474				operating conditions;
1475				operating conditions,
1476			iii)	A determination that, when operating under the revised
1477			111)	operating conditions, the applicable emissions standards of
1478				Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 are not
1479				likely to be exceeded. To document this determination, the
1480				owner or operator must submit the applicable information
1481				required under subsection (b)(2)-of this Section; and
1482				requires under pubberion (o)(2) or unb section, and
1483			iv)	Complete emissions testing protocol for any pretesting and
1484			2.7	for a new compliance test to determine compliance with the
1485				applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204,
1486				726.205, 726.206, and 726.207 when operating under
1487				revised operating conditions. The protocol must include a
1488				schedule of pre-testing and compliance testing. If the
1489				owner or operator revises the scheduled date for the
1490				compliance test, the owner or operator must notify the
1491				Agency in writing at least 30 days prior to the revised date
1492				of the compliance test;
1493				44.04-014.1 4.040 4.1144
1494		C)	Condu	act a compliance test under the revised operating conditions
1495			and th	e protocol submitted to the Agency to determine compliance
1496				ne applicable emissions standards of Sections 726.204,
1497				05, 726.206, and 726.207; and
1498				
1499		D)	Submi	it a revised certification of compliance under subsection
1500			(c)(4)	of this Section.
1501				
1502	d)	Periodic Rec	ertificati	ons. The owner or operator must conduct compliance
1503		testing and s	ubmit to	the Agency a recertification of compliance under provisions
1504		of subsection	n (c) of the	nis Section within five years from submitting the previous
1505				ification. If the owner or operator seeks to recertify

with the requirements of subsection (c)(8) of this Section. Noncompliance with certification schedule. If the owner or operator does not comply with the interim status compliance schedule provided by subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this Section, hazardous waste burning must terminate on the date that the deadline is missed, closure activities must begin under subsection (l) of this Section, and hazardous waste burning must not resume accept under an operating permit issued under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (l) of this Section and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed. Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber temperature during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion				
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e) Noncompliance with certification schedule. If the owner or operator does not comply with the interim status compliance schedule provided by subsections (b), (c), and (d)—of-this Seetien, hazardous waste burning must terminate on the date that the deadline is missed, closure activities must begin under subsection (I)—of this-Seetien, and hazardous waste burning must not resume except under an operating permit issued under 35 III. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (I)—of this-Seetien and 35 III. Adm. Code 725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed. Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3)—of this-Seetion and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c)—of this-Seetion and BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M)—of this Seetion deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1533 1 To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber temperature during the	1507		with the requ	irements of subsection (c)(8) of this Section.
comply with the interim status compliance schedule provided by subsections (b), (c), and (d)-of-this-Seetion, hazardous waste burning must terminate on the date that the deadline is missed, closure activities must begin under subsection (l)-of-this-Seetion, and hazardous waste burning must not resume except under an operating permit issued under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (l)-of-this-Seetion and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed. Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3)-of-this-Seetion and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c)-of-this-Seetion, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M)-of-this-Seetion deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1333 1 To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber temperature during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature limit is based on an insta	1508			
(c), and (d) of this Section, hazardous waste burning must terminate on the date that the deadline is missed, closure activities must begin under subsection (l) of this Section, and hazardous waste burning must not resume except under an operating permit issued under 35 III. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (l) of this Section and 35 III. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (l) of this Section and 35 III. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (l) of this Section and 35 III. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (l) of this Section and 35 III. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (l) of this Section and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (b the combustion chamber temperature) while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest ho	1509	e)	Noncomplian	nce with certification schedule. If the owner or operator does not
that the deadline is missed, closure activities must begin under subsection (I)-of this-Section, and hazardous waste burning must not resume except under an operating permit issued under 35 III. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (I)-of-this-Section and 35 III. Adm. Code 725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed. Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut- down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance under subsection (c)-of- this-Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(I)(A) and (c)(I)(E) through (c)(I)(M)-of-this-Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance est is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1510		comply with	the interim status compliance schedule provided by subsections (b),
this Section, and hazardous waste burning must not resume except under an operating permit issued under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (1)-of-this Section and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed. Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3)-of-this-Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c)(-of-this-Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M)-of-this-Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1532 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test fellowing: A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1511		(c), and (d)-o	f this Section, hazardous waste burning must terminate on the date
operating permit issued under 35 III. Adm. Code 703.232. For purposes of compliance with the closure provisions of subsection (1)—6f-this-Seetien and 35 III. Adm. Code 725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed. Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c) of this-Seetien and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this-Seetien and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this-Seetien and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this-Seetien and upon certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1512		that the dead	line is missed, closure activities must begin under subsection (l) of
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Adm. Code 725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed. Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3)-of-this-Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c)-of-this-Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M)-of-this-Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1514		1 - 1	어려워 그 그렇게 하는 것이 나를 먹었다면 하다. 그는 이 그는 그들이 아내는 이 없는 것이 되었다면 그렇게 하는 것이 되었다면 하는데 그렇게 하는데 그렇게 되었다. 그렇지 하는데 나를 다 없다.
volume of hazardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed. Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1515		compliance v	with the closure provisions of subsection (1) of this Section and 35 Ill.
1518 1519 f) Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. 1523 1524 1525 1526 1527 1528 29 20 20 21 21529 21 21520 21 21520 21 21521 21 21522 22 21 21523 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	1516		Adm. Code 7	725.212(d)(2) and 725.213, the BIF has received "the known final
1519 f) Start-up and shut-down. Hazardous waste (except waste fed solely as an ingredient under the Tier I (or adjusted Tier I) feed rate screening limits for metals and chloride/chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-down of the BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation specified in the certification of compliance. 1524 1525 g) Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1532 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: 1538 1539 1540 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature during the compliance test does not an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or 1541 1542 B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1517		volume of ha	zardous waste" on the date the deadline is missed.
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specified in the certification of compliance. 1524 1525 1526 1526 1527 1527 1528 1528 1528 1529 1529 1529 1520 1520 1520 1520 1521 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525 1526 1527 1528 1528 1528 1528 1529 1529 1529 1520 1520 1520 1520 1521 1521 1521 1522 1523 1523 1523 1523	1521		and chloride	chlorine) must not be fed into the device during start-up and shut-
Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average for each run; or If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1522		down of the	BIF, unless the device is operating within the conditions of operation
Automatic waste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection (c)(3) of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1523		specified in t	he certification of compliance.
(c)(3) of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1532 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: 1538 1539 1540 1540 1554 1554 1555 1556 1557 1558 1558 1559 1569 1579 1580 1590 1591 1592 1593 1594 1594 1595 1596 1596 1597 1598 1598 1599 1598 1599 1599 1599 1599	1524			
1526 (c)(3)-of this Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c)-of 1527 this Section, a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically 1528 cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions 1529 specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M)-of this Section 1530 deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the 1531 following must occur: 1532 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion 1534 chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber 1535 temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained 1536 while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the 1537 combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the 1538 compliance test defined as either of the following: 1539 1540 1540 1541 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is 1541 based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature 1542 during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all 1543 runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or 1544 1545 1546 1546 1547 1548 1549 If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is 1549 based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum 1547 1549 temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1525	g)	Automatic w	aste feed cutoff. During the compliance test required by subsection
cuts off the hazardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1532 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1526		(c)(3) of this	Section and upon certification of compliance under subsection (c) of
specified in subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1532 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: 1539 1540 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or 1544 1545 B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1527		this Section,	a BIF must be operated with a functioning system that automatically
deviate from those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the following must occur: 1532 1533 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: 1539 1540 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is 1541 based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all 1543 1544 1545 B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is 1546 based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1528		cuts off the h	azardous waste feed when the applicable operating conditions
following must occur: 1532 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: 1538 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or 1544 B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1529		specified in s	subsections (c)(1)(A) and (c)(1)(E) through (c)(1)(M) of this Section
1532 1533 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: 1538 1539 1540 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or 1544 1545 B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1530		deviate from	those established in the certification of compliance. In addition, the
1533 1) To minimize emissions of organic compounds, the minimum combustion chamber temperature (or the indicator of combustion chamber temperature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained while hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the compliance test defined as either of the following: 1538 1539 1540 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or 1544 1545 B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1531		following my	ast occur:
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1537 combustion chamber, with the minimum temperature during the 1538 compliance test defined as either of the following: 1539 1540 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is 1541 based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature 1542 during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all 1543 runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or 1544 1545 B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is 1546 based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum 1547 temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1535		temp	erature) that occurred during the compliance test must be maintained
1538 1540 A) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is 1541 based on an hourly rolling average, the minimum temperature 1542 during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all 1543 runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run; or 1544 1545 B) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is 1546 based on an instantaneous temperature measurement, the minimum 1547 temperature during the compliance test is considered to be the	1536		while	hazardous waste or hazardous waste residues remain in the
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				그렇게 그녀를 먹었다. 이 경기를 하면 그렇게 되었다면 그렇게 되는 그렇게 되었다. 그렇게 되었다면 하는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다면 살게 되었다면 되었다. 그 모든

1549				
1550		2)	Operati	ing parameters limited by the certification of compliance must
1551				ne to be monitored during the cutoff, and the hazardous waste feed
1552				ot be restarted until the levels of those parameters comply with the
1553				established in the certification of compliance.
1554				An also see and a service of the service of the service of the service of
1555	h)	Fugit	ive emiss	sions. Fugitive emissions must be controlled as follows:
1556				
1557		1)	By kee	ping the combustion zone totally sealed against fugitive emissions;
1558			or	
1559				
1560		2)	By mai	intaining the combustion zone pressure lower than atmospheric
1561		/	pressur	그는 사람이 있는 것이 되는 이 맛있는 것이 없는 것이 없었다. 그 아무리 아래를 하지 않는데 그렇게 되었다면 하는데 되었다면 하는데 그렇게 하는데 그 것이다.
1562			1	
1563		3)	By an a	alternative means of control that the owner or operator demonstrates
1564		-,		es fugitive emissions control equivalent to maintenance of
1565				stion zone pressure lower than atmospheric pressure. Support for
1566				emonstration must be included in the operating record.
1567				and of the state o
1568	i)	Char	iges. A B	IF must cease burning hazardous waste when combustion
1569	-/			feed rates of the hazardous waste, other fuels or industrial furnace
1570		-		the BIF design or operating conditions deviate from the limits
1571				e certification of compliance.
1572		speed	med in the	continuation of compliance.
1573	j)	Mon	itoring an	d Inspections.
1574	3)	IVIOII	normg un	d hispections.
1575		1)	The ov	vner or operator must monitor and record the following, at a
1576		1)		um, while burning hazardous waste:
1577				ani, winte burning nazarabus waste.
1578			A)	Feed rates and composition of hazardous waste, other fuels, and
1579			11)	industrial furnace feed stocks and feed rates of ash, metals, and
1580				total chlorine and chloride as necessary to ensure conformance
1581				with the certification of precompliance or certification of
1582				compliance;
1583				compliance,
1584			B)	CO, oxygen, and, if applicable, HC on a continuous basis at a
1585			D)	common point in the BIF downstream of the combustion zone and
1586				prior to release of stack gases to the atmosphere in accordance with
1587				(호) (CONTROL OF CONTROL OF CONTR
1588				the operating limits specified in the certification of compliance. CO, HC, and oxygen monitors must be installed, operated, and
1589				# [1] 전 [1] [1] [1] [1] [2] [2] [3] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4
				maintained in accordance with methods specified in Appendix I to
1590				this Part; and
1591				

as appropriate) and the stack gas emissions must be conducted to verify that the operating conditions established in the certification of precompilance or certification of compilance achieve the applicable standards of Sections 726.204, 726.205, 726.206, and 726.207. The BIF and associated equipment (pumps, valves, pipes, fuel storage tanks, etc.) must be subjected to thorough visual inspection when they contain hazardous waste, at least daily for leaks, spills, fugitive emissions, and signs of tampering. The automatic hazardous waste feed cutoff system and associated alarms must be tested at least once every seven days when hazardous waste is burned to verify operability, unless the owner or operator can demonstrate that weekly inspections will be adequate. Support for such demonstration must be included in the operating record. At a minimum, operational testing must be conducted at least once every 30 days. These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. The device period of the facility all information and data required by this Section for five years. Closure. At closure, the owner or operator must remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, scrubber water	1592		(Upon the request of the Agency, sampling and analysis of the
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must be tested at least once every seven days when hazardous waste is burned to verify operability, unless the owner or operator can demonstrate that weekly inspections will unduly restrict or upset operations and that less frequent inspections will be adequate. Support for such demonstration must be included in the operating record. At a minimum, operational testing must be conducted at least once every 30 days. 4) These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. k) Recordkeeping. The owner or operator must keep in the operating record of the facility all information and data required by this Section for five years. Closure. At closure, the owner or operator must remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, scrubber waters and scrubber sludges) from the BIF and must comply with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.211 through 725.215. Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:			3) 7	The automatic hazardous waste feed cutoff system and associated alarms
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demonstration must be included in the operating record. At a minimum, operational testing must be conducted at least once every 30 days. 4) These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. k) Recordkeeping. The owner or operator must keep in the operating record of the facility all information and data required by this Section for five years. Closure. At closure, the owner or operator must remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, scrubber waters and scrubber sludges) from the BIF and must comply with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.211 through 725.215. Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:				일어, 이렇게 되었다면 취임하다면 하다. 사람들은 아니라 아들어들이 아니라 하나 하나 아니라 하나 있다. 나는 휴대를 하다는 수 없는 아니라 아니라 아니라 아니라 아니다.
operational testing must be conducted at least once every 30 days. 1612 1613 4) These monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log. 1615 1616 k) Recordkeeping. The owner or operator must keep in the operating record of the facility all information and data required by this Section for five years. 1618 1619 l) Closure. At closure, the owner or operator must remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, scrubber waters and scrubber sludges) from the BIF and must comply with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.211 through 725.215. 1623 1624 (Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective) Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:				
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l) Closure. At closure, the owner or operator must remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, scrubber waters and scrubber sludges) from the BIF and must comply with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.211 through 725.215. (Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective) Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:	1617 1618		facility a	all information and data required by this Section for five years.
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through 725.215. (Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective) Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:	1620	32	hazardo	us waste residues (including, but not limited to, ash, scrubber waters and
(Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective) Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:	1621		scrubber	r sludges) from the BIF and must comply with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.211
(Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective) Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:	1622		through	725.215.
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Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues Section 726.212 Regulation of Residues A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:	1624	(Sou	rce: Amen	ded at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)
A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:	1625			
A residue derived from the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:	1626	Section 726	.212 Regu	lation of Residues
from the definition of a hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: a) The device meets the following criteria:	1627			
1630 (b)(8), unless the device and the owner or operator meet the following requirements: 1631 1632 a) The device meets the following criteria: 1633	1628	A residue de	rived from	the burning or processing of hazardous waste in a BIF is not excluded
1631 1632 a) The device meets the following criteria: 1633	1629	from the def	inition of a	hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(b)(4), (b)(7), or
1632 a) The device meets the following criteria: 1633	1630	(b)(8), unles	s the devic	e and the owner or operator meet the following requirements:
1633	1631	44-1-20		
1633	1632	a)	The dev	ice meets the following criteria:
1634 1) Boilers. Boilers must burn at least 50 percent coal on a total heat input or	1633			
	1634		1) I	Boilers. Boilers must burn at least 50 percent coal on a total heat input or

1635			mass basis, whichever results in the greater mass feed rate of coal;
1636		2)	O
1637		2)	Ore or mineral furnaces. Industrial furnaces subject to 35 Ill. Adm. Code
1638			721.104(b)(7) must process at least 50 percent by weight of normal,
1639			nonhazardous raw materials;
1640		2)	0 17 0 17
1641		3)	Cement kilns. Cement kilns must process at least 50 percent by weight of
1642			normal cement-production raw materials;
1643			
1644	b)		owner or operator demonstrates that the hazardous waste does not
1645			ficantly affect the residue by demonstrating conformance with either of the
1646		follo	wing criteria:
1647			
1648		1)	Comparison of waste-derived residue with normal residue. The waste-
1649			derived residue must not contain constituents listed in Appendix H to 35
1650			Ill. Adm. Code 721 (toxic constituents) that could reasonably be
1651			attributable to the hazardous waste at concentrations significantly higher
1652			than in residue generated without burning or processing of hazardous
1653			waste, using the following procedure. Toxic compounds that could
1654			reasonably be attributable to burning or processing the hazardous waste
1655			(constituents of concern) include toxic constituents in the hazardous waste,
1656			and the organic compounds listed in Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721
1657			that may be PICs. For polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and
1658			polychlorinated dibenzo-furans, analyses must be performed to determine
1659			specific congeners and homologues, and the results converted to 2,3,7,8-
1660			TCDD equivalent values using the procedure specified in section 4.0 of
1661			the documents referenced in Appendix I of this Part.
1662			1
1663			A) Normal residue. Concentrations of toxic constituents of concern in
1664			normal residue must be determined based on analyses of a
1665			minimum of 10 samples representing a minimum of 10 days of
1666			operation. Composite samples may be used to develop a sample
1667			for analysis provided that the compositing period does not exceed
1668			24 hours. The upper tolerance limit (at 95 percent confidence with
1669			a 95 percent proportion of the sample distribution) of the
1670			concentration in the normal residue must be considered the
1671			statistically-derived concentration in the normal residue. If
1672			changes in raw materials or fuels reduce the statistically-derived
1673			concentrations of the toxic constituents of concern in the normal
1674			residue, the statistically-derived concentrations must be revised or
1675			statistically-derived concentrations of toxic constituents in normal
1676			residue must be established for a new mode of operation with the
1677			
10//			new raw material or fuel. To determine the upper tolerance limit

in the normal residue, the owner or operator must use statistical procedures prescribed in section 7.0 (Statistical Methodology for Bevill Residue Determinations) in federal appendix IX to 40 CFR 266 (Methods Manual for Compliance with the BIF Regulations), USEPA publication number EPA 454/R-92-019, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(b) (see Appendix I of this Part).

- Waste-derived residue. Waste derived residue must be sampled B) and analyzed as often as necessary to determine whether the residue generated during each 24-hour period has concentrations of toxic constituents that are higher than the concentrations established for the normal residue under subsection (b)(1)(A)-of this Section. If so, hazardous waste burning has significantly affected the residue and the residue is not excluded from the definition of "hazardous waste." Concentrations of toxic constituents in waste-derived residue must be determined based on analysis of one or more samples obtained over a 24-hour period. Multiple samples may be analyzed, and multiple samples may be taken to form a composite sample for analysis provided that the sampling period does not exceed 24 hours. If more than one sample is analyzed to characterize waste-derived residues generated over a 24-hour period, the concentration of each toxic constituent must be the arithmetic mean of the concentrations in the samples. No results can be disregarded; or
- Comparison of waste-derived residue concentrations with health-based limits.
 - A) Nonmetal constituents. The concentration of each nonmetal toxic constituent of concern (specified in subsection (b)(1)-of this Section) in the waste-derived residue must not exceed the health-based level specified in Appendix G of this Part, or the level of detection, whichever is higher. If a health-based limit for a constituent of concern is not listed in Appendix G of this Part, then a limit of 0.002 μ/kg or the level of detection (using appropriate analytical methods), whichever is higher, must be used. The levels specified in Appendix G of this Part (and the default level of 0.002 μ/kg or the level of detection for constituents, as identified in Note 1 of Appendix G of this Part) are administratively stayed under the condition, for those constituents specified in subsection (b)(1)-of this Section, that the owner or operator complies with alternative levels defined as the land disposal restriction limits specified in 35

Ill. Adm. Code 728.143 and Table B to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728 for F039 nonwastewaters. In complying with those alternative levels, if an owner or operator is unable to detect a constituent despite documenting use of the best good-faith efforts, as defined by applicable USEPA guidance and standards, the owner or operator is deemed to be in compliance for that constituent. Until USEPA develops new guidance or standards, the owner or operator may demonstrate such good-faith efforts by achieving a detection limit for the constituent that does not exceed an order of magnitude above (ten times) the level provided by 35 III. Adm. Code 728.143 and Table B to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728 for F039 nonwastewater levels for polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzo-furans (D/F), analyses must be performed for total hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins, total hexachlorodibenzofurans, total pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins, total pentachlorodibenzofurans, total tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins, and total tetrachlorodibenzofurans;

BOARD NOTE:

In a note to corresponding 40 CFR 266.112(b)(2)(i), USEPA stated as follows:

The administrative stay, under the condition that the owner or operator complies with alternative levels defined as the land disposal restriction limits specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.143 for F039 nonwastewaters, remains in effect until further administrative action is taken and notice is published in the Federal Register and the Code of Federal Regulations.

Under Section 3006(b) and (g) of RCRA, 42 USC 6926(b) and (g), federal amendments do not go into effect in Illinois until the State of Illinois incorporates them into the State program. This applies unless the authority under which USEPA adopted the amendments is the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 (HSWA), in which case the federal amendments become effective in Illinois on their federal effective date.

The federal regulations do not themselves define the phrase "appropriate analytical methods," but USEPA did include a definition in its preamble discussion accompanying the

1764			rule. The Board directs attention to the following segment
1765			(at 70 Fed. Reg. 34538, 34541 (June 14, 2005)) for the
1766			purposes of subsections (b)(1)(C) and (b)(1)(D) of this
1767			Section:
1768			
1769			Two[T]wo primary considerations in selecting an
1770			appropriate method, which together serve as our general
1771			definition of an appropriate method [are the following]:
1772			
1773			 Appropriate methods are reliable and accepted as
1774			such in the scientific community.
1775			
1776			Appropriate methods generate effective data.
1777			
1778			USEPA went on to further elaborate these two concepts
1779			and to specify other documents that might provide
1780			guidance.
1781			0
1782		B)	Metal constituents. The concentration of metals in an extract
1783			obtained using the TCLP test must not exceed the levels specified
1784			in Appendix G of this Part;
1785			11
1786		C)	Sampling and analysis. Wastewater-derived residue must be
1787		-/	sampled and analyzed as often as necessary to determine whether
1788			the residue generated during each 24-hour period has
1789			concentrations of toxic constituents that are higher than the health
1790			based levels. Concentrations of concern in the wastewater-derived
1791			residue must be determined based on analysis of one or more
1792			samples obtained over a 24-hour period. Multiple samples may be
1793			analyzed, and multiple samples may be taken to form a composite
1794			for analysis provided that the sampling period does not exceed 24
1795			hours. If more than one sample is analyzed to characterize waste-
1796			derived residues generated over a 24-hour period, the
1797			concentration of each toxic constituent is the arithmetic mean of
1798			the concentrations of the samples. No results can be disregarded;
1799			and
1800			till to
1801	c)	Records suff	ficient to document compliance with the provisions of this Section
1802	0)		ined until closure of the BIF unit. At a minimum, the following mus
1803		be recorded:	아들이 있는 사람이 하다 모모든 것이 되었다. 이렇게 되었다면 하는 가장 나를 다 가는 사람들은 사람들이 다른 사람들이 얼마나 나를 하는 것 같습니다.
1804		oc recorded.	
1804		1) Leve	ls of constituents in Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that are
			그는 어머니는 그들은 아무슨 아무는 그래도 가는 그래까지 모양이 되었다. 그는 그리고 있다는 어느에게 되는 것으로 하는 것이 되었다. 그리고 있다면 아무슨 아무는 그리고 있다.
1806		prese	ent in waste-derived residues;

1807		
1808	2) If t	he waste-derived residue is compared with normal residue under
1809	sub	osection (b)(1) of this Section:
1810		
1811	A)	The levels of constituents in Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 72
1812		that are present in normal residues; and
1813		
1814	B)	Data and information, including analyses of samples as necessary
1815		obtained to determine if changes in raw materials or fuels would
1816		reduce the concentration of toxic constituents of concern in the
1817		normal residue.
1818		
1819	(Source: Amende	ed at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)
1820		

1821 1822	Section 726.APPENDIX	G Health-Based Limits for Excl	usion of Waste-Derived Residues						
1823	NOTE 1: Under Section 726.212(b)(2)(A), the health-based concentration limits for Appendix H								
1824	to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 constituents for which a health-based concentration is not provided								
1825			a concentration is not provided						
1826	below is 2 x 10^{-6} mg/kg (0.000002 mg/kg or 0.002 μ g/kg).								
1827	NOTE 2: The levels specie	fied in this Section and the default	level of 0.002 ug/kg (0.000002						
1828		ction for constituents, as identified							
1829		, for those constituents specified in							
1830		s with alternative levels defined as	3 / 3 /						
1831		ode 728.143 and Table B to 35 III.							
1832	nonwastewaters. See Secti		7 Killi. Code 720 101 1 037						
1833	nonwaste waters. See Seen	1011 / 20.212(0)(2)(11).							
1834		Metals-TCLP Extract Concentration	on Limits						
1835									
	Constituent	CAS No.	Concentration limits						
	3.3000,000		for residues (mg/kg)						
	Antimony	7440-36-0	1.						
	Arsenic	7440-38-2	5.						
	Barium	7440-39-3	100.						
	Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.007						
	Cadmium	7440-43-9	1.						
	Chromium	7440-47-3	5.						
	Lead	7439-92-1	5.						
	Mercury	7439-97-6	0.2						
	Nickel	7440-02-0	70.						
	Selenium	7782-49-2	1.						
	Silver	7440-22-4	5.						
	Thallium	7440-28-0	7.						
1836									
1837		Nonmetals-Residue Concentratio	n Limits						
1838									
	Constituent	CAS No.	Concentration limits						
			for residues (mg/kg)						
	A	20480							
	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	0.2						
	Acetophenone	98-86-2	4.						
	Acrolein	107-02-8	0.5						
	Acrylamide	79-06-1	0.0002						
	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.0007						
	Aldrin	309-00-2	0.00002						
	Allyl alcohol	107-18-6	0.2						

		JCAK550720-1004515101
Aluminum phosphide	20859-73-8	0.01
Aniline	62-53-3	0.06
Barium cyanide	542-62-1	1.
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.0001
Benzene	71-43-2	0.005
Benzidine	92-87-5	0.000001
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	0.0003
Bis(chloromethyl) ether	542-88-1	0.000002
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	30.
Bromoform	75-25-2	0.7
Calcium cyanide	592-01-8	0.000001
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	4.
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.005
Chlordane	57-74-9	0.0003
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	1.
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.06
Copper cyanide	544-92-3	0.2
Cresols (Cresylic acid)	1319-77-3	2.
Cyanogen	460-19-5	1.
DDT	50-29-3	0.001
Dibenz(a, h)-anthracene	53-70-3	0.000007
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	0.00002
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.0750.07.5
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	7.
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.005
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.1
1,3-Dichloropropene	542-75-6	0.001
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.00002
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	30.
Diethylstilbestrol	56-53-1	0.00000070.0000001
Dimethoate	60-51-5	0.03
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.0005
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	0.9
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	0.0005
Endosulfan	115-29-7	0.002
Endrin	72-20-8	0.0002
Epichlorohydrin	106-89-8	0.04
Ethylene dibromide	106-93-4	<u>0.0000004</u> 0.0000001
Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.0003
Fluorine	7782-41-4	4.
Formic acid	64-18-6	70.
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.00008
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.00004

		JCAR530720-1004313101
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.0002
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.005
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.2
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	19408-74-3	0.000000060.0000001
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.03
Hydrazine	302-01-1	0.0001
Hydrogen cyanide	74-90-8	0.00007
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	0.000001
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	10.
Methomyl	16752-77-5	1.
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.1
3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	0.00004
4,4'-Methylenebis (2-	101-14-4	0.002
chloroaniline)	101-14-4	0.002
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.05
Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	78-93-3	2.
Methyl hydrazine	60-34-4	0.0003
	298-00-0	0.0003
Methyl parathion Naphthalene	91-20-3	
		10.
Nickel cyanide	557-19-7	0.7
Nitric oxide	10102-43-9	4.
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.02
N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	924-16-3	0.00006
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.000002
N-Nitroso-N-methylurea	684-93-5	0.000001
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	0.0002
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.03
Pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB)	82-68-8	0.1
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	1.
Phenol	108-95-2	1.
Phenylmercury acetate	62-38-4	0.003
Phosphine	7803-51-2	0.01
Polychlorinated biphenyls, N.O.S	1336-36-3	0.00005
Potassium cyanide	151-50-8	2.
Potassium silver cyanide	506-61-6	7.
Pronamide	23950-58-5	3.
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.04
Reserpine	50-55-5	0.00003
Selenourea	630-10-4	0.2
Silver cyanide	506-64-9	4.
Sodium cyanide	143-33-9	1.
Strychnine	57-24-9	0.01
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.01

1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	0.002
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.7
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.01
Tetraethyl lead	78-00-2	0.000004
Thiourea	62-56-6	0.0002
Toluene	108-88-3	10.
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.005
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.006
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.005
Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	10.
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	4.
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	4.
Vanadium pentoxide	1314-62-1	0.7
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.002
(Source: Amended at 40 Ill.)	Reg, effective	

Section 726.TABLE A	Exempt Quantities for Small Quantity Burner Exemption
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TESH (m)	Allowable Hazardous Waste Burning Rate (gal/mo)	TESH	Allowable Hazardou Waste Burning Rate (gal/mo)
0 to 3.9	0	40.0 to 44.9	210
4.0 to 5.9	13	45.0 to 49.9	260
6.0 to 7.9	18	50.0 to 54.9	330
8.0 to 9.9	27	55.0 to 59.9	400
10.0 11.9	40	60.0 to 64.9	490
12.0 to 13.9	48	65.0 to 69.9	610
14.0 to 15.9	59	70.0 to 74.9	680
16.0 to 17.9	69	75.0 to 79.9	760
18.0 to 19.9	76	80.0 to 84.9	850
20.0 to 21.9	84	85.0 to 89.9	960
22.0 to 23.9	93	90.0 to 94.9	1,100
24.0 to 25.9	100	95.0 to 99.9	1,200
26.0 to 27.9	110	100.0 to 104.9	1,300
28.0 to 29.9	130	105.0 to 109.9	1,500
30.0 to 34.9	140	110.0 to 114.9	1,700
35.0 to 39.9	170	115.0 or greater	1,900

1842

1846 1847 (Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg. _____, effective ___

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 Heading of the Part: Standards for Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Facilities Operating under a RCRA Standardized Permit

2) Code Citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 727

3) Section Numbers: Proposed Actions:
727.130 Amendment
727.290 Amendment
727.Appendix A Illustration A
727.Appendix A Illustration B
727.Appendix B Table A
727.Appendix B Table B
Amendment
727.Appendix B Table B
Amendment

4) Statutory Authority: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27

A Complete Description of Subjects and Issues Involved: The amendments to Part 727 are a single segment of the docket R16-7 rulemaking that also affects 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, 720, 721, 722, 724, 725, 726, 728, and 733, each of which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the *Illinois Register*. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the docket R16-7 rulemaking in this issue of the *Illinois Register* only in the answer to question 5 is stated in the Notice of Adopted Amendments for 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of March 3, 2016, proposing amendments in docket R16-7, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

Specifically, the amendments to Part 727 are corrections and clarifying amendments that are not directly derived from the instant federal amendments. This includes corrections submitted by USEPA as a result of review of the rules for the purpose of authorization of the Illinois RCRA Subtitle C program.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of March 3, 2016 in docket R16-7 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the March 3, 2016 opinion and order in docket R16-7.

Section 22.4 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.4] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is

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not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

- 6) Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this rulemaking: None.
- 7) Will this proposed rulemaking replace an emergency rule currently in effect? No
- 8) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date? No
- 9) Do these rulemakings contain incorporations by reference? No
- 11) Are there any other rulemakings pending on this Part? No
- 10) <u>Statement of Statewide Policy Objective</u>: These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- 12) <u>Time, Place and manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed</u> rulemaking: The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference docket R16-7 and be addressed to:

John T. Therriault, Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference docket R16-7:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago IL 60601

312/814-6924

e-mail: michael.mccambridge@illinois.gov

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Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312/814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at http://www.ipcb.state.il.us.

13) Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis:

- A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations affected: This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations that generate, transport, treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- B) Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance: The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, waste analyses and maintenance of operating records. These amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- C) Types of professional skills necessary for compliance: Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- 14) Regulatory agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized: December 4, 2015; 39 Ill. Reg. 15637-39

The full text of the Proposed Amendments begins on the next page:

Section

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TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

SUBCHAPTER c: HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

PART 727

STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITIES OPERATING UNDER A RCRA STANDARDIZED PERMIT

727.100	General	
727.110	General Facility Sta	andards
727.130	Preparedness and P	revention
727.150	Contingency Plan a	nd Emergency Procedures
727.170	Recordkeeping, Re	porting, and Notifying
727.190	Releases from Solid	d Waste Management Units
727.210	Closure	
727.240	Financial Requirem	ents
727.270	Use and Manageme	ent of Containers
727.290	Tank Systems	
727.900	Containment Buildi	ings
727.APPEN	NDIX A Financial A	ssurance Forms (Repealed)
727	ILLUSTRATION A	Letter of Chief Financial Officer: Financial Assurance for Facility Closure (Repealed)
727	ILLUSTRATION B	Letter of Chief Financial Officer: Financial Assurance for Liability Coverage (Repealed)
727.APPEN	NDIX B Correlation	of State and Federal Provisions
727		relation of Federal RCRA Standardized Permit Provisions to e Provisions
727		relation of State RCRA Standardized Permit Provisions to eral Provisions

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 7.2 and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27].

SOURCE: Adopted in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 Ill. Reg. 1146, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R07-5/R07-14 at 32 Ill. Reg. 12829, effective July 14, 2008; amended in

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R13-15 at 3	7 III. Re	g. 17909,	effective (October 24,	, 2013; a	mended in	R14-1/-R	14-2/-R14-3	at
38 Ill. Reg.	7221, et	fective M	arch 13, 20	14; amend	led in R	16-7 at 40	Ill. Reg	,	
effective							727-2		

Section 727.130 Preparedness and Prevention

- a) Applicability of this Section. This Section applies to the owner and operator of a facility that treats or stores hazardous waste under a RCRA standardized permit pursuant to Subpart J of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, except as provided in Section 727.100(a)(2).
 - BOARD NOTE: Subsection (a) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.30,267.30 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).
- b) General facility design and operation standards. The facility owner or operator must design, construct, maintain, and operate its facility to minimize the possibility of a fire, explosion, or any unplanned sudden or non-sudden release of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents to air, soil, or surface water that could threaten human health or the environment.
 - BOARD NOTE: Subsection (b) is derived from 40 CFR 267.31 (2015).
- c) Required facility equipment. A facility must be equipped with all of the following, unless none of the hazards posed by waste handled at the facility could require a particular kind of equipment specified below:
 - An internal communications or alarm system capable of providing immediate emergency instruction (voice or signal) to facility personnel;
 - 2) A device, such as a telephone (immediately available at the scene of operations) or a hand-held two-way radio, capable of summoning emergency assistance from local police departments, fire departments, or State or local emergency response teams;
 - Portable fire extinguishers, fire control equipment (including special extinguishing equipment, such as that using foam, inert gas, or dry chemicals), spill control equipment, and decontamination equipment; and

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Water at adequate volume and pressure to supply water hose streams, or foam-producing equipment, or automatic sprinklers, or water spray systems.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (c) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.32,267.32 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

d) Equipment testing and maintenance requirements. The facility owner or operator must test and maintain all required facility communications or alarm systems, fire protection equipment, spill control equipment, and decontamination equipment, as necessary, to assure its proper operation in time of emergency.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (d) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.33,267.33 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- e) Facility personnel access to communication equipment or an alarm system.
 - 1) Whenever hazardous waste is being poured, mixed, spread, or otherwise handled, all personnel involved in the operation must have immediate access to an internal alarm or emergency communication device, either directly or through visual or voice contact with another employee, unless the device is not required pursuant to Section 727.130(c).
 - 2) If just one employee is on the premises while the facility is operating, that person must have immediate access to a communication device, such as a telephone (immediately available at the scene of operation) or a hand-held two-way radio, capable of summoning external emergency assistance, unless the device is not required pursuant to Section 727.130(c).

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (e) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.34.267.34 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

f) Ensuring access for personnel and equipment during emergencies. The facility owner or operator must maintain enough aisle space to allow the unobstructed movement of personnel, fire protection equipment, spill control equipment, and decontamination equipment to any area of facility operation in an emergency, as appropriate, considering the type of waste being stored or treated.

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BOARD NOTE: Subsection (f) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.35,267.35 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- Required emergency arrangements with local authorities.
 - 1) The facility owner or operator must attempt to make the following arrangements, as appropriate, for the type of waste handled at its facility and the potential need for the services of these organizations:
 - A) Arrangements to familiarize police, fire departments, and emergency response teams with the layout of the facility, properties of hazardous waste handled at the facility and associated hazards, places where facility personnel would normally be working, entrances to and roads inside the facility, and possible evacuation routes;
 - B) Agreements designating primary emergency authority to a specific police and a specific fire department where more than one police and fire department might respond to an emergency, and agreements with any others to provide support to the primary emergency authority;
 - Agreements with State emergency response teams, emergency response contractors, and equipment suppliers; and
 - D) Arrangements to familiarize local hospitals with the properties of hazardous waste handled at the facility and the types of injuries or illnesses that could result from fires, explosions, or releases at the facility.
 - If State or local authorities decline to enter into such arrangements, the facility owner or operator must document the refusal in the operating record.

BOARD NOTE:	Subsection (g) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR
267.36,267.36 (2)	015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

(Source:	Amended at 40 Ill. Reg	, effective	
(Source.	Amended at 40 m. Reg.	, CHCCHYC	

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Section 727.290 Tank Systems

- a) Applicability of this Section. This Section applies to the owner or operator of a facility that treats or stores hazardous waste in above-ground or on-ground tanks under a RCRA standardized permit pursuant to Subpart J of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, except as provided in Section 727.100(a)(2).
 - A facility owner or operator does not have to meet the secondary containment requirements in subsection (f) of this Section if its tank systems do not contain free liquids and are situated inside a building with an impermeable floor. The owner or operator must demonstrate the absence or presence of free liquids in the stored or treated waste, using Method 9095B (Paint Filter Liquids Test) as described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," USEPA Publication SW—846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).
 - 2) The facility owner or operator does not have to meet the secondary containment requirements of subsection (f)(1) of this Section if its tank system, including sumps, as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110, is part of a secondary containment system to collect or contain releases of hazardous wastes.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (a) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.190,267.190 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).

b) Required design and construction standards for new tank systems or components. The facility owner or operator must ensure that the foundation, structural support, seams, connections, and pressure controls (if applicable) are adequately designed and that the tank system has sufficient structural strength, compatibility with the wastes to be stored or treated, and corrosion protection to ensure that it will not collapse, rupture, or fail. The owner or operator must obtain a written assessment, reviewed and certified by an independent, qualified registered professional engineer, following 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.126(d), attesting that the tank system has sufficient structural integrity and is acceptable for the storing and treating of hazardous waste. This assessment must include, at a minimum, the following information:

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- 1) Design standards for the construction of tanks or the ancillary equipment.
- 2) Hazardous characteristics of the wastes to be handled.
- 3) For new tank systems or components in which the external shell of a metal tank or any external metal component of the tank system will be in contact with the soil or with water, a determination by a corrosion expert of the following:
 - A) Factors affecting the potential for corrosion, such as the following:
 - i) Soil moisture content;
 - ii) Soil pH;
 - iii) Soil sulfides level;
 - iv) Soil resistivity;
 - v) Structure to soil potential;
 - vi) Existence of stray electric current; and
 - vii) Existing corrosion-protection measures (for example, coating, cathodic protection, etc.).
 - B) The type and degree of external corrosion protection needed to ensure the integrity of the tank system during the use of the tank system or component, consisting of one or more of the following:
 - i) Corrosion-resistant materials of construction (such as special alloys, fiberglass reinforced plastic, etc.);
 - ii) Corrosion-resistant coating (such as epoxy, fiberglass, etc.) with cathodic protection (for example, impressed current or sacrificial anodes); and

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- iii) Electrical isolation devices (such as insulating joints, flanges, etc.).
- 4) Design considerations to ensure that the following will occur:
 - A) Tank foundations will maintain the load of a full tank;
 - B) Tank systems will be anchored to prevent flotation or dislodgment where the tank system is placed in a saturated zone, or is located within a seismic fault zone subject to the standards of Section 727.110(i)(1); and
 - C) Tank systems will withstand the effects of frost heave.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (b) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.191,267.191 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- Handling and inspection procedures during installation of new tank systems.
 - The facility owner or operator must ensure that it follows proper handling procedures to prevent damage to a new tank system during installation. Before placing a new tank system or component in use, an independent, qualified installation inspector or an independent, qualified, registered professional engineer, either of whom is trained and experienced in the proper installation of tank systems or components, must inspect the system for the presence of any of the following items:
 - A) Weld breaks;
 - B) Punctures;
 - C) Scrapes of protective coatings;
 - D) Cracks;
 - E) Corrosion; or
 - F) Other structural damage or inadequate construction or installation.

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 The facility owner or operator must remedy all discrepancies before the tank system is placed in use.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (c) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.192,267.192 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

d) Testing requirements. The facility owner or operator must test all new tanks and ancillary equipment for tightness before you place them in use. If the owner or operator finds a tank system that is not tight, it must perform all repairs necessary to remedy the leaks in the system before it covers, encloses, or places the tank system into use.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (d) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.193,267.193 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- e) Installation requirements.
 - The facility owner or operator must support and protect ancillary equipment against physical damage and excessive stress due to settlement, vibration, expansion, or contraction.
 - 2) The facility owner or operator must provide the type and degree of corrosion protection recommended by an independent corrosion expert, based on the information provided pursuant to subsection (b)(3) of this Section, to ensure the integrity of the tank system during use of the tank system. An independent corrosion expert must supervise the installation of a corrosion protection system that is field fabricated to ensure proper installation.
 - The facility owner or operator must obtain, and keep at the facility, written statements by those persons required to certify the design of the tank system and to supervise the installation of the tank system as required in subsections (c), (d), (e)(1), and (e)(2) of this Section. The written statement must attest that the tank system was properly designed and installed and that the owner or operator made repairs pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. These written statements must also include the certification statement as required in 35 Ill. Adm. Code

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702.126(d).

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (e) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.194.267.194 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- f) Secondary containment requirements. To prevent the release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents to the environment, the owner or operator must provide secondary containment that meets the requirements of this subsection (f) for all new and existing tank systems.
 - Secondary containment systems must meet both of the following requirements:
 - A) It must be designed, installed, and operated to prevent any migration of wastes or accumulated liquid out of the system to any soil, groundwater, or surface water at any time during the use of the tank system; and
 - B) It must be capable of detecting and collecting releases and accumulated liquids until the collected material is removed.
 - To meet the requirements of subsection (f)(1) of this Section, secondary containment systems must meet all of the following minimum requirements:
 - A) It must be constructed of or lined with materials that are compatible with the wastes to be placed in the tank system and must have sufficient strength and thickness to prevent failure owing to pressure gradients (including static head and external hydrological forces), physical contact with the waste to which it is exposed, climatic conditions, and the stress of daily operation (including stresses from nearby vehicular traffic);
 - B) It must be placed on a foundation or base capable of providing support to the secondary containment system, resistance to pressure gradients above and below the system, and capable of preventing failure due to settlement, compression, or uplift;

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- C) It must be provided with a leak-detection system that is designed and operated so that it will detect the failure of either the primary or secondary containment structure or the presence of any release of hazardous waste or accumulated liquid in the secondary containment system within 24 hours; and
- D) It must be sloped or otherwise designed or operated to drain and remove liquids resulting from leaks, spills, or precipitation. The facility owner or operator must remove spilled or leaked waste and accumulated precipitation from the secondary containment system within 24 hours, or as promptly as possible, to prevent harm to human health and the environment.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (f) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.195,267.195 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- g) Required devices for secondary containment and their design, operating, and installation requirements.
 - Secondary containment for tanks must include one or more of the following features:
 - A) A liner (external to the tank);
 - B) A double-walled tank; and
 - C) An equivalent device; the owner or operator must maintain documentation of equivalency at the facility.
 - 2) An external liner system must fulfill the following requirements:
 - A) It must be designed or operated to contain 100 percent of the capacity of the largest tank within its boundary;
 - B) It must be designed or operated to prevent run-on or infiltration of precipitation into the secondary containment system unless the collection system has sufficient excess capacity to contain run-on or infiltration. The additional capacity must be sufficient to

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contain precipitation from a 25-year, 24-hour rainfall event;

- C) It must be free of cracks or gaps; and
- D) It must be designed and installed to surround the tank completely and to cover all surrounding earth likely to come into contact with the waste if the waste is released from the tanks (that is, it must be capable of preventing lateral as well as vertical migration of the waste).
- 3) A double-walled tank must fulfill the following requirements:
 - A) It must be designed as an integral structure (that is, it must be an inner tank completely enveloped within an outer shell) so that any release from the inner tank is contained by the outer shell;
 - B) It must be protected, if constructed of metal, from both corrosion of the primary tank interior and of the external surface of the outer shell; and
 - C) It must be provided with a built-in continuous leak detection system capable of detecting a release within 24 hours.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (g) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.196.267.196 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- h) Requirements for ancillary equipment. The facility owner or operator must provide ancillary equipment with secondary containment (for example, trench, jacketing, double-walled piping, etc.) that meets the requirements of subsections (f)(1) and (f)(2) of this Section, except for the following:
 - 1) Above ground piping (exclusive of flanges, joints, valves, and other connections) that are visually inspected for leaks on a daily basis;
 - Welded flanges, welded joints, and welded connections, that are visually inspected for leaks on a daily basis;
 - Sealless or magnetic coupling pumps and sealless valves, that are visually

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inspected for leaks on a daily basis; and

4) Pressurized above ground piping systems with automatic shut-off devices (for example, excess flow check valves, flow metering shutdown devices, loss of pressure actuated shut-off devices, etc.) that are visually inspected for leaks on a daily basis.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (h) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.197,267.197 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- i) General operating requirements for tank systems.
 - The facility owner or operator must not place hazardous wastes or treatment reagents in a tank system if the substances could cause the tank, its ancillary equipment, or the containment system to rupture, leak, corrode, or otherwise fail.
 - 2) The facility owner or operator must use appropriate controls and practices to prevent spills and overflows from tank or containment systems. These include the following minimum requirements:
 - A) Spill prevention controls (for example, check valves, dry disconnect couplings, etc.);
 - Overfill prevention controls (for example, level sensing devices, high level alarms, automatic feed cutoff, or bypass to a standby tank, etc.); and
 - Sufficient freeboard in uncovered tanks to prevent overtopping by wave or wind action or by precipitation.
 - 3) The facility owner or operator must comply with the requirements of subsection (k) of this Section if a leak or spill occurs in the tank system.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (i) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.198,267.198 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

j) Inspection requirements. The facility owner or operator must comply with the

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following requirements for scheduling, conducting, and documenting inspections:

- It must develop and follow a schedule and procedure for inspecting overfill controls;
- 2) It must inspect the following at least once each operating day:
 - Aboveground portions of the tank system to detect corrosion or releases of waste;
 - B) Data gathered from monitoring and leak detection equipment (for example, pressure or temperature gauges, monitoring wells, etc.) to ensure that the tank system is being operated according to its design; and
 - C) The construction materials and the area immediately surrounding the externally accessible portion of the tank system, including the secondary containment system (for example, dikes) to detect erosion or signs of releases of hazardous waste (for example, wet spots, dead vegetation, etc.);
- 3) It must inspect cathodic protection systems, if present, according to, at a minimum, the following schedule to ensure that they are functioning properly:
 - A) It must confirm that the cathodic protection system is operating properly within six months after initial installation and annually thereafter; and
 - B) It must inspect or test all sources of impressed current, as appropriate, at least every other month; and
- 4) It must document, in the operating record of the facility, an inspection of those items in subsections (j)(1) through (j)(3) of this Section.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (j) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.199,267.199 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

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- k) Required actions in case of a leak or a spill. If there has been a leak or a spill from a tank system or secondary containment system, or if either system is unfit for use, the facility owner or operator must remove the system from service immediately, and it must satisfy the following requirements:
 - It must immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste into the tank system or secondary containment system and inspect the system to determine the cause of the release;
 - 2) It must remove the waste from the tank system or secondary containment system, as follows:
 - A) If the release was from the tank system, the owner or operator must, within 24 hours after detecting the leak, remove as much of the waste as is necessary to prevent further release of hazardous waste to the environment and to allow inspection and repair of the tank system to be performed; or
 - B) If the material released was to a secondary containment system, the owner or operator must remove all released materials within 24 hours or as quickly as possible to prevent harm to human health and the environment;
 - 3) It must immediately conduct a visual inspection of the release and, based on that inspection, undertake the following actions:
 - A) It must prevent further migration of the leak or spill to soils or surface water; and
 - B) It must remove, and properly dispose of, any visible contamination of the soil or surface water;
 - 4) It must report any release to the environment, except as provided in subsection (k)(4)(A) of this Section, to the Agency within 24 hours of after of its detection. If the owner or operator has reported the release to USEPA pursuant to federal 40 CFR 302, that report will satisfy this requirement, subject to the following exceptions:

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- A) The facility owner or operator does not need to report on a leak or spill of hazardous waste if it fulfills the following conditions:
 - The spill was less than or equal to a quantity of one pound;
 and
 - ii) The facility owner or operator immediately contained and cleaned up the spill; and
- B) Within 30 days of detection of a release to the environment, the owner or operator must submit a report to the Agency that contains the following information:
 - i) The likely route of migration of the release;
 - The characteristics of the surrounding soil (soil composition, geology, hydrogeology, climate, etc.);
 - iii) The results of any monitoring or sampling conducted in connection with the release (if available). If sampling or monitoring data relating to the release are not available within 30 days, the owner or operator must submit these data to the Agency as soon as they become available;
 - The proximity to downgradient drinking water, surface water, and populated areas; and
 - A description of response actions taken or planned;
- 5) It must either close the system or make necessary repairs, as follows:
 - A) Unless the owner or operator satisfies the requirements of subsections (k)(5)(B) and (k)(5)(C) of this Section, it must close the tank system according to subsection (l) of this Section;
 - B) If the cause of the release was a spill that has not damaged the integrity of the system, the owner or operator may return the system to service as soon as it removes the released waste and

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makes any necessary repairs; or

- C) If the cause of the release was a leak from the primary tank system into the secondary containment system, the owner or operator must repair the system before returning the tank system to service; and
- 6) If the owner or operator has made extensive repairs to a tank system in accordance with subsection (k)(5) of this Section (for example, installation of an internal liner; repair of a ruptured primary containment or secondary containment vessel, etc.), it may not return the tank system to service unless the repair is certified by an independent, qualified, registered, professional engineer in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.126(d), as follows:
 - A) The engineer must certify that the repaired system is capable of handling hazardous wastes without release for the intended life of the system; and
 - B) The facility owner or operator must submit this certification to the Agency within seven days after returning the tank system to use.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (k) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.200,267.200 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

Requirements when the owner or operator stops operating the tank system. When the facility owner or operator close a tank system, it must remove or decontaminate all waste residues, contaminated containment system components (liners, etc.), contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with waste, and manage them as hazardous waste, unless 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103(d) applies. The closure plan, closure activities, cost estimates for closure, and financial responsibility for tank systems must meet all of the requirements specified in Sections 727.210 and 727.240.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (I) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.201,267.201 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

m) Special requirements for ignitable or reactive wastes.

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- 1) The facility owner or operator may not place ignitable or reactive waste in tank systems, unless any of the following three conditions are fulfilled:
 - A) The owner or operator treats, renders, or mixes the waste before or immediately after placement in the tank system so that the following is true:
 - i) The owner or operator complies with Section 727.110(h)(2); and
 - ii) The resulting waste, mixture, or dissolved material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.121 or 721.123;
 - B) The owner or operator stores or treats the waste in such a way that it is protected from any material or conditions that may cause the waste to ignite or react; or
 - The facility owner or operator uses the tank system solely for emergencies.
- If the facility owner or operator stores or treats ignitable or reactive waste in a tank, it must comply with the requirements for the maintenance of protective distances between the waste management area and any public ways, streets, alleys, or an adjoining property line that can be built on, as required in Tables 2—1 through 2—6 of "Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code," NFPA 30, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a)).

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (m) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.202,267.202 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

- n) Special requirements for incompatible wastes.
 - 1) A facility owner or operator may not place incompatible wastes or incompatible wastes and materials in the same tank system, unless it complies with Section 727.110(h)(2).

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A facility owner or operator may not place hazardous waste in a tank system that has not been decontaminated and that previously held an incompatible waste or material, unless it complies with Section 727.110(h)(2).

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (n) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.203,267.203 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

o) Air emission standards. The facility owner or operator must manage all hazardous waste placed in a tank following the requirements of Subparts AA, BB, and CC of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724. Under a RCRA standardized permit, the following control devices are permissible: a thermal vapor incinerator, a catalytic vapor incinerator, a flame, a boiler, a process heater, a condenser, or a carbon absorption unit.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (o) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.204,267.204 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005) (2015).

(Source:	Amended at 40 Ill. Reg. —	, effective)

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Section 727. Appendix APPENDIX A Financial Assurance Forms (Repealed)

Illustration Section 727. ILLUSTRATION A Letter of Chief Financial Officer: Financial Assurance for Facility Closure (Repealed)

[The chief financial officer of an owner or operator of a facility with a RCRA standardized permit who uses a financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for that facility must complete a letter as specified in subsection (d)(6) of this Section. The letter must be worded as follows, except that instructions in brackets are to be deleted or replaced with the relevant information, including this introductory paragraph, as appropriate, and the brackets deleted:]

I am the chief financial officer of [insert the name and address of firm]. This letter is in support of this firm²'s use of the financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for closure costs, as specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 727.240. This firm qualifies for the financial test on the basis of having [insert the appropriate of the following statements: "a current rating for its senior unsecured debt of AAA, AA, A, or BBB as issued by Standard and Poor²'s or Aaa, Aa, A or Baa as issued by Moody²'s²"; "a ratio of less than 1.50 comparing total liabilities to net worth²"; or a ratio of greater than 0.10 comparing the sum of net income plus depreciation, depletion and amortization, minus \$10 million, to total liabilities.²"]

This firm [insert the appropriate of the following statements: "is required" or "is not required" to file a Form 10K with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for the latest fiscal year.

The fiscal year of this firm ends on [insert the month, day]. The figures for the following items marked with an asterisk are derived from this firm²'s independently audited, year-end financial statements for the latest completed fiscal year, ended [insert the date].

[If this firm qualifies on the basis of its bond rating fill in the requested information:] This firm has a rating of its senior unsecured debt of [insert the bond rating] "from" [insert the appropriate of the following entities: "Standard and Poor's 2" or "Moody's 2"].

[Complete Line 1. Total Liabilities below and then skip the remaining questions in the next section and resume completing the form at the section entitled "Obligations Covered by a Financial Test or Corporate Guarantee."]

[If this firm qualifies for the financial test on the basis of its ratio of liabilities to net worth, or sum of income, depreciation, depletion, and amortization to net worth, please complete the

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follo	wing section.]				
*1.	Total Liabilities	\$			
*2.	Net Worth \$				
*3.	Net Income \$		-		
*4.	Depreciation \$				
*5.	Depletion (if applical	ole)	\$		
*6.	Amortization \$				
*7.	Sum of Lines 3, 4, 5	& 6	\$		
firm audit	insert the following stated financial statements wing items are not taken	ement: for this to directly	"The above firm." If the from the fi	most recent audited financial statements for this e figures are taken directly from the most recent ey are not, insert the following statement: "This most recent audited financial statements planation of how they were derived.]	t he
[Con	plete the following cale	culations	s:]		
8.	Line $1 \div \text{Line } 2 =$	\$		_	
9.	Line 7 ÷ Line 1 =	\$		_:	
Is Li	ne 8 less than 1.5?	Yes _	No		
Is Lin	ne 9 greater than 0.10?	Yes	No		

[If you did not answer Yes to either of these two questions, you cannot use the financial test and need not complete this letter. Instead, you must notify the permitting authority for the facility that you intend to establish alternate financial assurance as specified in 35 III. Adm. Code 727.240(d). The owner or operator must send this notice by certified mail within 90 days following the close of the owner²'s or operator²'s fiscal year for which the year-end financial data show that the owner or operator no longer meets the requirements of Section 727.240(d). The

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owner or operator must also provide alternative financial assurance within 120 days after the end of such fiscal year.]

Obligations Covered by a Financial Test or Corporate Guarantee

[On the following lines list all obligations that are covered by a financial test or a corporate guarantee extended by your firm. You may add additional lines and leave blank entries that do not apply to your situation.]

Hazardous Waste Facility Name and ID	State	Closure	Post-Closur e \$	Corrective Action \$
Total Hazardous Waste Third-Party Liabil	ity:		-	\$
Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Facilities	State	Closure \$	Post-Closur e \$	Corrective Action \$
Total Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Faci	=== ility Liab	ility:		\$
Underground Injection Control Facilities	State			Plugging Action \$
Total Underground Injection Control Facil	lity Liabi	lity:		\$
Petroleum Underground Storage Tanks	State			Closure \$
Total Petroleum Underground Storage Tar	nk Liabil	i ty:		\$
PCB Storage Facility Name and ID	State			Closure \$
Total PCB Storage Facility Liability:				\$
Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Facilities	State	Closure	Post-Closur	Corrective

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Total Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Facility Liability:	\$
Underground Injection Control Facilities State Total Underground Injection Control Facility Liability:	Plugging Action \$
Petroleum Underground Storage Tanks State Total Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Facility Liability:	Closure \$
PCB Storage Facility Name and ID State Total PCB Storage Facility Liability:	Closure \$
Any financial assurance federally required under, or as part of an action taken under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act. Site Name State	Amount
Total Financial Assurance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act:	\$
Any other environmental obligations that are assured through a financial test. Site Name	Amount \$
Total Other Environmental Obligations Assured:	\$
*10. Total of all amounts \$ *11. Line 10 + \$10.000.000 = \$	

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*12. Total Assets \$
*13. Intangible Assets \$
*14. Tangible Assets (Line 12-Line 13) \$
*15. Tangible Net Worth (Line 14-Line 1) \$
*16. Assets in the United States \$
Is Line 15 less than Line 11? YesNo
Is Line 16 no less than Line 10? YesNo
[You must be able to answer Yes to both these questions to use the financial test for this facility.]
I hereby certify that the wording of this letter is identical to the wording specified in Appendix A, Illustration A to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 727, as such regulations were constituted on the date shown immediately below.
[Signature]
[Name]
[Title]
[Date]

[After completion, a signed copy of the form must be sent to the Agency. In addition, a signed copy must be sent to every authority who (1) requires a demonstration through a financial test for each of the other obligations in the letter that are assured through a financial test, or (2) accepts a guarantee for an obligation listed in this letter.]

BOARD NOTE: This Appendix A, Illustration A is derived from 40 CFR 267.151(a), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005). The Board moved the corresponding federal provision to accommodate its unusual format. The Board intends that any citation to Section 727.240(l) or (l)(1) also include this added Appendix A, Illustration A, as applicable.

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(Source: Repealed at 40 III. Reg. —, effective	(Source:	Repealed at 40 Ill. Reg.	—, effective	
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Section 727. Appendix APPENDIX A Financial Assurance Forms (Repealed)

Illustration Section 727, ILLUSTRATION B Letter of Chief Financial Officer: Financial Assurance for Liability Coverage (Repealed)

[The chief financial officer of an owner or operator of a facility with a RCRA standardized permit who use a financial test to demonstrate financial assurance only for third party liability for that (or other RCRA standardized permit) facility (or those facilities) must complete a letter as specified in subsection (h)(6) of this Section. The letter must be worded as follows, except that instructions in brackets are to be deleted or replaced with the relevant information, including this introductory paragraph, as appropriate, and the brackets deleted:]

I am the chief financial officer of [insert the name and address of firm]. This letter is in support of this firm— support of this firm— support of this firm— support of the financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for third party liability, as specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 727.240. This firm qualifies for the financial test on the basis of having tangible net worth of at least \$10 million more than the amount of liability coverage and assets in the United States of at least the amount of liability coverage. This firm [insert the appropriate of the following statements: "is required" or "is not required" to file a Form 10K with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for the latest fiscal year.

The fiscal year of this firm ends on [insert the month, day]. The figures for the following items marked with an asterisk are derived from this firm independently audited, year-end financial statements for the latest completed fiscal year, ended [insert the date].

[Complete the following section.]

*1. Total Assets	\$
*2. Intangible Assets	\$
*3. Tangible Assets (Line 1-Line 2)	\$
*4. Total Liabilities	\$
5. Tangible Net Worth (Line 3-Line 4)	\$

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*6. Assets in the United States	\$	
7. Amount of liability coverage	\$	
Is Line 5 At least \$10 million greater than Line 7?	Yes	No
Is Line 6 at least equal to Line 7?	Yes	No
[You must be able to answer Yes to both these question facility.]	ons to use the	financial test for this
I hereby certify that the wording of this letter is identic Appendix A, Illustration B to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 727, a on the date shown immediately below.		- 1
[Signature]		
[Name]		
[Title]		-
[Date]		
[After completion, a signed copy of the form must be the state or territory where the facility is (or facilities a		rmitting authority of
BOARD NOTE: This Appendix A, Illustration B is d added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005). The Boar provision to accommodate its unusual format. The Board Section 727.240(1) or (1)(2) also include this added Appaplicable.	rd moved the pard intends t	corresponding federa hat any citation to
(Source: Repealed at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)

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Section 727. Appendix APPENDIX B Correlation of State and Federal Provisions

Table Section 727. TABLE A Correlation of Federal RCRA Standardized Permit Provisions to State Provisions

The following table sets forth the correlation of the federal RCRA Standardized Permit provisions with the State regulations. Where the structure of a State provision exactly parallels the corresponding federal provision from which it was derived, no expanded listing of the subsections appears. Where it was necessary to move or restructure the material from the federal regulations, a detailed listing of the location of each subsection appears.

40 CFR Provision	35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision
Subpart G of Part 124	Subpart G of Part 705
124.200	705.300(a)
124.201	705.300(b)
124.202	705.301(a)
124.203	705.301(b)
124.204	705.302(a)
124.205	705.302(b)
124.206	705.302(c)
124.207	705.303(a)
124.208	705.303(b)
124.209	705.303(c)
124.210	705.303(d)
124.211	705.304(a)
124.212	705.304(b)
124.213	705.304(c)
124.214	705.304(d)

40 CFR Provision	35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision
Subpart A of Part 267	727.100
267.1	727.100(a)
267.2	727.100(b)
267.3	727.100(c)
Subpart B of Part 267	727.110
267.10	727.110(a)
267.11	727.110(b)

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267.12	727.110(c)	
267.13	727.110(d)	
267.14	727.110(e)	
267.15	727.110(f)	
267.16	727.110(g)	
267.17	727.110(h)	
267.18	727.110(i)	
Subpart C of Part 267	727.130	
267.30	727.130(a)	
267.31	727.130(b)	
267.32	727.130(c)	
267.33	727.130(d)	
267.34	727.130(e)	
267.35	727.130(f)	
Subpart D of Part 267	727.150	
267.50	727.150(a)	
267.51	727.150(b)	
267.52	727.150(c)	
267.53	727.150(d)	
267.54	727.150(e)	
267.55	727.150(f)	
267.56	727.150(g)	
267.57	727.150(h)	
267.58	727.150(i)	
Subpart E of Part 267	727.170	
267.70	727.170(a)	
267.71	727.170(b)	
267.72	727.170(c)	
267.73	727.170(d)	
267.74	727.170(e)	
267.75	727.170(f)	
267.76	727.170(g)	
Subpart F of Part 267	727.190	
267.90	727.190(a)	
267.91 (Reserved)	727.190(b)	
267.92 (Reserved)	727.190(c)	
267.93 (Reserved)	727.190(d)	

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267.94 (Reserved)	727.190(e)
267.95 (Reserved)	727.190(f)
267.96 (Reserved)	727.190(g)
267.97 (Reserved)	727.190(h)
267.98 (Reserved)	727.190(i)
267.99 (Reserved)	727.190(j)
267.100 (Reserved)	727.190(k)
267.101	727.190(l)
Subpart G of Part 267	727.210
267.110	727.210(a)
267.111	727.210(b)
267.112	727.210(c)
267.113	727.210(d)
267.114 (Reserved)	727.210(e)
267.115	727.210(f)
267.116	727.210(g)
267.117	727.210(h)
Subpart H of Part 267	727.240
267.140	727.240(a)
267.141	727.240(b)
267.142	727.240(c)
267.143	727.240(d)
267.143(f)(1)	727.240(d)(6)(A)
267.143(f)(1)	727.240(m)
267.143(f)(1)(i)	727.240(m)(1)
267.143(f)(1)(i)(A)	727.240(m)(1)(A)
267.143(f)(1)(i)(B)	727.240(m)(1)(B)
267.143(f)(1)(i)(C)	727.240(m)(1)(C)
267.143(f)(1)(ii)	727.240(m)(2)
267.143(f)(1)(ii)(A)	727.240(m)(2)(A)
267.143(f)(1)(ii)(B)	727.240(m)(2)(B)
267.143(f)(1)(iii)	727.240(m)(3)
267.143(f)(2)	727.240(d)(6)(B)
267.143(f)(2)	727.240(n)
267.143(f)(2)(i)	727.240(n)(1)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)	727.240(n)(1)(A)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)	727.240(n)(1)(A)(i)

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267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(I)	727.240(n)(1)(E)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(<i>I</i>)(<i>i</i>)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(i)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(ii)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(ii)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(iii)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(iii)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(iv)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(iv)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(<i>I</i>)(<i>v</i>)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(v)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(vi)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(vi)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(vii)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(vii)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(2)	727.240(n)(1)(A)(ii)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(B)	727.240(n)(1)(B)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(C)	727.240(n)(1)(C)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(D)	727.240(n)(1)(D)
267.143(f)(2)(ii)	727.240(n)(2)
267.143(f)(2)(iii)	727.240(n)(3)
267.143(f)(2)(iv)	727.240(n)(4)
267.143(f)(2)(iv)(A)	727.240(n)(4)(A)
267.143(f)(2)(iv)(B)	727.240(n)(4)(B)
267.143(f)(2)(v)	727.240(n)(5)
267.143(f)(2)(v)(A)	727.240(n)(5)(A)
267.143(f)(2)(v)(B)	727.240(n)(5)(B)
267.143(f)(2)(vi)	727.240(n)(6)
267.143(f)(3)	727.240(d)(6)(C)
267.143(f)(3)	727.240(o)
267.143(f)(3)(i)	727.240(o)(1)
267.143(f)(3)(i)(A)	727.240(o)(1)(A)
267.143(f)(3)(i)(B)	727.240(o)(1)(B)
267.143(f)(3)(ii)	727.240(o)(2)
267.143(f)(3)(iii)	727.240(o)(3)
267.144 (Reserved)	727.240(e)
267.145 (Reserved)	727.240(f)
267.146 (Reserved)	727.240(g)
267.147	727.240(h)
267.147(f)(2)	727.240(h)(6)(B)
267.147(f)(2)	727.240(p)
267.147(f)(2)(i)	727.240(p)(1)
267.147(f)(2)(i)(A)	727.240(p)(1)(A)
267.147(f)(2)(i)(B)	727.240(p)(1)(B)

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267.147(f)(2)(i)(C)	727.240(p)(1)(C)
267.147(f)(2)(ii)	727.240(p)(2)
267.147(f)(2)(iii)	727.240(p)(3)
267.147(f)(2)(iv)	727.240(p)(4)
267.147(f)(2)(iv)(A)	727.240(p)(4)(A)
267.147(f)(2)(iv)(B)	727.240(p)(4)(B)
267.147(f)(2)(v)	727.240(p)(5)
267.147(f)(2)(v)(A)	727.240(p)(5)(A)
267.147(f)(2)(v)(B)	727.240(p)(5)(B)
267.147(f)(2)(vi)	727.240(p)(6)
267.147(g)(2)	727.240(h)(7)(B)
267.147(g)(2)	727.240(q)
267.147(g)(2)(i)	727.240(q)(1)
267.147(g)(2)(ii)	727.240(q)(2)
267.147(g)(2)(ii)(A)	727.240(q)(2)(A)
267.147(g)(2)(ii)(B)	727.240(q)(2)(B)
267.148	727.240(i)
267.149 (Reserved)	727.240(j)
267.150	727.240(k)
267.151	727.240(1)
267.151(a)	727.240(1)(1)
267.151(a)	Appendix A, Illustration A
267.151(b)	727.240(1)(2)
267.151(b)	Appendix A, Illustration B
Subpart I of Part 267	727.270
267.170	727.270(a)
267.171	727.270(b)
267.172	727.270(c)
267.173	727.270(d)
267.174	727.270(e)
267.175	727.270(f)
267.176	727.270(g)
267.177	727.270(h)
Subpart J of Part 267	727.290
267.190	727.290(a)
267.191	727.290(b)
267.192	727.290(c)

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267.193	727.290(d)	
267.194	727.290(e)	
267.195	727.290(f)	
267.196	727.290(g)	
267.197	727.290(h)	
267.198	727.290(i)	
267.199	727.290(j)	
267.200	727.290(k)	
267.201	727.290(1)	
267.202	727.290(m)	
267.203	727.290(n)	
267.204	727.290(o)	
Subpart K of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart L of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart M of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart N of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart O of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart P of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart Q of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart R of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart S of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart T of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart U of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart V of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart W of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart X of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart Y of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart Z of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart AA of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart BB of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart CC of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart DD of Part 267	727.900	
267.1100	727.900(a)	
267.1101	727.900(b)	
267.1102	727.900(c)	
267.1103	727.900(d)	
267.1104	727.900(e)	

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267.1105	727.900(f)	
267.1106	727.900(g)	
267.1107	727.900(h)	
267.1108	727.900(i)	

40 CFR Provision	35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision
270.67	703.238
Subpart J of Part 270	Subpart J of Part 703
270.250	703.350(a)
270.255	703.350(b)
270.260	703.350(c)
270.270	703.351(a)
270.275	703.351(b)
270.280	703.351(c)
270.290	703.352(a)
270.300	703.352(b)
270.305	703.352(c)
270.310	703.352(d)
270.315	703.352(e)
270.320	703.353

BOARD NOTE: The Board added Appendix B, Table A for the convenience of USEPA, the Agency, and the regulated community. It is not directly derived from any federal provision. It is intended not to have any substantive effect on implementation of the RCRA Standardized Permit rules.

(Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg.	—, effective)
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Section 727. Appendix APPENDIX B Correlation of State and Federal Provisions

Table Section 727. TABLE B Correlation of State RCRA Standardized Permit Provisions to Federal Provisions

The following table sets forth the correlation of the State RCRA Standardized Permit provisions with the federal regulations. Where the structure of a State provision exactly parallels the corresponding federal provision from which it was derived, no expanded listing of the subsections appears. Where it was necessary to move or restructure the material from the federal regulations, a detailed listing of the location of each subsection appears.

35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision	40 CFR Provision	
703.238	270.67	
Subpart J of Part 703	Subpart J of Part 270	
703.350(a)	270.250	
703.350(b)	270.255	
703.350(c)	270.260	
703.351(a)	270.270	
703.351(b)	270.275	
703.351(c)	270.280	
703.352(a)	270.290	
703.352(b)	270.300	
703.352(c)	270.305	
703.352(d)	270.310	
703.352(e)	270.315	
703.353	270.320	

35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision	40 CFR Provision	
Subpart G of Part 705	Subpart G of Part 124	
705.300(a)	124.200	
705.300(b)	124.201	
705.301(a)	124.202	
705.301(b)	124.203	
705.302(a)	124.204	
705.302(b)	124.205	
705.302(c)	124.206	
705.303(a)	124.207	

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705.303(b)	124.208	
705.303(c)	124.209	
705.303(d)	124.210	
705.304(a)	124.211	
705.304(b)	124.212	
705.304(c)	124.213	
705.304(d)	124.214	

35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision	40 CFR Provision	
727.100	Subpart A of Part 267	
727.100(a)	267.1	
727.100(b)	267.2	
727.100(c)	267.3	
727.110	Subpart B of Part 267	
727.110(a)	267.10	
727.110(b)	267.11	
727.110(c)	267.12	
727.110(d)	267.13	
727.110(e)	267.14	
727.110(f)	267.15	
727.110(g)	267.16	
727.110(h)	267.17	
727.110(i)	267.18	
727.130	Subpart C of Part 267	
727.130(a)	267.30	
727.130(b)	267.31	
727.130(c)	267.32	
727.130(d)	267.33	
727.130(e)	267.34	
727.130(f)	267.35	
727.150	Subpart D of Part 267	
727.150(a)	267.50	
727.150(b)	267.51	
727.150(c)	267.52	
727.150(d)	267.53	
727.150(e)	267.54	
727.150(f)	267.55	

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727.150(g)	267.56
727.150(h)	267.57
727.150(i)	267.58
727.170	Subpart E of Part 267
727.170(a)	267.70
727.170(b)	267.71
727.170(c)	267.72
727.170(d)	267.73
727.170(e)	267.74
727.170(f)	267.75
727.170(g)	267.76
727.190	Subpart F of Part 267
727.190(a)	267.90
727.190(b)	267.91 (Reserved)
727.190(c)	267.92 (Reserved)
727.190(d)	267.93 (Reserved)
727.190(e)	267.94 (Reserved)
727.190(f)	267.95 (Reserved)
727.190(g)	267.96 (Reserved)
727.190(h)	267.97 (Reserved)
727.190(i)	267.98 (Reserved)
727.190(j)	267.99 (Reserved)
727.190(k)	267.100 (Reserved)
727.190(1)	267.101
727.210	Subpart G of Part 267
727.210(a)	267.110
727.210(b)	267.111
727.210(c)	267.112
727.210(d)	267.113
727.210(e)	267.114 (Reserved)
727.210(f)	267.115
727.210(g)	267.116
727.210(h)	267.117
727.240	Subpart H of Part 267
727.240(a)	267.140
727.240(b)	267.141
727.240(c)	267.142

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727.240(d)	267.143				
727.240(d)(6)(A)	267.143(f)(1)				
727.240(d)(6)(B)	267.143(f)(2)				
727.240(e)	267.144 (Reserved)				
727.240(f)	267.145 (Reserved)				
727.240(g)	267.146 (Reserved)				
727.240(h)	267.147				
727.240(h)(6)(B)	267.147(f)(2)				
727.240(h)(7)(B)	267.147(g)(2)				
727.240(i)	267.148				
727.240(j)	267.149 (Reserved)				
727.240(k)	267.150				
727.240(1)	267.151				
727.240(1)(1)	267.151(a)				
727.240(1)(2)	267.151(b)				
727.240(m)	267.143(f)(1)				
727.240(m)(1)	267.143(f)(1)(i)				
727.240(m)(1)(A)	267.143(f)(1)(i)(A)				
727.240(m)(1)(B)	267.143(f)(1)(i)(B)				
727.240(m)(1)(C)	267.143(f)(1)(i)(C)				
727.240(m)(2)	267.143(f)(1)(ii)				
727.240(m)(2)(A)	267.143(f)(1)(ii)(A)				
727.240(m)(2)(B)	267.143(f)(1)(ii)(B)				
727.240(m)(3)	267.143(f)(1)(iii)				
727.240(n)	267.143(f)(2)				
727.240(n)(1)	267.143(f)(2)(i)				
727.240(n)(1)(A)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)				
727.240(n)(1)(A)(i)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)				
727.240(n)(1)(A)(ii)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(2)				
727.240(n)(1)(B)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(B)				
727.240(n)(1)(C)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(C)				
727.240(n)(1)(D)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(D)				
727.240(n)(1)(E)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(I)				
727.240(n)(1)(E)(i)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(<i>I</i>)(<i>i</i>)				
727.240(n)(1)(E)(ii)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(<i>I</i>)(<i>ii</i>)				
727.240(n)(1)(E)(iii)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(iii)				
727.240(n)(1)(E)(iv)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(I)(iv)				

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727.240(n)(1)(E)(v)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(v)			
727.240(n)(1)(E)(vi)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(vi)			
727.240(n)(2)	267.143(f)(2)(ii)			
727.240(n)(3)	267.143(f)(2)(iii) 267.143(f)(2)(iv)			
727.240(n)(4)				
727.240(n)(4)(A)	267.143(f)(2)(iv)(A)			
727.240(n)(4)(B)	267.143(f)(2)(iv)(B)			
727.240(n)(5)	267.143(f)(2)(v)			
727.240(n)(5)(A)	267.143(f)(2)(v)(A)			
727.240(n)(5)(B)	267.143(f)(2)(v)(B)			
727.240(n)(6)	267.143(f)(2)(vi)			
727.240(o)	267.143(fg)(3)267.143(gf)(3)			
727.240(o)(1)	267.143(f)(3)(i)267.143(g)(3)(i)267.143(<u>f)(3</u> (i)			
727.240(o)(1)(A)	267.143(f)(3)(i)(A)267.143(g)(3)(i)(A)267.1 43(f)(3)(i)(A)			
727.240(o)(1)(B)	267.143(f)(3)(i)(B) 267.143(g)(3)(i)(B) <u>267.14</u> 3(f)(3)(i)(B)			
727.240(o)(2)				
	267.143(f)(3)(ii)267.143(g)(3)(ii) <u>267.143(f)(</u> 3)(ii)			
727.240(o)(3)				
	267.143(f)(3)(iii)267.143(g)(3)(iii) <u>267.143(f</u>			
727.240(p)	267.147(f)(2)			
727.240(p)(1)	267.147(f)(2)(i)			
727.240(p)(1)(A)	267.147(f)(2)(i)(A)			
727.240(p)(1)(B)	267.147(f)(2)(i)(B)			
727.240(p)(1)(C)	267.147(f)(2)(i)(C)			

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727.240(p)(2)	267.147(f)(2)(ii)					
727.240(p)(3)	267.147(f)(2)(iii)					
727.240(p)(4)	267.147(f)(2)(iv)					
727.240(p)(4)(A)	267.147(f)(2)(iv)(A) 267.147(f)(2)(iv)(B) 267.147(f)(2)(v) 267.147(f)(2)(v)(A) 267.147(f)(2)(v)(B)					
727.240(p)(4)(B)						
727.240(p)(5)						
727.240(p)(5)(A)						
727.240(p)(5)(B)						
727.240(p)(6)	267.147(f)(2)(vi)					
727.240(q)	267.147(g)(2)					
727.240(q)(1)	267.147(g)(2)(i)					
727.240(q)(2)	267.147(g)(2)(ii)					
727.240(q)(2)(A)	267.147(g)(2)(ii)(A)					
727.240(q)(2)(B)	267.147(g)(2)(ii)(B)					
727.270	Subpart I of Part 267					
727.270(a)	267.170					
727.270(b)	267.171					
727.270(c)	267.172					
727.270(d)	267.173					
727.270(e)	267.174					
727.270(f)	267.175					
727.270(g)	267.176					
727.270(h)	267.177					
727.290	Subpart J of Part 267					
727.290(a)	267.190					
727.290(b)	267.191					
727.290(c)	267.192					
727.290(d)	267.193					
727.290(e)	267.194					
727.290(f)	267.195					
727.290(g)	267.196					
727.290(h)	267.197					
727.290(i)	267.198					
727.290(j)	267.199					
727.290(k)	267.200					
727.290(1)	267.201					
727.290(m)	267.202					

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727.290(n)	267.203				
727.290(o)	267.204				
727.900	Subpart DD of Part 267				
727.900(a)	267.1100				
727.900(b)	267.1101				
727.900(c)	267.1102				
727.900(d)	267.1103				
727.900(e)	267.1104				
727.900(f)	267.1105				
727.900(g)	267.1106				
727.900(h)	267.1107				
727.900(i)	267.1108				
Appendix A, Illustration A	267.151(a)				
Appendix A, Illustration B	267.151(b)				

BOARD NOTE: The Board added Appendix B, Table B for the convenience of USEPA, the Agency, and the regulated community. It is not directly derived from any federal provision. It is intended not to have any substantive effect on implementation of the RCRA Standardized Permit rules.

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	TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION					
SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL						
CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD						
SU	JBCHAPTER c: HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING REQUIREMENTS					
	PART 727					
STA	ANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE					
F	ACILITIES OPERATING UNDER A RCRA STANDARDIZED PERMIT					
Section						
727.100	General					
727.110	General Facility Standards					
727.130	Preparedness and Prevention					
727.150	Contingency Plan and Emergency Procedures					
727.170	Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Notifying					
727.190	Releases from Solid Waste Management Units					
727.210	Closure					
727.240	Financial Requirements					
727.270	Use and Management of Containers					
727.290	Tank Systems					
727.900	Containment Buildings					
727.APPEN	NDIX A Financial Assurance Forms (Repealed)					
	.ILLUSTRATION A Letter of Chief Financial Officer: Financial Assurance for					
	Facility Closure (Repealed)					
727	.ILLUSTRATION B Letter of Chief Financial Officer: Financial Assurance for					
	Liability Coverage (Repealed)					
727.APPEN						
727	.TABLE A Correlation of Federal RCRA Standardized Permit Provisions to					
	State Provisions					
727	.TABLE B Correlation of State RCRA Standardized Permit Provisions to					
	Federal Provisions					
AUTHORI	TY: Implementing Sections 7.2 and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the					
Environme	ntal Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27].					
SOURCE:	Adopted in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 Ill. Reg. 1146, effective December 20,					
2006; amer	nded in R07-5/R07-14 at 32 Ill. Reg. 12829, effective July 14, 2008; amended in R13-					
15 at 37 III.	. Reg. 17909, effective October 24, 2013; amended in R14-1/R14-2/R14-3 at 38 III.					
	effective March 13, 2014; amended in R16-7 at 40 Ill. Reg, effective					

- a) Applicability of this Section. This Section applies to the owner and operator of a facility that treats or stores hazardous waste under a RCRA standardized permit pursuant to Subpart J of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, except as provided in Section 727.100(a)(2).
 - BOARD NOTE: Subsection (a) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.30 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
- b) General facility design and operation standards. The facility owner or operator must design, construct, maintain, and operate its facility to minimize the possibility of a fire, explosion, or any unplanned sudden or non-sudden release of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents to air, soil, or surface water that could threaten human health or the environment.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (b) is derived from 40 CFR 267.31 (2015).

- c) Required facility equipment. A facility must be equipped with all of the following, unless none of the hazards posed by waste handled at the facility could require a particular kind of equipment specified below:
 - An internal communications or alarm system capable of providing immediate emergency instruction (voice or signal) to facility personnel;
 - 2) A device, such as a telephone (immediately available at the scene of operations) or a hand-held two-way radio, capable of summoning emergency assistance from local police departments, fire departments, or State or local emergency response teams;
 - Portable fire extinguishers, fire control equipment (including special extinguishing equipment, such as that using foam, inert gas, or dry chemicals), spill control equipment, and decontamination equipment; and
 - 4) Water at adequate volume and pressure to supply water hose streams, or foam-producing equipment, or automatic sprinklers, or water spray systems.
 - BOARD NOTE: Subsection (c) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.32 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
- d) Equipment testing and maintenance requirements. The facility owner or operator must test and maintain all required facility communications or alarm systems, fire protection equipment, spill control equipment, and decontamination equipment, as

87		necessary, to assure its proper operation in time of emergency.							
88									
89		BOARD NOTE: Subsection (d) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.33							
90		(2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).							
91									
92	e)	Facility personnel access to communication equipment or an alarm system.							
93									
94		 Whenever hazardous waste is being poured, mixed, spread, or otherwise 							
95		handled, all personnel involved in the operation must have immediate							
96		access to an internal alarm or emergency communication device, either							
97		directly or through visual or voice contact with another employee, unless							
98		the device is not required pursuant to Section 727.130(c).							
99									
100		2) If just one employee is on the premises while the facility is operating, that							
101		person must have immediate access to a communication device, such as a							
102		telephone (immediately available at the scene of operation) or a hand-held							
103		two-way radio, capable of summoning external emergency assistance,							
104		unless the device is not required pursuant to Section 727.130(c).							
105									
106		BOARD NOTE: Subsection (e) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.34							
107		(2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).							
108									
109	f)	Ensuring access for personnel and equipment during emergencies. The facility							
110		owner or operator must maintain enough aisle space to allow the unobstructed							
111		movement of personnel, fire protection equipment, spill control equipment, and							
112		decontamination equipment to any area of facility operation in an emergency, as							
113		appropriate, considering the type of waste being stored or treated.							
114									
115		BOARD NOTE: Subsection (f) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.35							
116		(2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).							
117									
118	g)	Required emergency arrangements with local authorities.							
119	0,								
120		1) The facility owner or operator must attempt to make the following							
121		arrangements, as appropriate, for the type of waste handled at its facility							
122		and the potential need for the services of these organizations:							
123									
124		A) Arrangements to familiarize police, fire departments, and							
125		emergency response teams with the layout of the facility,							
126		properties of hazardous waste handled at the facility and associated							
127		hazards, places where facility personnel would normally be							
128		working, entrances to and roads inside the facility, and possible							
129		evacuation routes;							
		The state of the s							

30				
131			B)	Agreements designating primary emergency authority to a specific
132				police and a specific fire department where more than one police
133				and fire department might respond to an emergency, and
134				agreements with any others to provide support to the primary
135				emergency authority;
136				
137			C)	Agreements with State emergency response teams, emergency
138				response contractors, and equipment suppliers; and
139				
140			D)	Arrangements to familiarize local hospitals with the properties of
141				hazardous waste handled at the facility and the types of injuries or
142				illnesses that could result from fires, explosions, or releases at the
143				facility.
144				
145		2)	If Sta	te or local authorities decline to enter into such arrangements, the
146			facili	ty owner or operator must document the refusal in the operating
147			recor	d.
148				
149		BOA	RD NO	TE: Subsection (g) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.36
150				lded at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
151				
152	(Sou	rce: Am	ended	at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)
153				
	ection 727	.290 Ta	nk Sys	tems
155				
156	a)	Appli	cability	of this Section. This Section applies to the owner or operator of a
157				reats or stores hazardous waste in above-ground or on-ground tanks
158			•	A standardized permit pursuant to Subpart J of 35 Ill. Adm. Code
159				as provided in Section 727.100(a)(2).
160			1	
161		1)	A fac	cility owner or operator does not have to meet the secondary
162		,		inment requirements in subsection (f) of this Section if its tank
163				ms do not contain free liquids and are situated inside a building with
164				permeable floor. The owner or operator must demonstrate the
165				nce or presence of free liquids in the stored or treated waste, using
166				and 9095B (Paint Filter Liquids Test) as described in "Test Methods
167				valuating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," USEPA
168				ication SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code
169				111(a).
170			, 20.3	
171		2)	The f	facility owner or operator does not have to meet the secondary
172		2)		ninment requirements of subsection (f)(1) of this Section if its tank
1/2			Conta	minion requirements or subsection (1)(1) or this section it its talk

173 system, including sumps, as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110, is part 174 of a secondary containment system to collect or contain releases of 175 hazardous wastes. 176 177 BOARD NOTE: Subsection (a) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.190 178 (2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005). 179 b) 180 Required design and construction standards for new tank systems or components. 181 The facility owner or operator must ensure that the foundation, structural support, 182 seams, connections, and pressure controls (if applicable) are adequately designed 183 and that the tank system has sufficient structural strength, compatibility with the 184 wastes to be stored or treated, and corrosion protection to ensure that it will not collapse, rupture, or fail. The owner or operator must obtain a written assessment, 185 186 reviewed and certified by an independent, qualified registered professional engineer, following 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.126(d), attesting that the tank system 187 188 has sufficient structural integrity and is acceptable for the storing and treating of 189 hazardous waste. This assessment must include, at a minimum, the following 190 information: 191 192 1) Design standards for the construction of tanks or the ancillary equipment. 193 194 2) Hazardous characteristics of the wastes to be handled. 195 196 For new tank systems or components in which the external shell of a metal 3) 197 tank or any external metal component of the tank system will be in contact 198 with the soil or with water, a determination by a corrosion expert of the 199 following: 200 201 A) Factors affecting the potential for corrosion, such as the following: 202 203 i) Soil moisture content; 204 205 ii) Soil pH; 206 207 iii) Soil sulfides level; 208 209 iv) Soil resistivity; 210 211 Structure to soil potential; V) 212 213 vi) Existence of stray electric current; and 214 215 vii) Existing corrosion-protection measures (for example,

216					coating, cathodic protection, etc.).
217 218			B)	The	type and degree of external corrosion protection needed to
219			D)		re the integrity of the tank system during the use of the tank
220					em or component, consisting of one or more of the following:
221				Syste	an of component, consisting of one of more of the following.
222				:	Corregion registant metarials of construction (such as
				i)	Corrosion-resistant materials of construction (such as
223 224					special alloys, fiberglass reinforced plastic, etc.);
				::>	Compaign resistant scating (analysis as answer fibrusing ata)
225				ii)	Corrosion-resistant coating (such as epoxy, fiberglass, etc.)
226					with cathodic protection (for example, impressed current or
227					sacrificial anodes); and
228				:::5	Electrical inclusion desires (and as inclusion in its
229				iii)	Electrical isolation devices (such as insulating joints,
230					flanges, etc.).
231		1)	D	5 02.00	24 25 21
232		4)	Desig	gn cons	iderations to ensure that the following will occur:
233			4.5	T1	C 1.4'
234			A)	Tank	foundations will maintain the load of a full tank;
235			D)	T . 1	2011 1 14
236			B)		systems will be anchored to prevent flotation or dislodgment
237					re the tank system is placed in a saturated zone, or is located
238					in a seismic fault zone subject to the standards of Section
239				121.	110(i)(1); and
240			C \	m 1	11 11 11 00 00 00
241			C)	Tank	systems will withstand the effects of frost heave.
242		200	DD MO	TT C	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
243					ubsection (b) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.191
244		(201	<u>5), as ad</u>	ded at	70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
245		**			
246	c)	Hand	dling and	dinspe	ction procedures during installation of new tank systems.
247		45	-		
248		1)			owner or operator must ensure that it follows proper handling
249					to prevent damage to a new tank system during installation.
250					ng a new tank system or component in use, an independent,
251					stallation inspector or an independent, qualified, registered
252					engineer, either of whom is trained and experienced in the
253					llation of tank systems or components, must inspect the system
254			for th	e prese	ence of any of the following items:
255					
256			A)	Weld	d breaks;
257					
258			B)	Punc	etures;

259			
260		C)	Scrapes of protective coatings;
261			
262		D)	Cracks;
263		-	
264		E)	Corrosion; or
265		T\	
266		F)	Other structural damage or inadequate construction or installation.
267		2) Th	facility over an anarotan must remade all discrepancies hafers the
268 269			e facility owner or operator must remedy all discrepancies before the k system is placed in use.
270		DOADDA	IOTE: 9-1
271 272			NOTE: Subsection (c) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.192 added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
273	4)	Tagting ro	guiraments. The facility extract or energies must test all new tenks and
274 275	d)		quirements. The facility owner or operator must test all new tanks and quipment for tightness before you place them in use. If the owner or
276			nds a tank system that is not tight, it must perform all repairs necessary
277		and the second second	the leaks in the system before it covers, encloses, or places the tank
278		system int	
279		System me	o doc.
280		BOARD	NOTE: Subsection (d) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.193
281			added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
282		1	
283 284	e)	Installation	n requirements.
285 286 287 288		equ	e facility owner or operator must support and protect ancillary aipment against physical damage and excessive stress due to settlement, oration, expansion, or contraction.
289		2) Th	e facility owner or operator must provide the type and degree of
290			rosion protection recommended by an independent corrosion expert,
291			sed on the information provided pursuant to subsection (b)(3) of this
292			etion, to ensure the integrity of the tank system during use of the tank
293			stem. An independent corrosion expert must supervise the installation
294		•	a corrosion protection system that is field fabricated to ensure proper
295			tallation.
296			
297		3) Th	e facility owner or operator must obtain, and keep at the facility, written
298			tements by those persons required to certify the design of the tank
470			stem and to supervise the installation of the tank system as required in
298 299		Sys	stelli una to supervise the instantation of the talk system as required in
			esections (c), (d), (e)(1), and (e)(2) of this Section. The written

302			instal	lled and that the owner or operator made repairs pursuant to	
303			subse	ections (c) and (d) of this Section. These written statements must also	
304			inclu	de the certification statement as required in 35 Ill. Adm. Code	
305				26(d).	
306					
307		BOAL	RD NO	TE: Subsection (e) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.194	
308				lded at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).	
309			1 2, 31m, 319,		
310	f)	Secon	dary co	ontainment requirements. To prevent the release of hazardous waste	
311	-/			constituents to the environment, the owner or operator must provide	
312				ontainment that meets the requirements of this subsection (f) for all	
313			The second secon	sting tank systems.	
314		nevi a	ind CAIL	mig talk systems.	
315		1)	Secon	ndary containment systems must meet both of the following	
316		1)		rements:	
317			requi	icincinis.	
318			A)	It must be designed, installed, and operated to prevent any	
319			A)	migration of wastes or accumulated liquid out of the system to any	
320					
321				soil, groundwater, or surface water at any time during the use of	
322				the tank system; and	
323			D)	It must be complete of detecting and collecting releases and	
			B)	It must be capable of detecting and collecting releases and	
324				accumulated liquids until the collected material is removed.	
325		2)	Т-	(0(1) 64: 6 : 1	
326		2)		neet the requirements of subsection (f)(1) of this Section, secondary	
327				ninment systems must meet all of the following minimum	
328			requi	rements:	
329				William Control of the Control of th	
330			A)	It must be constructed of or lined with materials that are	
331				compatible with the wastes to be placed in the tank system and	
332				must have sufficient strength and thickness to prevent failure	
333				owing to pressure gradients (including static head and external	
334				hydrological forces), physical contact with the waste to which it is	
335				exposed, climatic conditions, and the stress of daily operation	
336				(including stresses from nearby vehicular traffic);	
337					
338			B)	It must be placed on a foundation or base capable of providing	
339				support to the secondary containment system, resistance to	
340				pressure gradients above and below the system, and capable of	
341				preventing failure due to settlement, compression, or uplift;	
342					
343			C)	It must be provided with a leak-detection system that is designed	
344				and operated so that it will detect the failure of either the primary	

345				or secondary containment structure or the presence of any release
346				of hazardous waste or accumulated liquid in the secondary
347				containment system within 24 hours; and
348				
349			D)	It must be sloped or otherwise designed or operated to drain and
350				remove liquids resulting from leaks, spills, or precipitation. The
351				facility owner or operator must remove spilled or leaked waste and
352				accumulated precipitation from the secondary containment system
353				within 24 hours, or as promptly as possible, to prevent harm to
354				human health and the environment.
355				
356		BOA	RD NO	TE: Subsection (f) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.195
357		(201)	5), as ad	lded at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
358				
359	g)	Requ	iired de	vices for secondary containment and their design, operating, and
360		insta	llation r	requirements.
361				
362		1)	Seco	ndary containment for tanks must include one or more of the
363			follo	wing features:
364				
365			A)	A liner (external to the tank);
366				
367			B)	A double-walled tank; and
368				
369			C)	An equivalent device; the owner or operator must maintain
370				documentation of equivalency at the facility.
371				
372		2)	An e	xternal liner system must fulfill the following requirements:
373				
374			A)	It must be designed or operated to contain 100 percent of the
375				capacity of the largest tank within its boundary;
376				
377			B)	It must be designed or operated to prevent run-on or infiltration of
378				precipitation into the secondary containment system unless the
379				collection system has sufficient excess capacity to contain run-on
380				or infiltration. The additional capacity must be sufficient to
381				contain precipitation from a 25-year, 24-hour rainfall event;
382				
383			C)	It must be free of cracks or gaps; and
384				
385			D)	It must be designed and installed to surround the tank completely
386				and to cover all surrounding earth likely to come into contact with

388				capable of preventing lateral as well as vertical migration of the
389				waste).
390				
391		3)	A do	uble-walled tank must fulfill the following requirements:
392				
393			A)	It must be designed as an integral structure (that is, it must be an
394				inner tank completely enveloped within an outer shell) so that any
395				release from the inner tank is contained by the outer shell;
396				
397			B)	It must be protected, if constructed of metal, from both corrosion
398			-,	of the primary tank interior and of the external surface of the outer
399				shell; and
400				Siteri, dita
401			C)	It must be provided with a built-in continuous leak detection
402			-)	system capable of detecting a release within 24 hours.
403				system capable of detecting a folease within 2 i nours.
404		BOA	RDNO	OTE: Subsection (g) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.196
405				Ided at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
406		1201.	21, 45 40	aded at 70 Ted. 1665. 33 120 (36p. 6, 2003).
407	h)	Regu	iiremen	ts for ancillary equipment. The facility owner or operator must
408	,			llary equipment with secondary containment (for example, trench,
409				puble-walled piping, etc.) that meets the requirements of subsections
410			The second secon	(2) of this Section, except for the following:
411		(1)(1)	and (1)	(2) of this section, except for the following.
412		1)	Abox	ve ground piping (exclusive of flanges, joints, valves, and other
413		1)		ections) that are visually inspected for leaks on a daily basis;
414			COIIII	ections) that are visually hispected for leaks on a daily basis,
415		2)	Weld	ded flanges, welded joints, and welded connections, that are visually
416		4)		ected for leaks on a daily basis;
417			mspe	seted for leaks off a daily basis,
418		3)	Seall	less or magnetic coupling pumps and sealless valves, that are visually
419		3)		ected for leaks on a daily basis; and
420			mspe	second for leaks on a daily basis, and
421		4)	Dress	surized above ground piping systems with automatic shut-off devices
422		7)		example, excess flow check valves, flow metering shutdown devices,
423				of pressure actuated shut-off devices, etc.) that are visually inspected
424				eaks on a daily basis.
425			101 10	caks on a daily basis.
426		ROA	DDMC	OTE: Subsection (h) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.197
427				[2] 이 보고 그는 사람이 하게 만든 아이들이 살을 하는 것도 하고 있다면 하는데
427		(201	<u>J</u> , as at	dded at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
429	- 35	Gand	aral ana	rating requirements for tank systems
430	i)	Gene	rai ope	rating requirements for tank systems.
730				

421				
431		1)	The f	facility owner or operator must not place hazardous wastes or
432			treatr	ment reagents in a tank system if the substances could cause the tank,
433			its an	ncillary equipment, or the containment system to rupture, leak,
434			corro	ode, or otherwise fail.
435				
436		2)	The f	facility owner or operator must use appropriate controls and practices
437				event spills and overflows from tank or containment systems. These
438			200	de the following minimum requirements:
439				y
440			A)	Spill prevention controls (for example, check valves, dry
441				disconnect couplings, etc.);
442				
443			B)	Overfill prevention controls (for example, level sensing devices,
444				high level alarms, automatic feed cutoff, or bypass to a standby
445				tank, etc.); and
446				
447			C)	Sufficient freeboard in uncovered tanks to prevent overtopping by
448			10.7	wave or wind action or by precipitation.
449				
450		3)	The	facility owner or operator must comply with the requirements of
451			subse	ection (k) of this Section if a leak or spill occurs in the tank system.
452				
453		BOA	RD NO	OTE: Subsection (i) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.198
454		(201)	5) , as ac	lded at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
455				
456	j)	Inspe	ection re	equirements. The facility owner or operator must comply with the
457		follo	wing re	quirements for scheduling, conducting, and documenting inspections:
458				
459		1)	It mu	ast develop and follow a schedule and procedure for inspecting
460			over	fill controls;
461				
462		2)	It mu	ast inspect the following at least once each operating day:
463				
464			A)	Aboveground portions of the tank system to detect corrosion or
465				releases of waste;
466				
467			B)	Data gathered from monitoring and leak detection equipment (for
468			170	example, pressure or temperature gauges, monitoring wells, etc.) to
700				ensure that the tank system is being operated according to its
469				design; and
469				
469 470			C)	The construction materials and the area immediately surrounding

474				secondary containment system (for example, dikes) to detect	
475				erosion or signs of releases of hazardous waste (for example, wet	
476				spots, dead vegetation, etc.);	
477				spors, arms (-8-mass),	
478		3)	It mu	ast inspect cathodic protection systems, if present, according to, at a	
479		-)		mum, the following schedule to ensure that they are functioning	
480			prope		
481			prop		
482			A)	It must confirm that the cathodic protection system is operating	
483 484				properly within six months after initial installation and annually	
485				thereafter; and	
486			B)	It must inspect or test all sources of impressed current, as	
487			D)	appropriate, at least every other month; and	
488		45	7/	1 64 6 72	
489		4)		ast document, in the operating record of the facility, an inspection of	
490			those	e items in subsections (j)(1) through (j)(3) of this Section.	
491		DOA	DDMC	OTE: Subsection (i) of this Section is derived from 40 CER 267 100	
492 493				OTE: Subsection (j) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.199	
493 494		1201	<u>1), as ac</u>	lded at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).	
495	k)	Regi	ired act	tions in case of a leak or a spill. If there has been a leak or a spill	
496	K)			system or secondary containment system, or if either system is unfit	
497				facility owner or operator must remove the system from service	
498				, and it must satisfy the following requirements:	
499			culatery	, and it must satisfy the following requirements.	
500		1)	It mu	ist immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste into the tank system	
501		-)		condary containment system and inspect the system to determine the	
502				e of the release;	
503				72 20 20 70 70 70	
504		2)	It mu	ast remove the waste from the tank system or secondary containment	
505				em, as follows:	
506					
507			A)	If the release was from the tank system, the owner or operator	
508				must, within 24 hours after detecting the leak, remove as much of	
509				the waste as is necessary to prevent further release of hazardous	
510				waste to the environment and to allow inspection and repair of the	
511				tank system to be performed; or	
512					
513			B)	If the material released was to a secondary containment system, the	
514				owner or operator must remove all released materials within 24	
515				hours or as quickly as possible to prevent harm to human health	
516				and the environment;	

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603 604		DOA	DD NO	TE. C.	wheretion (I) of this Section is derived from 40 CED 267 201
605					ubsection (l) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.201
606		1201.	<u>5), as acc</u>	ded at	70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
607	m)	Snoo	ial raqui	romont	ts for ignitable or reactive wastes.
608	m)	Spec	iai requi	remen	is for ignitable of feactive wastes.
609		1)	The f	a cilita	overnor or operator may not place ignitable or reactive weets in
610		1)			owner or operator may not place ignitable or reactive waste in
			tank s	systems	s, unless any of the following three conditions are fulfilled:
611 612			4)	The	arrange an angulatan tugata mandana an mirrag tha creata hafana a
613			A)		owner or operator treats, renders, or mixes the waste before or
614					ediately after placement in the tank system so that the
615				10110	wing is true:
616				:	The exposure as exposed as exposite continu
				i)	The owner or operator complies with Section
617					727.110(h)(2); and
618				::>	The condition weets winters or discolved metarial as
619				ii)	The resulting waste, mixture, or dissolved material no
620 621					longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste
					pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.121 or 721.123;
622			D)	The	avenue or an amount or atomos or treats the vivota in such a vivo that
623 624			B)		owner or operator stores or treats the waste in such a way that
625					protected from any material or conditions that may cause the
				wast	e to ignite or react; or
626			(1)	The	facility assurance an amountain space tha touls assurance galaky for
627			C)		facility owner or operator uses the tank system solely for
628				emei	rgencies.
629		2)	Tf the	facilit	vi ovimon on anamatan atawa an tuaata ianitahla an maaatiya viyaata
630 631		2)			y owner or operator stores or treats ignitable or reactive waste
					must comply with the requirements for the maintenance of
632 633					istances between the waste management area and any public
634					s, alleys, or an adjoining property line that can be built on, as Fables 2-1 through 2-6 of "Flammable and Combustible"
635					le," NFPA 30, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code
636					
637			720.1	11(a)).	
		DO.	DDNO	TE. C	when tion (m) of this Section is derived from 40 CER 267 202
638 639					ubsection (m) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.202
		(201	<u>5), us au</u>	aea at	70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
640		Cara			to for incommetible wester
641	n)	Spec	nai requi	remen	ts for incompatible wastes.
642		1)	A C-	:1:4.	amon on ananatan mari nat alama (masana at/l-1
643		1)		and the second	wner or operator may not place incompatible wastes or
644				-	e wastes and materials in the same tank system, unless it
645			comp	nies wi	ith Section 727.110(h)(2).

646		
647		2) A facility owner or operator may not place hazardous waste in a tank
648		system that has not been decontaminated and that previously held an
649		incompatible waste or material, unless it complies with Section
650		727.110(h)(2).
651		
652		BOARD NOTE: Subsection (n) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.203
653		(2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
654		
655	0)	Air emission standards. The facility owner or operator must manage all
656		hazardous waste placed in a tank following the requirements of Subparts AA, BB,
657		and CC of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724. Under a RCRA standardized permit, the
658		following control devices are permissible: a thermal vapor incinerator, a catalytic
659		vapor incinerator, a flame, a boiler, a process heater, a condenser, or a carbon
660		absorption unit.
661		
662		BOARD NOTE: Subsection (o) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 267.204
663		(2015), as added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005).
664		
665	(Sou	rce: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)
666		

667 668	Section 727.	APPENDIX A Financial Assurance Forms (Repealed)
669	Section 727	ILLUSTRATION A Letter of Chief Financial Officer: Financial Assurance
670		Closure (Repealed)
671	for Facility	Closure (Repealed)
672	IThe chief fir	nancial officer of an owner or operator of a facility with a RCRA standardized
673		uses a financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for that facility must
674		etter as specified in subsection (d)(6) of this Section. The letter must be worded as
675		that instructions in brackets are to be deleted or replaced with the relevant
676		including this introductory paragraph, as appropriate, and the brackets deleted:
677	information,	increasing and introductory paragraph, as appropriate, and the brackets defeted.
678	I am the chie	f financial officer of [insert the name and address of firm]. This letter is in support
679		use of the financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for closure costs, as
680		35 Ill. Adm. Code 727.240. This firm qualifies for the financial test on the basis of
681		t the appropriate of the following statements: "a current rating for its senior
682		bt of AAA, AA, A, or BBB as issued by Standard and Poor's or Aaa, Aa, A or Baa
683		Moody's"; "a ratio of less than 1.50 comparing total liabilities to net worth"; or "a
684		er than 0.10 comparing the sum of net income plus depreciation, depletion and
685		minus \$10 million, to total liabilities."
686		AND SAKE OF STREET SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME
687	This firm [in	sert the appropriate of the following statements: "is required" or "is not required"]
688		110K with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for the latest fiscal year.
689		
690	The fiscal ye	ar of this firm ends on [insert the month, day]. The figures for the following items
691	marked with	an asterisk are derived from this firm's independently audited, year-end financial
692	statements for	or the latest completed fiscal year, ended [insert the date].
693		
694	[If this firm of	qualifies on the basis of its bond rating fill in the requested information:] This firm
695	has a rating of	of its senior unsecured debt of [insert the bond rating] "from" [insert the appropriate
696	of the follow	ing entities: "Standard and Poor's" or "Moody's"].
697		
698		ine 1. Total Liabilities below and then skip the remaining questions in the next
699		esume completing the form at the section entitled "Obligations Covered by a
700	Financial Te	st or Corporate Guarantee."]
701	State of the same	
702		qualifies for the financial test on the basis of its ratio of liabilities to net worth, or
703		ne, depreciation, depletion, and amortization to net worth, please complete the
704	following se	etion.]
705		
706	*1.	Total Liabilities\$
707		
708	<u>*2.</u>	Net Worth
709		

Post-

Closure

Closure

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Action

10	*3.	Net Income	\$	
11				
12	*4.	Depreciation	\$	
13				
14	<u>*5.</u>	Depletion (if applicable)	\$	
15				
6	*6.	Amortization	\$	
7				
8	*7.	Sum of Lines 3, 4, 5 & 6		
19		5 am 61 2m26 5, 1, 5 & 6 mmmmm		
20	IIf the above	e figures are taken directly from the mo	ast recent audited finance	ial statements for thi
21	the second of th	he following statement: "The above fi		
22		ncial statements for this firm." If they		
23		ems are not taken directly from the firm		
24		umbers of the items and attach an expl		
25	Imsert the m	amoers of the hems and attach an expr	anation of now they wer	e derived.j
26	[Complete tl	he following calculations:		
27	[Complete ti	ae following calculations.		
	0	The Latin On	0	
28	8.	Line 1 ÷ Line 2 =		
29	0	*********	0	
30	9.	Line 7 ÷ Line 1 =		
31				- 2.
32	Is Li	ne 8 less than 1.5?	Yes	No
33	14.7			
34	Is Li	ne 9 greater than 0.10?	Yes	No
35				
36	[If you did n	not answer Yes to either of these two q	uestions, you cannot use	the financial test an
37	need not cor	nplete this letter. Instead, you must no	otify the permitting author	ority for the facility
88	that you inte	end to establish alternate financial assu	rance as specified in 35	III. Adm. Code
9	727.240(d).	The owner or operator must send this	notice by certified mail	within 90 days
10	following th	e close of the owner's or operator's fisc	eal year for which the ye	ar-end financial data
11	show that th	e owner or operator no longer meets the	ne requirements of Section	on 727.240(d). The
12		erator must also provide alternative fir		
13	of such fisca	- 2010년 (1917년 - 1924년 1917년 - 2017년 1 2 - 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12		AND THE PROPERTY OF
14	12001-1012-001	J. Section of		
45	Obligations	Covered by a Financial Test or Corpor	rate Guarantee	
16	Conguitons	co. c.oa oj a i manetai rest of corpor	Tane Summino	
47	IOn the fall	owing lines list all obligations that are	covered by a financial to	est or a cornorate
18		stended by your firm. You may add ac		
			iditional mics and icave	orank chures that do
49	not apply to	-your situation.]		

Hazardous Waste Facility Name and ID State

750

	===	\$	\$	\$
Total Hazardous Waste Third-Party Liabil	it y:	-		\$
Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Facilities	State	Closure \$	Post- Closure	Corrective Action \$
Total Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Faci	lity Liab	ility:		\$
Underground Injection Control Facilities	State			Plugging Action \$
Total Underground Injection Control Facil	ity Liabi	lity:		\$
Petroleum Underground Storage Tanks	State			Closure \$
Total Petroleum Underground Storage Tar	k Facilit	y Liability:		\$
PCB Storage Facility Name and ID	State			Closure \$
Total PCB Storage Facility Liability:	=			\$
Any financial assurance federally required to Comprehensive Environmental Response, Comprehensive Environmental Response Environmental Resp				ler, the
Site Name	compens	ation, and Br	State =====	Amount \$
Total Financial Assurance under the Comp Compensation, and Liability Act:	orehensiv	ve Environme	ntal Response,	\$
Any other environmental obligations that ar Site Name	e assure	d through a fi	nancial test.	Amount
Total Other Environmental Obligations As	sured:			\$
*10. Total of all amounts			\$	
*11. Line 10 + \$10,000,000 =			\$	

764				
765	*12. Total Asse	ts	\$	
766				
767	*13. Intangible	Assets	\$	
768				
769	*14. Tangible A	assets (Line 12-Line 13)	\$	
770				
771	*15. Tangible N	let Worth (Line 14-Line 1)	\$	
772				
773	*16. Assets in the	he United States	\$	
774				
775	Is Line 15 less t	han Line 11?	Yes	No No
776				
777	Is Line 16 no le	ss than Line 10?	Yes	No
778				
779	[You must be able to an	nswer Yes to both these question	ons to use the financi	al test for this facility.]
780				
781	I hereby certify that the	wording of this letter is identic	eal to the wording sp	pecified in Appendix
782	A, Illustration A to 35	III. Adm. Code 727, as such reg	gulations were consti	tuted on the date
783	shown immediately bel	ow.		
784				
785	[Signature]	-		
786				
787	[Name]			
788				
789	[Title]			
790				
791	[Date]			
792				
793	[After completion, a sign	gned copy of the form must be	sent to the Agency.	In addition, a signed
794	copy must be sent to ev	very authority who (1) requires	a demonstration thro	ough a financial test for
795	each of the other obliga	ations in the letter that are assur	ed through a financi	al test, or (2) accepts a
796	guarantee for an obliga	tion listed in this letter.]		
797				
798	BOARD NOTE: This	Appendix A, Illustration A is d	erived from 40 CFR	. 267.151(a), as added
799	at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420	(Sep. 8, 2005). The Board mov	ed the corresponding	g federal provision to
800		nal format. The Board intends t		
801	(1)(1) also include this	added Appendix A, Illustration	A, as applicable.	
802			A.B. Transport	
803	(Source: Repea	aled at 40 Ill. Reg. , effe	ctive)
804				,

805 Section 727.APPENDIX A Financial Assurance Forms (Repealed) 806 807 Section 727.ILLUSTRATION B Letter of Chief Financial Officer: Financial Assurance 808 for Liability Coverage (Repealed) 809 810 The chief financial officer of an owner or operator of a facility with a RCRA standardized 811 permit who use a financial test to demonstrate financial assurance only for third party liability for 812 that (or other RCRA standardized permit) facility (or those facilities) must complete a letter as 813 specified in subsection (h)(6) of this Section. The letter must be worded as follows, except that 814 instructions in brackets are to be deleted or replaced with the relevant information, including this 815 introductory paragraph, as appropriate, and the brackets deleted: 816 817 I am the chief financial officer of finsert the name and address of firm]. This letter is in support of this firm's use of the financial test to demonstrate financial assurance for third party liability, 818 819 as specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 727.240. This firm qualifies for the financial test on the basis 820 of having tangible net worth of at least \$10 million more than the amount of liability coverage 821 and assets in the United States of at least the amount of liability coverage. This firm [insert the 822 appropriate of the following statements: "is required" or "is not required"] to file a Form 10K 823 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for the latest fiscal year. 824 825 The fiscal year of this firm ends on [insert the month, day]. The figures for the following items 826 marked with an asterisk are derived from this firm's independently audited, year-end financial 827 statements for the latest completed fiscal year, ended finsert the datel. 828 829 [Complete the following section.] 830 831 *1. Total Assets 832 833 *2. Intangible Assets\$ 834 835 *3. Tangible Assets (Line 1-Line 2)\$ 836 *4. Total Liabilities 837 838 839 5. Tangible Net Worth (Line 3-Line 4) 840 *6. Assets in the United States 841 842 843 7. Amount of liability coverage\$ 844 Is Line 5 At least \$10 million greater than Line 7? Yes No 845 846 847

848	
849	You must be able to answer Yes to both these questions to use the financial test for this
850	facility.]
851	
852	I hereby certify that the wording of this letter is identical to the wording specified in
853	Appendix A, Illustration B to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 727, as such regulations were constituted
854	on the date shown immediately below.
855	
856	[Signature]
857	
858	[Name]
859	
860	[Title]
861	
862	[Date]
863	
864	[After completion, a signed copy of the form must be sent to the permitting authority of
865	the state or territory where the facility is (or facilities are) located.]
866	
867	BOARD NOTE: This Appendix A, Illustration B is derived from 40 CFR 267.151(b), as
868	added at 70 Fed. Reg. 53420 (Sep. 8, 2005). The Board moved the corresponding federal
869	provision to accommodate its unusual format. The Board intends that any citation to
870	Section 727.240(1) or (1)(2) also include this added Appendix A, Illustration B, as
871	applicable.
872	
873	(Source: Repealed at 40 Ill. Reg. , effective)
874	

Section 727.APPENDIX B Correlation of State and Federal Provisions

877 Section 727.TABLE A Correlation of Federal RCRA Standardized Permit Provisions to 878

State Provisions

879 880 881

882

883

875

876

The following table sets forth the correlation of the federal RCRA Standardized Permit provisions with the State regulations. Where the structure of a State provision exactly parallels the corresponding federal provision from which it was derived, no expanded listing of the subsections appears. Where it was necessary to move or restructure the material from the federal regulations, a detailed listing of the location of each subsection appears.

884 885

40 CFR Provision	35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision
Subpart G of Part 124	Subpart G of Part 705
124.200	705.300(a)
124.201	705.300(b)
124.202	705.301(a)
124.203	705.301(b)
124.204	705.302(a)
124.205	705.302(b)
124.206	705.302(c)
124.207	705.303(a)
124.208	705.303(b)
124.209	705.303(c)
124.210	705.303(d)
124.211	705.304(a)
124.212	705.304(b)
124.213	705.304(c)
124.214	705.304(d)

886

40 CFR Provision	35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision
Subpart A of Part 267	727.100
267.1	727.100(a)
267.2	727.100(b)
267.3	727.100(c)
Subpart B of Part 267	727.110
267.10	727.110(a)
267.11	727.110(b)
267.12	727.110(c)
267.13	727.110(d)
267.14	727.110(e)
267.15	727.110(f)
267.16	727.110(g)

267.17	727.110(h)	
267.18	727.110(i)	
Subpart C of Part 267	727.130	
267.30	727.130(a)	
267.31	727.130(b)	
267.32	727.130(c)	
267.33	727.130(d)	
267.34	727.130(e)	
267.35	727.130(f)	
Subpart D of Part 267	727.150	
267.50	727.150(a)	
267.51	727.150(b)	
267.52	727.150(c)	
267.53	727.150(d)	
267.54	727.150(e)	
267.55	727.150(f)	
267.56	727.150(g)	
267.57	727.150(h)	
267.58	727.150(i)	
Subpart E of Part 267	727.170	
267.70	727.170(a)	
267.71	727.170(b)	
267.72	727.170(c)	
267.73	727.170(d)	
267.74	727.170(e)	
267.75	727.170(f)	
267.76	727.170(g)	
Subpart F of Part 267	727.190	
267.90	727.190(a)	
267.91 (Reserved)	727.190(b)	
267.92 (Reserved)	727.190(c)	
267.93 (Reserved)	727.190(d)	
267.94 (Reserved)	727.190(e)	
267.95 (Reserved)	727.190(f)	
267.96 (Reserved)	727.190(g)	
267.97 (Reserved)	727.190(h)	
267.98 (Reserved)	727.190(i)	
267.99 (Reserved)	727.190(j)	
267.100 (Reserved)	727.190(k)	
267.101	727.190(l)	
Subpart G of Part 267	727.210	
267.110	727.210(a)	

267.111	727.210(b)
267.112	727.210(c)
267.113	727.210(d)
267.114 (Reserved)	727.210(e)
267.115	727.210(f)
267.116	727.210(g)
267.117	727.210(h)
Subpart H of Part 267	727.240
267.140	727.240(a)
267.141	727.240(b)
267.142	727.240(c)
267.143	727.240(d)
267.143(f)(1)	727.240(d)(6)(A)
267.143(f)(1)	727.240(m)
267.143(f)(1)(i)	727.240(m)(1)
267.143(f)(1)(i)(A)	727.240(m)(1)(A)
267.143(f)(1)(i)(B)	727.240(m)(1)(B)
267.143(f)(1)(i)(C)	727.240(m)(1)(C)
267.143(f)(1)(ii)	727.240(m)(2)
267.143(f)(1)(ii)(A)	727.240(m)(2)(A)
267.143(f)(1)(ii)(B)	727.240(m)(2)(B)
267.143(f)(1)(iii)	727.240(m)(3)
267.143(f)(2)	727.240(d)(6)(B)
267.143(f)(2)	727.240(n)
267.143(f)(2)(i)	727.240(n)(1)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)	727.240(n)(1)(A)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)	727.240(n)(1)(A)(i)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(I)	727.240(n)(1)(E)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(<i>I</i>)(<i>i</i>)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(i)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(ii)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(ii)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(I)(iii)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(iii)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(iv)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(iv)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(I)(v)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(v)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(vi)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(vi)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(vii)	727.240(n)(1)(E)(vii)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(2)	727.240(n)(1)(A)(ii)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(B)	727.240(n)(1)(B)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(C)	727.240(n)(1)(C)
267.143(f)(2)(i)(D)	727.240(n)(1)(D)
267.143(f)(2)(ii)	727.240(n)(2)
267.143(f)(2)(iii)	727.240(n)(3)
267.143(f)(2)(iv)	727.240(n)(4)

267.143(f)(2)(iv)(A)	727.240(n)(4)(A)
267.143(f)(2)(iv)(B)	727.240(n)(4)(B)
267.143(f)(2)(v)	727.240(n)(5)
267.143(f)(2)(v)(A)	727.240(n)(5)(A)
267.143(f)(2)(v)(B)	727.240(n)(5)(B)
267.143(f)(2)(vi)	727.240(n)(6)
267.143(f)(3)	727.240(d)(6)(C)
267.143(f)(3)	727.240(o)
267.143(f)(3)(i)	727.240(o)(1)
267.143(f)(3)(i)(A)	727.240(o)(1)(A)
267.143(f)(3)(i)(B)	727.240(o)(1)(B)
267.143(f)(3)(ii)	727.240(o)(2)
267.143(f)(3)(iii)	727.240(o)(3)
267.144 (Reserved)	727.240(e)
267.145 (Reserved)	727.240(f)
267.146 (Reserved)	727.240(g)
267.147	727.240(h)
267.147(f)(2)	727.240(h)(6)(B)
267.147(f)(2)	727.240(p)
267.147(f)(2)(i)	727.240(p)(1)
267.147(f)(2)(i)(A)	727.240(p)(1)(A)
267.147(f)(2)(i)(B)	727.240(p)(1)(B)
267.147(f)(2)(i)(C)	727.240(p)(1)(C)
267.147(f)(2)(ii)	727.240(p)(2)
267.147(f)(2)(iii)	727.240(p)(3)
267.147(f)(2)(iv)	727.240(p)(4)
267.147(f)(2)(iv)(A)	727.240(p)(4)(A)
267.147(f)(2)(iv)(B)	727.240(p)(4)(B)
267.147(f)(2)(v)	727.240(p)(5)
267.147(f)(2)(v)(A)	727.240(p)(5)(A)
267.147(f)(2)(v)(B)	727.240(p)(5)(B)
267.147(f)(2)(vi)	727.240(p)(6)
267.147(g)(2)	727.240(h)(7)(B)
267.147(g)(2)	727.240(q)
267.147(g)(2)(i)	727.240(q)(1)
267.147(g)(2)(ii)	727.240(q)(2)
267.147(g)(2)(ii)(A)	727.240(q)(2)(A)
267.147(g)(2)(ii)(B)	727.240(q)(2)(B)
267.148	727.240(i)
267.149 (Reserved)	727.240(j)
267.150	727.240(k)
267.151	727.240(1)

267.151(a)	727.240(l)(1)	
267.151(a)	Appendix A, Illustration A	
267.151(b)	727.240(1)(2)	
267.151(b)	Appendix A, Illustration B	
Subpart I of Part 267	727.270	
267.170	727.270(a)	
267.171	727.270(b)	
267.172	727.270(c)	
267.173	727.270(d)	
267.174	727.270(e)	
267.175	727.270(f)	
267.176	727.270(g)	
267.177	727.270(h)	
Subpart J of Part 267	727.290	
267.190	727.290(a)	
267.191	727.290(b)	
267.192	727.290(c)	
267.193	727.290(d)	
267.194	727.290(e)	
267.195	727.290(f)	
267.196	727.290(g)	
267.197	727.290(h)	
267.198	727.290(i)	
267.199	727.290(j)	
267.200	727.290(k)	
267.201	727.290(1)	
267.202	727.290(m)	
267.203	727.290(n)	
267.204	727.290(o)	
Subpart K of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart L of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart M of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart N of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart O of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart P of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart Q of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart R of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart S of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart T of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart U of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart V of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	
Subpart W of Part 267 (Reserved)	None	

Subpart X of Part 267 (Reserved)	None
Subpart Y of Part 267 (Reserved)	None
Subpart Z of Part 267 (Reserved)	None
Subpart AA of Part 267 (Reserved)	None
Subpart BB of Part 267 (Reserved)	None
Subpart CC of Part 267 (Reserved)	None
Subpart DD of Part 267	727.900
267.1100	727.900(a)
267.1101	727.900(b)
267.1102	727.900(c)
267.1103	727.900(d)
267.1104	727.900(e)
267.1105	727.900(f)
267.1106	727.900(g)
267.1107	727.900(h)
267.1108	727.900(i)

40 CFR Provision	35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision
270.67	703.238
Subpart J of Part 270	Subpart J of Part 703
270.250	703.350(a)
270.255	703.350(b)
270.260	703.350(c)
270.270	703.351(a)
270.275	703.351(b)
270.280	703.351(c)
270.290	703.352(a)
270.300	703.352(b)
270.305	703.352(c)
270.310	703.352(d)
270.315	703.352(e)
270.320	703.353

BOARD NOTE: The Board added Appendix B, Table A for the convenience of USEPA, the Agency, and the regulated community. It is not directly derived from any federal provision. It is intended not to have any substantive effect on implementation of the RCRA Standardized Permit rules.

(Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg. , effective)

Section 727.TABLE B Correlation of State RCRA Standardized Permit Provisions to Federal Provisions

 The following table sets forth the correlation of the State RCRA Standardized Permit provisions with the federal regulations. Where the structure of a State provision exactly parallels the corresponding federal provision from which it was derived, no expanded listing of the subsections appears. Where it was necessary to move or restructure the material from the federal regulations, a detailed listing of the location of each subsection appears.

35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision	40 CFR Provision	
703.238	270.67	
Subpart J of Part 703	Subpart J of Part 270	
703.350(a)	270.250	
703.350(b)	270.255	
703.350(c)	270.260	
703.351(a)	270.270	
703.351(b)	270.275	
703.351(c)	270.280	
703.352(a)	270.290	
703.352(b)	270.300	
703.352(c)	270.305	
703.352(d)	270.310	
703.352(e)	270.315	
703.353	270.320	

35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision	40 CFR Provision	
Subpart G of Part 705	Subpart G of Part 124	
705.300(a)	124.200	
705.300(b)	124.201	
705.301(a)	124.202	
705.301(b)	124.203	
705.302(a)	124.204	
705.302(b)	124.205	
705.302(c)	124.206	
705.303(a)	124.207	
705.303(b)	124.208	
705.303(c)	124.209	
705.303(d)	124.210	
705.304(a)	124.211	
705.304(b)	124.212	

705.304(c)	124.213
705.304(d)	124.214

35 Ill. Adm. Code Provision	40 CFR Provision	
727.100	Subpart A of Part 267	
727.100(a)	267.1	
727.100(b)	267.2	
727.100(c)	267.3	
727.110	Subpart B of Part 267	
727.110(a)	267.10	
727.110(b)	267.11	
727.110(c)	267.12	
727.110(d)	267.13	
727.110(e)	267.14	
727.110(f)	267.15	
727.110(g)	267.16	
727.110(h)	267.17	
727.110(i)	267.18	
727.130	Subpart C of Part 267	
727.130(a)	267.30	
727.130(b)	267.31	
727.130(c)	267.32	
727.130(d)	267.33	
727.130(e)	267.34	
727.130(f)	267.35	
727.150	Subpart D of Part 267	
727.150(a)	267.50	
727.150(b)	267.51	
727.150(c)	267.52	
727.150(d)	267.53	
727.150(e)	267.54	
727.150(f)	267.55	
727.150(g)	267.56	
727.150(h)	267.57	
727.150(i)	267.58	
727.170	Subpart E of Part 267	
727.170(a)	267.70	
727.170(b)	267.71	
727.170(c)	267.72	
727.170(d)	267.73	
727.170(e)	267.74	
727.170(f)	267.75	

727.170(g)	267.76
727.190	Subpart F of Part 267
727.190(a)	267.90
727.190(b)	267.91 (Reserved)
727.190(c)	267.92 (Reserved)
727.190(d)	267.93 (Reserved)
727.190(e)	267.94 (Reserved)
727.190(f)	267.95 (Reserved)
727.190(g)	267.96 (Reserved)
727.190(h)	267.97 (Reserved)
727.190(i)	267.98 (Reserved)
727.190(j)	267.99 (Reserved)
727.190(k)	267.100 (Reserved)
727.190(1)	267.101
727.210	Subpart G of Part 267
727.210(a)	267.110
727.210(b)	267.111
727.210(c)	267.112
727.210(d)	267.113
727.210(e)	267.114 (Reserved)
727.210(f)	267.115
727.210(g)	267.116
727.210(h)	267.117
727.240	Subpart H of Part 267
727.240(a)	267.140
727.240(b)	267.141
727.240(c)	267.142
727.240(d)	267.143
727.240(d)(6)(A)	267.143(f)(1)
727.240(d)(6)(B)	267.143(f)(2)
727.240(e)	267.144 (Reserved)
727.240(f)	267.145 (Reserved)
727.240(g)	267.146 (Reserved)
727.240(h)	267.147
727.240(h)(6)(B)	267.147(f)(2)
727.240(h)(7)(B)	267.147(g)(2)
727.240(i)	267.148
727.240(j)	267.149 (Reserved)
727.240(k)	267.150
727.240(1)	267.151
727.240(l)(1)	267.151(a)
727.240(1)(2)	267.151(b)

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727.240(m)	267.143(f)(1)
727.240(m)(1)	267.143(f)(1)(i)
727.240(m)(1)(A)	267.143(f)(1)(i)(A)
727.240(m)(1)(B)	267.143(f)(1)(i)(B)
727.240(m)(1)(C)	267.143(f)(1)(i)(C)
727.240(m)(2)	267.143(f)(1)(ii)
727.240(m)(2)(A)	267.143(f)(1)(ii)(A)
727.240(m)(2)(B)	267.143(f)(1)(ii)(B)
727.240(m)(3)	267.143(f)(1)(iii)
727.240(n)	267.143(f)(2)
727.240(n)(1)	267.143(f)(2)(i)
727.240(n)(1)(A)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)
727.240(n)(1)(A)(i)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)
727.240(n)(1)(A)(ii)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(2)
727.240(n)(1)(B)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(B)
727.240(n)(1)(C)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(C)
727.240(n)(1)(D)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(D)
727.240(n)(1)(E)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(I)
727.240(n)(1)(E)(i)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(i)
727.240(n)(1)(E)(ii)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(ii)
727.240(n)(1)(E)(iii)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(iii)
727.240(n)(1)(E)(iv)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(1)(iv)
727.240(n)(1)(E)(v)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(I)(v)
727.240(n)(1)(E)(vi)	267.143(f)(2)(i)(A)(<i>I</i>)(<i>vi</i>)
727.240(n)(2)	267.143(f)(2)(ii)
727.240(n)(3)	267.143(f)(2)(iii)
727.240(n)(4)	267.143(f)(2)(iv)
727.240(n)(4)(A)	267.143(f)(2)(iv)(A)
727.240(n)(4)(B)	267.143(f)(2)(iv)(B)
727.240(n)(5)	267.143(f)(2)(v)
727.240(n)(5)(A)	267.143(f)(2)(v)(A)
727.240(n)(5)(B)	267.143(f)(2)(v)(B)
727.240(n)(6)	267.143(f)(2)(vi)
727.240(o)	267.143(g)(3) 267.143(f)(3)
727.240(o)(1)	267.143(g)(3)(i)267.143(f)(3)(i)
727.240(o)(1)(A)	267.143(g)(3)(i)(A)267.143(f)(3)(i)(A)
727.240(o)(1)(B)	267.143(g)(3)(i)(B)267.143(f)(3)(i)(B)
727.240(o)(2)	267.143(g)(3)(ii)267.143(f)(3)(ii)
727.240(o)(3)	267.143(g)(3)(iii)267.143(f)(3)(iii
727.240(p)	267.147(f)(2)
727.240(p)(1)	267.147(f)(2)(i)
727.240(p)(1)(A)	267.147(f)(2)(i)(A)

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727.240(p)(1)(B)	267.147(f)(2)(i)(B)
727.240(p)(1)(C)	267.147(f)(2)(i)(C)
727.240(p)(2)	267.147(f)(2)(ii)
727.240(p)(3)	267.147(f)(2)(iii)
727.240(p)(4)	267.147(f)(2)(iv)
727.240(p)(4)(A)	267.147(f)(2)(iv)(A)
727.240(p)(4)(B)	267.147(f)(2)(iv)(B)
727.240(p)(5)	267.147(f)(2)(v)
727.240(p)(5)(A)	267.147(f)(2)(v)(A)
727.240(p)(5)(B)	267.147(f)(2)(v)(B)
727.240(p)(6)	267.147(f)(2)(vi)
727.240(q)	267.147(g)(2)
727.240(q)(1)	267.147(g)(2)(i)
727.240(q)(2)	267.147(g)(2)(ii)
727.240(q)(2)(A)	267.147(g)(2)(ii)(A)
727.240(q)(2)(B)	267.147(g)(2)(ii)(B)
727.270 727.270	Subpart I of Part 267
727.270(a)	267.170
727.270(b)	267.171
727.270(c)	267.172
727.270(d)	267.173
727.270(e)	267.174
727.270(f)	267.175
727.270(g)	267.176
727.270(h)	267.177
727.290	Subpart J of Part 267
727.290(a)	267.190
727.290(b)	267.191
727.290(c)	267.192
727.290(d)	267.193
727.290(e)	267.194
727.290(f)	267.195
727.290(g)	267.196
727.290(h)	267.197
727.290(i)	267.198
727.290(j)	267.199
727.290(k)	267.200
727.290(1)	267.201
727.290(m)	267.202
727.290(n)	267.203
727.290(o)	267.204
727.900	Subpart DD of Part 267

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727.900(a)	267.1100	
727.900(b)	267.1101	
727.900(c)	267.1102	
727.900(d)	267.1103	
727.900(e)	267.1104	
727.900(f)	267.1105	
727.900(g)	267.1106	
727.900(h)	267.1107	
727.900(i)	267.1108	
Appendix A, Illustration A	267.151(a)	
Appendix A, Illustration B	267.151(b)	

BOARD NOTE: The Board added Appendix B, Table B for the convenience of USEPA, the
Agency, and the regulated community. It is not directly derived from any federal provision. It is
intended not to have any substantive effect on implementation of the RCRA Standardized Permit
rules.
(Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

1) Heading of the Part: Standards for Universal Waste Management

2) Code Citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 733

3) <u>Section Numbers</u>: <u>Proposed Actions</u>:

733.104 Amendment 733.132 Amendment

4) Statutory Authority: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27

A Complete Description of Subjects and Issues Involved: The amendments to Part 733 are a single segment of the docket R16-7 rulemaking that also affects 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703, 720, 721, 722, 724, 725, 726, 727, and 728, each of which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the *Illinois Register*. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the docket R16-7 rulemaking in this issue of the *Illinois Register* only in the answer to question 5 is stated in the Notice of Adopted Amendments for 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of March 3, 2016, proposing amendments in docket R16-7, which opinion and order is available from the address below.

Specifically, the amendments to Part 733 are corrections and clarifying amendments that are not directly derived from the instant federal amendments.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of March 3, 2016 in docket R16-7 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the March 3, 2016 opinion and order in docket R16-7.

Section 22.4 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.4] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

6) Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this rulemaking: None

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

- 7) Will this proposed rulemaking replace any emergency rule currently in effect? No
- 8) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date? No
- 9) Does this rulemaking contain incorporations by reference? No
- 11) Are there any other rulemakings pending on this Part? No
- 10) <u>Statement of Statewide Policy Objective</u>: These proposed rulemakings do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- 12) Time, Place and Manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed rulemaking: The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference docket R16-7 and be addressed to:

John T. Therriault, Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference docket R16-7:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago IL 60601

312/814-6924

e-mail: michael.mccambridge@illinois.gov

Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312/814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at http://www.ipcb.state.il.us.

13) Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis:

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

- A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations affected: This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations that generate, transport, treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- B) Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance: The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, waste analyses and maintenance of operating records. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- C) Types of professional skills necessary for compliance: Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer. These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805].
- 14) Regulatory Agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized: December 4, 2015, 39 Ill. Reg. 15637-39.

The full text of the Proposed Amendments begins on the next page:

1ST NOTICE VERSION

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1		TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
2		SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL
3		CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
4	S	UBCHAPTER c: HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING REQUIREMENTS
5		
6		PART 733
7		STANDARDS FOR UNIVERSAL WASTE MANAGEMENT
8		
9		SUBPART A: GENERAL
10		
11	Section	
12	733.101	Scope
13	733.102	Applicability: Batteries
14	733.103	Applicability: Pesticides
15	733.104	Applicability: Mercury-Containing Equipment
16	733.105	Applicability: Lamps
17	733.106	Applicability: Mercury-Containing Equipment (Repealed)
18	733.107	Applicability: Mercury-Containing Lamps (Repealed)
19	733.108	Applicability: Household and Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generator
20		Waste
21	733.109	Definitions
22		
23		SUBPART B: STANDARDS FOR SMALL QUANTITY HANDLERS
24		
25	Section	
26	733.110	Applicability
27	733.111	Prohibitions
28	733.112	Notification
29	733.113	Waste Management
30	733.114	Labeling and Marking
31	733.115	Accumulation Time Limits
32	733.116	Employee Training
33	733.117	Response to Releases
34	733.118	Off-Site Shipments
35	733.119	Tracking Universal Waste Shipments
36	733.120	Exports
37		
38		SUBPART C: STANDARDS FOR LARGE QUANTITY HANDLERS
39		
40	Section	
41	733.130	Applicability
42	733.131	Prohibitions
43	733.132	Notification
-	h.eft. 15 and 11	

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44	733.133	Waste Management
45	733.134	Labeling and Marking
46	733.135	Accumulation Time Limits
47	733.136	Employee Training
48	733.137	Response to Releases
49	733.138	Off-Site Shipments
50	733.139	Tracking Universal Waste Shipments
51	733.140	Exports
52		
53	SI	JBPART D: STANDARDS FOR UNIVERSAL WASTE TRANSPORTERS
54	-	
55	Section	
56	733.150	Applicability
57	733.151	Prohibitions
58	733.152	Waste Management
59	733.152	Accumulation Time Limits
60	733.154	Response to Releases
61	733.155	Off-site Shipments
62	733.156	Exports
63	755.150	Exports
64		SUBPART E: STANDARDS FOR DESTINATION FACILITIES
65		SOBIACI E. STANDARDSTOR DESTINATION FACILITIES
66	Section	
67	733.160	Applicability
68	733.161	Off-Site Shipments
69	733.162	Tracking Universal Waste Shipments
70	755.102	Tracking Oniversal Waste Simplificities
71		SUBPART F: IMPORT REQUIREMENTS
72		Septract 1. Ivii occi respensavelivis
73	Section	
74	733.170	Imports
75	155.170	mporto
76		SUBPART G: PETITIONS TO INCLUDE OTHER WASTES
77		
78	Section	
79	733.180	General
80	733.181	Factors for Petitions to Include Other Wastes
81	755.101	racional for relations to merade other wastes
82	AUTHORI	TY: Implementing Sections 7.2 and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the
83		ntal Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27].
84	Liiviioiiiie	mai 1 Totoction 7 tot [113 11105 577.2, 22. 1, and 27].
85	SOURCE:	Adopted in R95-20 at 20 Ill. Reg. 11291, effective August 1, 1996; amended in R96-
86		R97-5 at 22 Ill. Reg. 944, effective December 16, 1997; amended in R98-12 at 22 Ill.
00	10/10/1-3/1	or our 22 m. Reg. 744, effective December 10, 1777, amended in 170-12 at 22 m.

87 88			e April 15, 1998; amended in R99-15 at 23 Ill. Reg. 9502, effective July 26, 200-13 at 24 Ill. Reg. 9874, effective June 20, 2000; amended in R05-8 at 29
89 90	Ill. Reg. 605	8, effec	tive April 13, 2005; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 Ill. Reg. 1352 20, 2006; amended in R16-7 at 40 Ill. Reg, effective
91	checure be	comoci	20, 2000, amended in 1010 7 at 10 In. reg, effective
92			SUBPART A: GENERAL
93			
94 95	Section 733	.104 A	pplicability: Mercury-Containing Equipment Mercury Thermostats
96 97 98 99	a)	Part	cury-containing equipment covered under this Part. The requirements of this apply to persons managing mercury-containing equipment, as described in ion 733.109, except those listed in subsection (b) of this Section.
00 01 02 03	b)	this l	cury-containing equipment not covered under this Part. The requirements of Part do not apply to persons managing the following mercury-containing pment:
04 05 06 07		1)	Mercury-containing equipment that is not yet waste pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721. Subsection (c)-of this Section describes when mercury-containing equipment becomes waste;
08 09 10 11 12 13		2)	Mercury-containing equipment that is not hazardous waste. Mercury-containing equipment is a hazardous waste if it is a waste (see subsection (b)(1) of this Section) and it exhibits one or more of the characteristics identified in Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 or is listed in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721; and
14 15 16		3)	Equipment and devices from which the mercury-containing components have been removed.
17 18	c)	Gene	eration of waste mercury-containing equipment.
19 20 21		1)	A used mercury-containing equipment becomes a waste on the date it is discarded.
22 23		2)	Unused mercury-containing equipment becomes a waste on the date the handler decides to discard it.
24 25	(Sou	irce: Ai	mended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)
26 27 28			ART C: STANDARDS FOR LARGE QUANTITY HANDLERS
20	Section 722	122 N	atification

Section 733.132 Notification

132 133 134 135 135 136 137 137 138 137 138 138 139 23 149 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 141 140 140	130		
133 134 135 136 137 138 139 139 130 130 130 130 131 131 131 131 131 131	131	a)	Written notification of universal waste management.
quantity handler of universal waste must have sent written notification of universal waste management to the Agency, and received a USEPA Identification Number, before meeting or exceeding the 5,000 kilogram storage limit. 2) A large quantity handler of universal waste that has already notified USEPA and on the Agency of its hazardous waste management activities and that has received a USEPA Identification Number is not required to renotify pursuant to this Section. 3) A large quantity handler of universal waste that manages recalled universal waste pesticides, as described in Section 733.103(a)(1), and that has sent notification to USEPA and on the Agency, as required by federal 40 CFR 165, is not required to notify for those recalled universal waste pesticides pursuant to this Section. 150 b) This notification must include the following: 151 1) The universal waste handler's name and mailing address; 152 2) The name and business telephone number of the person at the universal waste handler's site who should be contacted regarding universal waste management activities; 151 3) The address or physical location of the universal waste management activities; 153 4) A list of all of the types of universal waste managed by the handler (e.g., batteries, pesticides, mercury-containing equipment, or lamps); and 154 5) A statement indicating that the handler is accumulating more than 5,000 kilograms of universal waste at one time. 156 BOARD NOTE: At 60 Fed. Reg. 25520-21 (May 11, 1995), USEPA explained that the generator or consolidation point may use USEPA Form 8700-12 for notification of the Agency. (ObtainTo-obtain USEPA Form 8700-12 for notification of the Agency and USEPA Region 5 either by submitting USEPA Form 8700-12 or by	132		
quantity handler of universal waste must have sent written notification of universal waste management to the Agency, and received a USEPA Identification Number, before meeting or exceeding the 5,000 kilogram storage limit. 2) A large quantity handler of universal waste that has already notified USEPA and on-the Agency of its hazardous waste management activities and that has received a USEPA Identification Number is not required to renotify pursuant to this Section. 3) A large quantity handler of universal waste that manages recalled universal waste pesticides, as described in Section 733.103(a)(1), and that has sent notification to USEPA and on-the Agency, as required by federal 40 CFR 165, is not required to notify for those recalled universal waste pesticides pursuant to this Section. 40 CFR 165, is not required to notify for those recalled universal waste pesticides pursuant to this Section. 50 This notification must include the following: 51 The universal waste handler's name and mailing address; 51 The name and business telephone number of the person at the universal waste handler's site who should be contacted regarding universal waste management activities; 51 The address or physical location of the universal waste management activities; 52 The address or physical location of the universal waste management activities; 53 The address or physical location of the universal waste management activities; 54 A list of all of the types of universal waste managed by the handler (e.g., batteries, pesticides, mercury-containing equipment, or lamps); and 55 A statement indicating that the handler is accumulating more than 5,000 kilograms of universal waste at one time. 56 BOARD NOTE: At 60 Fed. Reg. 25520-21 (May 11, 1995), USEPA explained that the generator or consolidation point may use USEPA Form 8700-12 for notification of the Agency. (ObtainTo-obtain USEPA Form 8700-12 for mell-the Agency and USEPA Region 5 either by submitting USEPA Form 8700-12 or by	133		1) Except as provided in subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3) of this Section, a large
135 universal waste management to the Agency, and received a USEPA Identification Number, before meeting or exceeding the 5,000 kilogram storage limit. 138 139 2) A large quantity handler of universal waste that has already notified USEPA and or the Agency of its hazardous waste management activities and that has received a USEPA Identification Number is not required to renotify pursuant to this Section. 142 143 3) A large quantity handler of universal waste that manages recalled universal waste pesticides, as described in Section 733.103(a)(1), and that has sent notification to USEPA and or the Agency, as required by federal 40 CFR 165, is not required to notify for those recalled universal waste pesticides pursuant to this Section. 149 150 b) This notification must include the following: 151 152 1) The universal waste handler's name and mailing address; 153 2) The name and business telephone number of the person at the universal waste handler's site who should be contacted regarding universal waste management activities; 157 158 3) The address or physical location of the universal waste management activities; 160 4) A list of all of the types of universal waste managed by the handler (e.g., batteries, pesticides, mercury-containing equipment, or lamps); and 161 5) A statement indicating that the handler is accumulating more than 5,000 kilograms of universal waste at one time. 165 166 167 168 169 169 169 160 160 160 161 160 161 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 169 169 160 160 160 160 161 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 168 169 169 169 169 160 160 160 160 161 160 161 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 169 169 169 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160	134		quantity handler of universal waste must have sent written notification of
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173	handler to aggregate the amounts of waste at multiple non-contiguous sites for the	e
174	purposes of the 5,000 kilogram determination.	
175		
176	(Source: Amended at 40 Ill. Reg, effective)	

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POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER c: HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

PART 733 STANDARDS FOR UNIVERSAL WASTE MANAGEMENT

SUBPART A: GENERAL

Section	
733.101	Scope
733.102	Applicability: Batteries
733.103	Applicability: Pesticides
733.104	Applicability: Mercury-Containing Equipment
733.105	Applicability: Lamps
733.106	Applicability: Mercury-Containing Equipment (Repealed)
733.107	Applicability: Mercury-Containing Lamps (Repealed)
733.108	Applicability: Household and Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generate
	Waste
733.109	Definitions

SUBPART B: STANDARDS FOR SMALL QUANTITY HANDLERS

Section	
733.110	Applicability
733.111	Prohibitions
733.112	Notification
733.113	Waste Management
733.114	Labeling and Marking
733.115	Accumulation Time Limits
733.116	Employee Training
733.117	Response to Releases
733.118	Off-Site Shipments
733.119	Tracking Universal Waste Shipments
733.120	Exports

SUBPART C: STANDARDS FOR LARGE QUANTITY HANDLERS

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NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

Section	
733.130	Applicability
733.131	Prohibitions
733.132	Notification
733.133	Waste Management
733.134	Labeling and Marking
733.135	Accumulation Time Limits
733.136	Employee Training
733.137	Response to Releases
733.138	Off-Site Shipments
733.139	Tracking Universal Waste Shipments
733.140	Exports
SU	JBPART D: STANDARDS FOR UNIVERSAL WASTE TRANSPORTERS
Section	
733.150	Applicability
733.151	Prohibitions
733.152	Waste Management
733.153	Accumulation Time Limits
733.154	Response to Releases
733.155	Off-site Shipments
733.156	Exports
	SUBPART E: STANDARDS FOR DESTINATION FACILITIES
Section	
733.160	Applicability
733.161	Off-Site Shipments
733.162	Tracking Universal Waste Shipments
	SUBPART F: IMPORT REQUIREMENTS
Section	
733.170	Imports
	SUBPART G: PETITIONS TO INCLUDE OTHER WASTES

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POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

Section
733.180 General
733.181 Factors for Petitions to Include Other Wastes

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 7.2 and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27].

SOURCE: Adopted in R95-20 at 20 III. Reg. 11291, effective August 1, 1996; amended in R96-10/R97-3/R97-5 at 22 III. Reg. 944, effective December 16, 1997; amended in R98-12 at 22 III. Reg. 7650, effective April 15, 1998; amended in R99-15 at 23 III. Reg. 9502, effective July 26, 1999; amended in R00-13 at 24 III. Reg. 9874, effective June 20, 2000; amended in R05-8 at 29 III. Reg. 6058, effective April 13, 2005; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 III. Reg. 1352, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R16-7 at 40 III. Reg. _______, effective

SUBPART A: GENERAL

Section 733.104 Applicability: Mercury Thermostats Mercury Thermostats

Mercury Thermostats

- a) Mercury-containing equipment covered under this Part. The requirements of this Part apply to persons managing mercury-containing equipment, as described in Section 733.109, except those listed in subsection (b) of this Section.
- b) Mercury-containing equipment not covered under this Part. The requirements of this Part do not apply to persons managing the following mercury-containing equipment:
 - Mercury-containing equipment that is not yet waste pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721. Subsection (c) of this Section describes when mercury-containing equipment becomes waste;
 - Mercury-containing equipment that is not hazardous waste.

 Mercury-containing equipment is a hazardous waste if it is a waste (see subsection (b)(1) of this Section) and it exhibits one or more of the characteristics identified in Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 or is listed in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721; and

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NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

- Equipment and devices from which the mercury-containing components have been removed.
- c) Generation of waste mercury-containing equipment.
 - A used mercury-containing equipment becomes a waste on the date it is discarded.
 - Unused mercury-containing equipment becomes a waste on the date the handler decides to discard it.

(Source:	Amended at 40 Ill. Reg. —	, effective	

SUBPART C: STANDARDS FOR LARGE QUANTITY HANDLERS

Section 733.132 Notification

- a) Written notification of universal waste management.
 - 1) Except as provided in subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3) of this Section, a large quantity handler of universal waste must have sent written notification of universal waste management to the Agency, and received a USEPA Identification Number, before meeting or exceeding the 5,000 kilogram storage limit.
 - A large quantity handler of universal waste that has already notified USEPA or and or the Agency of its hazardous waste management activities and whichthat has received a USEPA Identification Number is not required to renotify pursuant to this Section.
 - A large quantity handler of universal waste that manages recalled universal waste pesticides, as described in Section 733.103(a)(1), and that has sent notification to USEPA or and or the Agency, as required by federal 40 CFR 165, is not required to notify for those recalled universal waste pesticides pursuant to this Section.
- b) This notification must include the following:

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NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

- 1) The universal waste handler s name and mailing address;
- The name and business telephone number of the person at the universal waste handler2's site who should be contacted regarding universal waste management activities;
- The address or physical location of the universal waste management activities;
- 4) A list of all of the types of universal waste managed by the handler (e.g., batteries, pesticides, mercury-containing equipment, or lamps); and
- 5) A statement indicating that the handler is accumulating more than 5,000 kilograms of universal waste at one time.

BOARD NOTE: At 60 Fed. Reg. 25520-21 (May 11, 1995), USEPA explained that the generator or consolidation point may use USEPA Form 8700-12 for notification of the Agency. (ToObtainTo obtain Obtain USEPA Form 8700-12 from call from the Agency at 217-782-6761.) The generator or consolidation point must send a copy of the notification tenotify the Agency and USEPA Region 5, whether5 either by submitting USEPA Form 8700-12 is used or by some other means for the required notification. USEPA further explained that it is not necessary for the handler to aggregate the amounts of waste at multiple non-contiguous sites for the purposes of the 5,000 kilogram determination.

(Source:	Amended at 40 Ill. Reg.	—, effective)
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Document comparison by Workshare Compare on Monday, March 14, 2016 11:49:57 AM

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Description	35-733-Corrected Agency Proposed-(issue 12)		
Document 2 ID	file://I:\Input\Agency Rulemakings - Files Received\2016\Mar2016\35-733-r01(issue 12).docx		
Description	35-733-r01(issue 12)		
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Format changed		0		
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